

BME-Second Year, First Semester Examination, 2024

Engineering Dynamics

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3.0 Hours

Answer any Five (5) Questions. All carry equal Marks.

*[Assume any missing data with proper justifications]**Take acceleration due to gravity, $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$*

1. The position vector of a particle moving in the x - y plane is given by $\vec{r} = 20t^2\vec{i} + \frac{20}{3}t^3\vec{j}$ where \vec{r} is in mm and t is in seconds. Calculate the radius of curvature ρ of the path at $t=2\text{s}$.
2. A jet plane flying at a constant velocity v at an altitude of $h=8 \text{ km}$ is tracked by a radar located at O (refer Fig Q2) directly below the line of flight. If the angle θ is decreasing at the rate of 0.025 rad/s when $\theta = 60^\circ$, determine \ddot{r} at this instant and magnitude of the velocity of the plane.

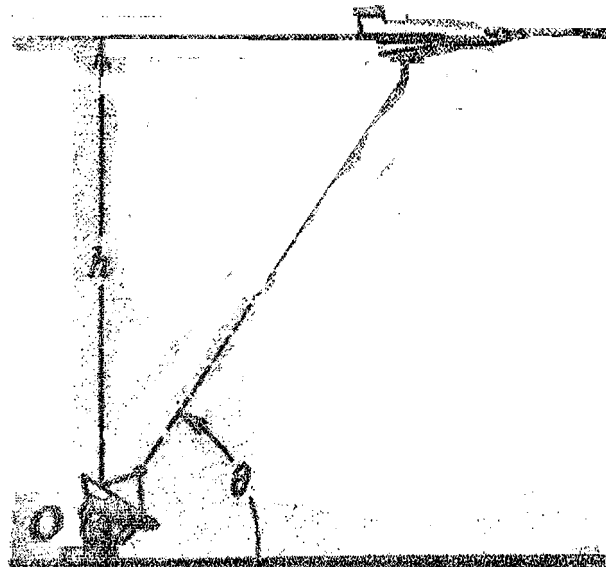
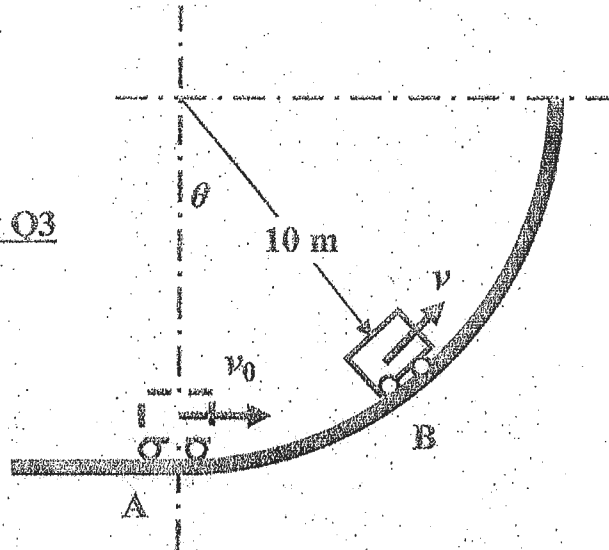


Fig Q2

3. Refer Fig Q3. The small vehicle has a mass of 30 kg and is given an initial velocity $v_0 = 8 \text{ m/s}$ at the bottom of the circular track. Calculate the velocity v of the vehicle and normal reaction R on its wheels as it passes the position at which $\theta = 30^\circ$. Neglect friction. *DO NOT USE ENERGY METHOD*

[Turn over

Fig Q3



4. Refer Fig Q4. The small sphere of mass m is fastened to the end of the rigid rod of negligible mass freely pivoted at O. A horizontal force P , constant in magnitude and direction is applied to the rod initially at rest in the vertical position $\theta = 0$. Calculate the velocity of the sphere when $\theta = 30^\circ$ if $P = 20\text{ N}$, $m = 2\text{ kg}$, $b = 0.6\text{ m}$ and $l = 0.8\text{ m}$. *USE ENERGY METHOD.*

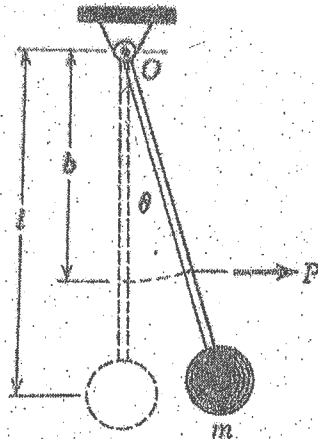


Fig Q4

5. Refer Fig Q5. The wheel rolls without slipping and its position is controlled by the motion of the slider B. If B has a constant velocity of 250 mm/s to the left, determine the angular velocity of AB and velocity of centre O of the wheel when $\theta = 0$.

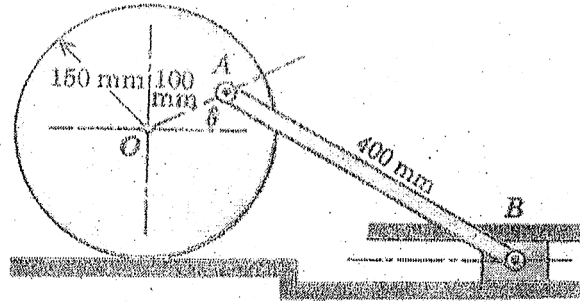


Fig Q5

6. Refer Fig Q6. The coefficient of friction at both ends of the uniform bar is **0.4**. Determine the maximum horizontal acceleration a which the truck may have without causing the bar to slip.

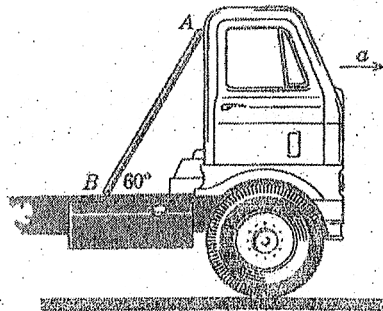


Fig Q6

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