(6)

M.E. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2019

POWER ELECTRONICS APPLICATION IN EHV TRANSMISSION

Time: Three hours Past-I Answer any two questions. Figures in the margin indicate full marks		
Explain the following terms and their importance in the context EHV power transmission system. (i) load angle control (ii) series compensation.	(5+5)	
Derive the expressions for active and reactive power both at sending end and receiving end of a lossless transmission line in terms of midpoint voltage and load angle. Discuss how power transferred through transmission line can be controlled by midpoint voltage compensation.	(6+4)	
What do you understand by the terms 'transient stability' and 'dynamic stability'?	(5)	
What is SVS? How a SVS can be configured as a SSSC? What is IPFC?	(9)	
Derive the expressions for real and reactive power injected by the series converter of the UPFC connected between two buses of a power system.		
Distinguish between SVC and STATCOM.	(4)	
What do you understand by the terms 'FACTS' and 'FACTS controller'? Mention the importance of FACTS devices in power system operation and control.	(5)	
With a schematic diagram describe the principle of operation of SVC. Explain why there is a firing angle limit in SVC operation.	(8)	
Draw an equivalent circuit of a STATCOM and justify it. Derive the expressions for real and reactive power injected by a STATCOM connected to a power system bus.		
Discuss the operating principle of a mechanically operated conventional phase shifter.	(6)	
'A HVDC link connected between bus i and j of a N-bus EHV AC power transmission system where the rectifier is on CIA control and the inverter is on CC control mode of operation'. – Explain the statement mentioning prevailing operating condition of the HVDC link. Write an algorithm along with relevant equations to perform load flow analysis of this power system. State the assumptions made.	(3+10)	
	Answer any two questions. Figures in the margin indicate full marks Explain the following terms and their importance in the context EHV power transmission system. (i) load angle control (ii) series compensation. Derive the expressions for active and reactive power both at sending end and receiving end of a lossless transmission line in terms of midpoint voltage and load angle. Discuss how power transferred through transmission line can be controlled by midpoint voltage compensation. What do you understand by the terms 'transient stability' and 'dynamic stability'? What is SVS? How a SVS can be configured as a SSSC? What is IPFC? Derive the expressions for real and reactive power injected by the series converter of the UPFC connected between two buses of a power system. Distinguish between SVC and STATCOM. What do you understand by the terms 'FACTS' and 'FACTS controller'? Mention the importance of FACTS devices in power system operation and control. With a schematic diagram describe the principle of operation of SVC. Explain why there is a firing angle limit in SVC operation. Draw an equivalent circuit of a STATCOM and justify it. Derive the expressions for real and reactive power injected by a STATCOM connected to a power system bus. Discuss the operating principle of a mechanically operated conventional phase shifter. 'A HVDC link connected between bus i and j of a N-bus EHV AC power transmission system where the rectifier is on CIA control and the inverter is on CC control mode of operation'. – Explain the statement mentioning prevailing operating condition of the HVDC link. Write an algorithm along with relevant equations to perform load flow analysis of this	

Discuss about TCSC and its application in power system.

(c)

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POWER ELECTRONICS APPLICATIONS IN EHV TRANSMISSION

Time: Three hours		Full marks: 100
	(50 marks for each part)	
	Use a separate answer script for each part	

PART - II

Group A

Answer any one question from this group:

- 1. a) Explain with suitable diagram the ideal steady state V-I characteristic of an HVDC transmission link. Also draw the equivalent circuit and write the necessary equations.
- b) Explain with relevant diagrams how the mode of operation of rectifier and inverter are reversed when rectifier voltage is reduced due to a nearby fault.
- 2. a) Derive necessary equations to show the relationship between ac and dc voltages and currents in a converter.
- b) Explain the changes in the relations between ac and dc quantities in converter with N number of bridges in series and transformer ratio T.

Group B

Answer any three questions from this group:

3. The harmonic components of primary and secondary currents expressed as a percentage of the fundamental current is given below:

h 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 25 I_h 15 13 9 7 5 4 2 1

Discuss how the transformer can be operated in this harmonic environment.

- 4. Discuss with necessary equations the effect of harmonics on the core loss of a rotating machine.
- 5. a) Explain how the relay operation gets affected by the presence of harmonics.
- b) Discuss the effect of harmonics on the reactive power in a pure inductance and capacitance. 5
- 6. Determine the Fourier series coefficients of the following waveform and calculate the rms value and total harmonic distortion of the waveform.

