## B.E. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 3<sup>rd</sup>YEAR 1<sup>st</sup>SEMESTER EXAM 2024

## MACHINING TECHNOLOGY AND METROLOGY

Time: 3 Hrs. Full Marks: 100

## Answer any five questions from the following

- 1. a) What is rake angle? Draw the different type of rake angle and explain their effect on machining.
  - b) A single point turning tool is designated as:  $0^{\circ}-5^{\circ}-8^{\circ}-10^{\circ}-10^{\circ}-60^{\circ}-0$  mm (ORS). Sketch the views of the tool to show all the relevant features of it.
  - c) What is the difference between machine and machine tool? What are the requirements for machining?
- 2. a) Discuss the working principle of ECM.

b) An alloy contains Ni (72.5%), Cr (19.5%), Fe (5.0%), Ti (0.4%), Si (1.0%), Mn (1.0%) and Cu (0.6%). The related information about the metals is given below:

Metal	Gram atomic weight	Valency of dissolution A LAAIVI Defisity (g/cc)	
Ni	58.71	$\check{2}$	8.90
Cr	51.99	2	7.19
Fe	55.85	2	7.86
Ti	47.90	3	4.51
Si	28.09	4	2.33
Mn	54.94	2 -	7.43
Cu	63.57	1	8.96

Calculate the MRR in cm<sup>3</sup>/min when a current of 1000 A is passed in ECM process. 10+10

- 3. a) Discuss any two tool materials from the following:
  - ceramics i.
  - ii. coated carbides
  - cemented carbides
  - b) Write down important characteristics of tool materials.
  - c) Explain tool life with necessary equations.

10+5+5

8.90

4. a) Write down specifications of a lathe.

> b) Cast iron and mild steel job are to be machined in a lathe by using HSS and cemented carbide tools. The diameter of job varies from 30 mm to 75 mm. Assuming suitable cutting speeds, determine the speeds of a nine speed gear box considering both AP and GP variation of speeds.

> > 5+15

5. a) Derive apron constant expression.

b) Discuss different taper turning methods.

10+10

- 6. a) Explain quick return mechanism of shaper.
  - b) Write down specifications of shaper.

| Turn over

- c) A shaper is operated at 120 cutting strokes per minute and is used to machine a work piece of 250 mm in length and 120 mm wide. Use a feed of 0.6 mm per stroke and a depth of cut of 6 mm. Calculate the total machining time to for machining the component. If the forward stroke is completed in 230°, calculate the percentage of the time when the tool is not contacting the work piece.

  8+6+6
- 7. a) Discuss the difference between up milling and down milling.
  - b) Draw a figure of twist drill geometry.
  - c) Write the specification of a grinding wheel.

8+5+7

- 8. a) Write down the definitions of lay, waviness and roughness.
  - b) Show different types of flat surface and smooth surface.
  - c) Discuss two different wire diameter measurement methods
  - d) Draw and explain pneumatic solex comparator.

3+4+6+7