- b) Derive the inverse labour supply functon in the case of imperfect monitoring. Explain it. 8
- 3. a) Write down the aggregate demand function of the neoclassical theory of trade cycles and explain it. 3
 - b) Write down the aggregate supply function of the neoclassical theory of trade cycles. Present it in a diagram and explain it.
 - c) In the neoclassical theory of trade cycles, how do the people form their expectation regarding P? Explain.

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MASTER OF ARTS EXAMINATION, 2024

(1st Year, 1st Semester)

ECONOMICS

[Macroeconomics I]

Time: Two Hours Full Marks: 30

Answer *any two* from the following questions :

1. a) Consider Mankiw's model of menu cost. The utility function of the representative household is given by

$$U = \frac{1}{1 - \phi} \sum_{i=1}^{N} q_i^{(1 - \phi)} + \phi \log M - L$$
. Derive the demand functions for q_i and M.

- b) Suppose the production function of the i^{th} monopolist is given by $q_i = L_i$. Derive the optimum values of q_i and (P_i/W) . Specify the equilibrium condition of the money market and derive the equilibrium value of W.
- c) Is money neutral in this model in the absence of menu cost?
- a) Consider the Shapiro-Stiglitz model. Derive the labour demand function. Show the equilibrium in the case of perfect monitoring in a diagram and explain it. How will this equilibrium be affected if the number of firms increases?