## Bachelor of Engineering (Mechanical Engineering) -2<sup>nd</sup>Year -2<sup>nd</sup>Semester 2024

## **Manufacturing Processes**

Time: 3 Hrs. Full Marks: 100

Answer any five (5) questions of the following taking at least two (2) from a group.

Use Pencil for drawing works.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer all the parts of a question together.

## **Group A**

- 1. a) Distinguish between shrinkage and double shrinkage allowances in pattern making.
- b) What are the distinguishing features between a casting and a pattern?
- c) What are the specific applications of the following pattern materials: wood, metal and plastics? Also state there advantages and limitations.

6+6+8=20

- 2. a) Discuss about the green sand molding technique of a reversing gear handle of a lathe.
- b) Explain different desirable properties of molding sand in foundry operation. How these properties affect the casting process?
- c) How the grain fineness number is tested in laboratory?

6+10+4=20

- 3. a) A sphere, a cube and a cylinder with a height equal to its diameter have the same volume. Which one should be used as a riser? Justify your answer considering solidification times of each.
- b) Define the terms core, core prints, chaplets and chills (both internal and external). Draw supporting figures in all the cases.

  10+10=20
- 4. a) Discuss, with explanatory diagram, the CO<sub>2</sub> molding process. What are the advantages and limitations of this process?
- b) With explanatory figures discuss, in brief, about the components of an ideal gating system.
- c) What is 'antioch' process?
- d) Mention about some commonly used additives and binders in sand casting.

8+6+3+3=20

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## **Group B**

- 5. a) With explanatory figure discuss about machine forging operation. What is 'pancaking'?
- b) A solid cylindrical slug of 1020 steel is 150 mm in diameter and 100 mm high. The height is reduced to 50% by cold, open die forging operation. Assuming a coefficient of friction of 0.2 calculate the forgoing force needed at the end of stroke. True stress vs. True strain curve is given in Fig.1 (7+3)+10=20
- 6. Write explanatory note on the following (any four):
- a) Preservation of acetylene gas in cylinder
- b) TIG welding
- c) LASER beam welding
- d) Anvil and fuel in Smith's open hearth furnace
- e) Relations of extrusion die angle vs. extrusion force

 $4 \times 5 = 20$ 

- 7. a) How heat is generated in electric resistance welding? With explanatory figures discuss about different types of resistance welding processes.
- b) 'Thermit welding may either be fusion type or pressure assisted'—discuss.

12+8=20

- 8. a) Show that the exit velocity of metal strip is much higher than the entry velocity in case of flat rolling operation.
- b) What is 'Forward slip' and 'No slip point'? With all necessary assumptions and diagram prove that:  $(\Delta h)_{max} = \mu^2 R$
- c) Define the terms: deep drawing operation, reverse redraw, ironing.

6+(2+2+4)+6=20

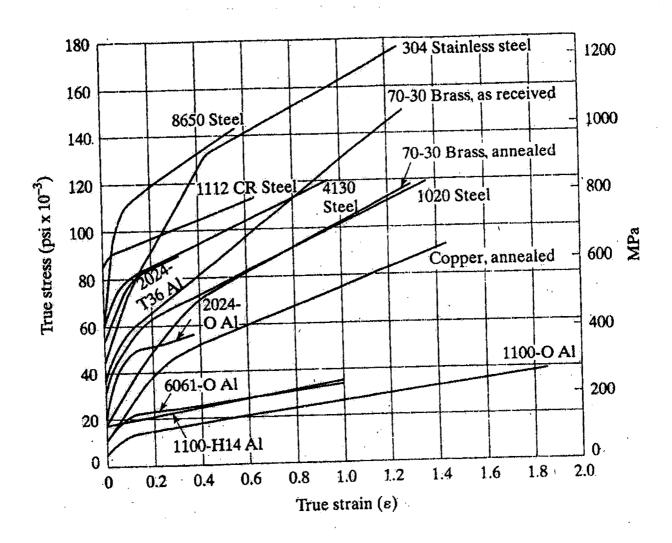


Fig.1. True stress -vs- True strain curve, in connection with question 5(b).