BECHELOR OF ARTS EXAMINATION, 2019

(2nd Year, 2nd Semester)

Economics (Honours)

GENERAL EQUILIBRIUM THEORY

Skill Enhancement Course 2 (SE 2)

Time: Two hours Full Marks: 30

Answer any three of the followings.

- 1. a) (i) Robinson Crusoe is endowed with 24 hours of time. He can either spend this time gathering coconuts (C), catching fishes (F) or enjoying leisure time(L). He can catch 1 fish per hour and he can gather 2 coconuts per hour. What is Robinson's production possibility frontier?
- (ii) Robinson's utility function is given by U(L, F, C) = L(1+FC). How will he allocate his time between labour and leisure? What is his optimal choice of fish consumption and coconut consumption?
- b) Define Scitovsky Social Indifference curve (SSIC). How do we construct SSIC? Illustrate with figure. 5+5
 - 2. a) State and prove Stolper Samuelson theorem when there are two factors and production function is subject to fixed coefficient production technology.
- b) Show that neither majority voting rule nor rank order voting rule can satisfy five most reasonable requirements of one social preference relation laid down by Arrow. 4+6
 - 3. a) In a two person two good pure exchange economy give an example
 - i) where General/Walrasian equilibrium does not exist and
 - ii) where the General/Walrasian equilibrium is not Preto optimal.
 - b) Discuss how without any government intervention, private deals among different parties concerned can lead to socially optimal output even in the presence of externalities. 2+3+5

[Turn over

- 4. Write short note on any two of the followings: 5+5
 - a) Second fundamental theorem of Welfare Economics
 - b) Hicks-Kaldor Compensation Principle
 - c) Offer curves and stability of competitive allocation