

M. E. ELECTRONICS & TELE-COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING 1ST YEAR 1ST SEMESTER
EXAMINATION, 2024

Subject: Microwave & Millimeter Wave Devices & Applications

Time: 3.0 Hours

Full Marks: 100

No. of questions	Answer any Four (4) questions from the followings: 4×25	Marks
1.	<p>a) Give the microwave equivalent circuits of BJT. How the cut-off frequency of BJT is determined?</p> <p>b) Explain the current-frequency, power-frequency and gain-frequency limitations of a high frequency Bipolar Junction Transistor.</p> <p>c) Mention some of the applications of a microwave Bipolar Transistors.</p> <p>c) A Si microwave transistor has reactance of 1 ohm, transit time cut-off frequency of 4 GHz, maximum E field 1.6×10^5 V/m and saturation drift velocity of 4×10^5 m/s. Determine the maximum allowable power.</p>	(3+3) +10+ 4+5
2.	<p>a) Give the doping profile, typical structure and equivalent circuit for this diode. Mention the applications of Varactor diode.</p> <p>b) Derive the expression for junction capacitance of a Varactor diode when it is reverse biased. Proof that this junction capacitance has the time varying property.</p> <p>c) Explain with suitable circuit diagram how the Varactor diode can be used as a parametric amplifier</p>	8+ (8+3)+6
3.	<p>a) Write down the special feature of the MESFET.</p> <p>b) Give the cross-sectional view and equivalent circuit of a MESFET.</p> <p>c) Explain the pinch-off phenomena of this device.</p> <p>d) A typical n-channel GaAs MESFET has the parameters as $N_d = 7 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, $a = 0.12 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$, $\epsilon_r = 13.25$, $L = 15 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$, $Z = 40 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$, $\mu = 0.08 \text{ m}^2/\text{V.s} = 800 \text{ cm}^2/\text{V.s}$, $V_d = 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_g = -2 \text{ V}$ and $v_s = 2.1 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}$. Calculate the (i) Pinch-off voltage, (ii) velocity ratio, (iii) saturation current at $V_g = 0$ and (iv) drain current I_d. Derive the necessary relation you use.</p>	5+5+5+10
4.	<p>a) Give the equivalent circuit of a tunnel diode.</p> <p>b) Draw the characteristic curve of a tunnel diode and explain the nature of</p>	4+6+(5+4)+6

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	<p>this curve with suitable energy band diagram.</p> <p>c) Derive the expression for input impedance and resistive cut-frequency and self resonance frequency of this device.</p> <p>e) How a tunnel diode can be used as a negative resistance oscillator? Explain clearly with suitable circuit diagram.</p>	
5.	<p>a) Give the cross-sectional view, field distribution and doping profile of a read diode.</p> <p>b) Explain how the avalanche multiplication is occurred for this device?</p> <p>c) Derive the expression for input impedance of drift region of this device.</p>	6+7+12
6.	<p>a) Summarized the Ridley, Watkinson and Hilsum theory for two valley model of n-type GaAs.</p> <p>b) Why Si and Ge are not used to fabricate a Gunn diode?</p> <p>c) i) For a GaAs Gunn diode derive the condition for negative resistance. From this condition what are concluded?</p>	8+7+10
7.	<p>a) Give the impurity distribution, space charge density and electric field distribution of a PIN diode.</p> <p>b) What do you meant by conductivity modulation? Why ordinary p-n junction diode does no exhibit this phenomena.</p> <p>c) Give the equivalent circuit of PIN diode under forward and reverse bias condition.</p> <p>d) Derive the expression for impedance of this diode under forward and reverse bias condition.</p> <p>e) How a PIN diode used as a switch? Explain the operation of a switch.</p>	6+(3+2)+4+5+5