

B.E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER – 2024**Subject:** Optimization Techniques**Time:** Three hours**Full marks:**100**Answer the questions Group wise****:Group1 (CO1): Answer any one question**

1.
 - a. What is the meant by feasible solution of a Linear Programming Problem (LPP)? What are the major assumptions and limitations of LPP? 5
 - b. What is an infeasible solution, and how does it occur? How is this condition recognized in graphical method? 5
 - c. Illustrate the general rules for formulating a dual LP problem from its primal. 5
 - d. What is the transshipment problem? Explain how it can be formulated and solved as a transportation problem. 5
2.
 - a. What are the significance of necessary and sufficient conditions for Non-linear programming? Explain the first and second order necessary and sufficient conditions of Lagrangian function for solving equality & inequality constraint NLP problems with appropriate example. 10

OR

Develop the algorithm of Revise simplex method with proper algebraic notation.

- b. Analyze the sensitivity of the following problem after solving by Dual simplex method 10

$$\begin{aligned} \text{minimize } Z &= 2x_1 + x_2 \\ \text{s.t. } 3x_1 + x_2 &\geq 3 \\ 4x_1 + 3x_2 &\geq 6 \\ x_1 + 2x_2 &\geq 3 \\ x_1, x_2 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Group2(CO2): Answer any two questions

3.
 - a. What is the significance of sensitivity analysis? How is it related with duality? 5
 - b. Solve the following LPP by computing all the basic solutions 10

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } Z &= 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 + 7x_4 \\ \text{s.t. } 2x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 + 4x_4 &= 8 \\ x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 - 7x_4 &= -3 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$
4.
 - a. Compare the similarities and dissimilarities between gradient and conjugate gradient methods. 5
When will you use conjugate gradient method over gradient method and why?

[Turn over

- b. Solve the following non-linear programming problem using the Langrange multiplier method. 10

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } Z &= 2x_1^2 - 24x_1 + 2x_2^2 - 8x_2 + 2x_3^2 - 12x_3 + 20 \\ \text{s.t. } x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 1 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

5. a. Identify the initial basic feasible solution using Vogel approximation method of the following transportation problem: 15

	Warehouse				
Factory	W1	W2	W3	W4	Factory Capacity
F1	19	30	50	10	7
F2	70	30	40	60	9
F3	40	8	70	20	18
Warehouse Requirement	5	8	7	14	34

Then solve it using the MODI method.

6. a. What do you mean by positive definite and negative definite matrix? How are they related to optimization problems? 5

- b. Solve the following problem using Steepest Descent method. 10
Minimize, $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1^2 + x_1(1 - x_2) + x_2^2 - x_2 \times x_3 + x_3^2 + x_3$

Group 3 (CO3): Answer all question

7. a. Proof the following proposition: 5
A linear function $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is both convex and concave.
- b. Classify whether the function $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 - 2x_1x_2$ is convex or not? 10

Group 4 (CO4): Answer any one question.

8. a. What is Saddle point in game theory? Is it necessary that a game always poses a saddle point ?-justify. 5
- b. Explain the “Best strategy” on the minimax criterion of optimality in game theory with appropriate example. 5
- c. Solve the game whose payoff matrix is given below. 10

		Player B		
		B1	B2	B3
Player A	A1	1	-1	3
	A2	3	5	-3
	A3	6	2	-2

- a. What is the necessity of Dynamic programming problem? 4
- b. Summarize the different steps of Dynamic programming problem in your own words. 4
- c. A student has to take examination in three courses x, y, z. He has three days available for study. He feels it would be best to devote a whole day to study same, so that he may study a course for one day, two day or three days or not at all. He estimates of grades he may get by studying are as follows. 12

Study days/course	x	y	z
0	1	2	1
1	2	2	2
2	2	4	4
3	4	5	4

How should he plan to study so that he maximizes the sum of his grades?

Group 5 (CO5): Answer all question

- a. What is Ideal objective vector? Demonstrate the physical Interpretation of it. How is it different from Utopian objective vector? 2+3+2
- b. Describe the principle of weighted Sum method to solve multi-objective optimization problem along with the difficulties associated with it. 4+4
Summarize the different steps of *Ideal Multi-objective Optimization Problem* using appropriate flow chart.