## MASTER OF CIVIL ENGINEERING EXAMINATION 2024

(1st Semester)

## SLOPE STABILITY AND EARTH DAMS (SMFE) (Paper III)

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks 100

	ie: inree			U	se a separa						uli Marks 10
Ques	stion No.					r any Fou					Marks
							•	ters, if no			
1	(a)	What is called as slope failure? What are the probable causes of slope failure? How the slope stability 2									
	problems are classified as per classical theory and time dependency?										2+2+2=6
	(b)										
	(0)	normally considered for obtaining the residual strength?  Determine the Factor of Safety (FoS) of infinite slope in sand with angle of shearing resistance φ' a									!
	(c)	surface slope $\beta$ .									
	(d)										
2	(a)	Distinguish between total stress method and effective stress method of slope stability analysis. Indicate the									3+3=6 6+6= <b>12</b>
2	(a)	shear strength parameters required for each type of analysis.									
	(b)					d for slope stability analysis considering all types of forces on					13
	(~)	an elementary slice.									
3	(a)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								10+8= <b>18</b>	
	` '	3.6 t/m², $\phi$ = 11.5° and $\gamma$ = 1.82t/m². Find the factor of safety and estimate the critical height for the slope in this soil, using the following table for stability number.									
		_	φ0	0	5	10	15	20	25	]	
			βο		L						
			90	0.261	0.239	0.218	0.199	0.182	0.166	4	
			75 60	0.219 0.191	0.195 0.162	0.193 0.138	0.152 0.116	0.134 0.097	0.117 0.079	-	
			45	0.170	0.162	0.138	0.116	0.097	0.079	-	
			30	0.176	0.110	0.075	0.046	0.002	0.009		
		* .	15	0.145	0.068	0.023	-	0.020			
	(b)	Draw free body diagram for the elementary slice using Lowe and Karafiath Method (1960), and Spencer Method (1967).									3½x2= <b>7</b>
4		A homogeneous earth dam resting on impervious foundation is 10m high with a free board 2m was									25
		constructed with isotropic soil mass. It has a crest width of 3m, with U/s and D/s side slopes of 3(H):1(V) and									
		2.5 (H):1(V) respectively. Estimate the Factor of Safety in total stress condition, for the slip circle passing									
	through toe, with a radius 1.20 times of the dam height. Provide centre of the slip circle graphica $C_u = 2.0t/m^2$ , $\phi = 5.5^{\circ}$ and $\gamma = 1.78t/m^2$ .								raphically. Assume		
		•		•							
5	(a)	Write and explain the Laplacian equation regarding two-dimensional seepage. What are the assumptions for									2+3 <b>=5</b>
	/6\	developing the 'Laplacian Equation' regarding seepage flow?									01610-40
	<ul> <li>(b) Define 'Isotropic Soil'. Write down the steps and derive the equation for determination of seepage disc through 'Isotropic Soil'; also write down the equation for the same through 'Non-Isotropic Soil'.</li> <li>(c) What is 'Phreatic Line'? Determine the phreatic line, graphically, for the earth dam (details given below</li> </ul>										2+6+2= <b>10</b>
											2+8 <b>=10</b>
	(3)	a horizontal filter of length equal to 25m, provided inward from the downstream toe of the dam, a determine the discharge passing through the dam. The earth dam made of homogeneous and isotropic s									
	which have the following details:  Coefficient of permeability of dam material = 4.5x10-4 cm/sec: Level of top of dam= 200.0m;									,	
	Level of deepest river bed = 173.0m; H.F.L. of reservoir= 198.0m; Width of the top of dam= 4.0								m= 4.0m		
	U/s Slope= 3(H):1(V); D/s Slope= 2(H):1(V)										