

B. E. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 2ND YEAR 2ND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2024

(Old Syllabus)

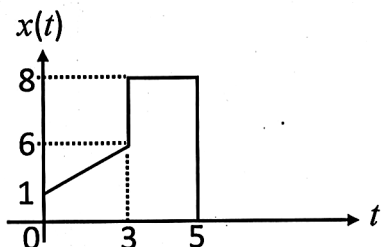
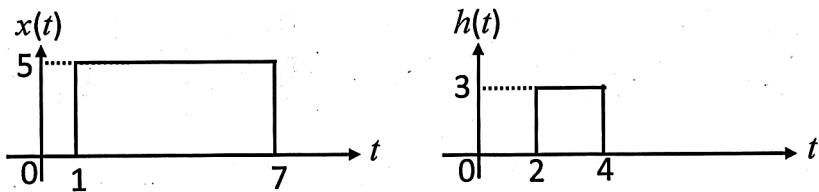
SUBJECT: - SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

Full Marks 100

(50 marks for each part)

Time: Three hours

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

No. of Questions	PART I	Marks
	<u>Answer any Five</u>	
1.	Derive an expression of the Complex form of Fourier series for a periodic signal. Hence, define magnitude spectrum and phase spectrum.	10
2.	Determine the Fourier Transform of (a) $x(t) = e^{-5 t } \cos 100\pi t$ (b) $y(t) = [u(t+3) - u(t-3)]$	5+5
3.	(a) Find graphically the even and odd component of the signal shown in Fig-A.  Fig-A. (b) Express $x(t)$, shown in Fig-A, in terms of singularity functions.	7 3
4.	 Fig-B.	

[Turn over

	Perform graphically the convolution between the signals $x(t)$ and $h(t)$, shown in Fig-B, in time domain. Sketch the resulting signal.	10
5.	(a) Find the energy associated with the signal $x(t)$, shown in Fig-A.	5
	(b) State Parseval's theorem applied to periodic signal. Prove the same.	5
6.	Write short notes on any one : (a) Properties of Impulse function. (b) Frequency response of a second order LTI system.	10
7.	(a) Two signals $x(t)$ and $f(t)$ are related as $f(t) = \frac{1}{3}[x(5t) - 4]$. Express energy of $x(t)$ in terms of the energy of $f(t)$.	6
	(b) Define duty cycle and crest factor of an ac coupled rectangular pulse.	4

B. E. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING 2ND YEAR 2ND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2024**Subject: SIGNALS & SYSTEMS**
(Old Syllabus)**Time: Three Hours****Full Marks: 100****Part II** (50 marks)Question
No.**Question 1 is compulsory**

Marks

Answer Any Two questions from the rest (2×20)Q1 Answer **any Two** of the following:

- (a) Determine if the following system

$$\dot{y}(t) + 4y(t) = 2x(t)$$

5

is (i) time-invariant, (ii) linear, (iii) causal, and/or (iv) memoryless?

- (b) Determine whether the system characterized by the differential equation

$$\ddot{y}(t) - \dot{y}(t) + 2y(t) = x(t)$$
 is stable or not? Assume zero initial conditions.

5

- (c) The unit impulse response of an LTI system is the unit step function
- $u(t)$
- .

Find the response of the system to an excitation $e^{-at}u(t)$.

5

- (d) Determine the analog diagram to implement the following differential equation

$$\dot{x}(t) + 0.1x(t) = 1, \quad x(0) = 0.$$

5

Q2 (a) For a standard 2nd order system derive the expression for unit step response for

(i) un-damped, (ii) critically damped conditions.

4+4

Show the respective pole locations in the s-plane.

- (b) Consider a mechanical system shown in Figure Q2(b).

Assume that the system is linear.

The external force $u(t)$ is the input to the system, and the displacement $y(t)$ of the mass is the output.The displacement $y(t)$ is measured from the equilibrium position in the absence of the external force.

- (a) Derive the transfer function of the system.

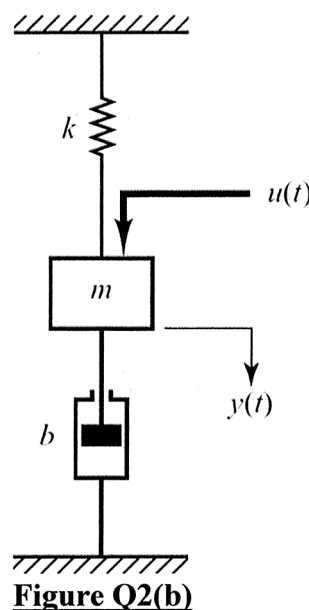
- (b) Obtain the analogous electrical network based on force-voltage analogy

- (c) Develop a State-Space Model of the System.

4

4

4

**Figure Q2(b)**

- Q3 (a) (i) Draw analog simulation diagram for the following system, and,
(ii) obtain magnitude-scaled analog simulation of the system to utilize the full amplifier range of 0 to 10 volts without any overloading. 4+8

$$\ddot{x} + 2\dot{x} + 25x = 500, \quad x(0) = 20, \dot{x}(0) = 0,$$

$$\text{with, } |x|_{\max} = 20, |\dot{x}|_{\max} = 100.$$

- (b) Stating the simplifying assumptions obtain the block diagram of an armature controlled d. c. motor driving a load with viscous friction. 8

- Q4 (a) State and prove the Final Value Theorem for Laplace Transformation. 4

- (b) Solve the following differential equations using the Laplace Transform method

$$\ddot{y} + 9\dot{y} + 20y = x$$

$$\text{with, } x(t) = 2u(t) \text{ (} u(t): \text{unit step), } y(0) = 1, \dot{y}(0) = -2$$

- (c) Given the following system:

$$G(s) = \frac{10}{s^2 + 10s + 100}$$

- (i) Plot the pole locations and find the corresponding values of ζ and ω_n . 4

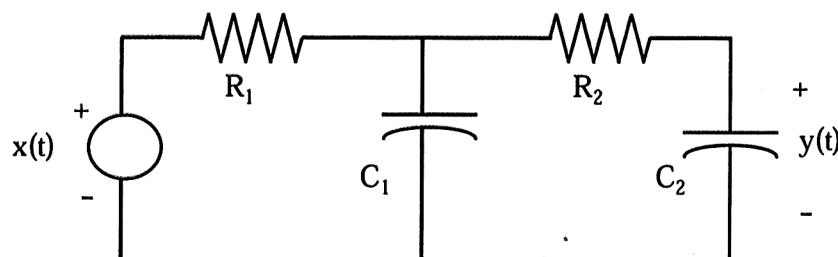
- (ii) Draw the nature of the unit step response and indicate the following indices:

Rise Time, Peak-Time, Peak Overshoot and Steady-State Value. 4

- Q5 (a) Define state and output equations for an LTI system. 4

Draw the block diagram representation of the state and the output equations. 4

- (b) Find the transfer function, $Y(s)/X(s)$, for the circuit shown in Figure Q5(b).
Calculate the values of ξ and ω_n for $C_1=C_2=100\mu\text{F}$, $R_1=R_2=2000\Omega$.



8+4

Figure Q5(b)