

**B.E. COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**  
**SECOND YEAR, FIRST SEMESTER**  
**SUPPLEMENTARY EXAM 2024**

**Subject: Digital Logic and Circuits**

**Time : Three hours**

**Full Marks: 100**

CO-1 (20 marks)	<p>1. Convert the following decimal numbers to their binary forms and find the results of the subtraction using 2's complement. Express the results in their decimal equivalent.            (i) <math>100 - 53</math>                      (ii) <math>25 - 54</math></p> <p>2. Determine the odd parity bits generated for the messages consisting of BCD equivalents of the numbers from 75 to 80.</p> <p>3. Define the Hamming distance between two coded words. Find the hamming distances between each pair of the following codes: 11010111, 11000111, 00011110, 00110011. What is the minimum hamming distance?</p> <p>4. Convert <math>(225.25)_{10}</math> to binary, octal and hexadecimal.</p> <p align="right">[4+6+4+6=20]</p>
CO-2 (30 marks)	<p>Answer any 3 questions:</p> <p>5. (a) Minimize the following Boolean function using Karnaugh Map  <math>F(A, B, C, D) = \sum (0,1,2,7,13,14) + d (3,5,10,15)</math>            (b) Express the minimized Boolean function in Sum-of-Product form and Product-of Sum form  <p align="right">[6+4=10]</p></p> <p>6. (a) Plot the logical expression <math>ABCD + AB'C'D' + AB'C + AB</math> on a 4 variable K-map, obtain the simplified expression from the map.            (b) Implement the simplified expression using only AND and NOT gates.  <p align="right">[5+5=10]</p></p> <p>7. Find the minimal sum of products for the Boolean expression using the Quine- McCluskey method.            i) <math>\sum m (0,2,8,12,13)</math>            ii) <math>\sum m (1,3,7,11,15) + \sum d (0,2,5)</math>  <p align="right">[5+5=10]</p></p> <p>8. (a) Reduce the following Boolean expression to four literals:  <math>BC + AC' + AB + BCD</math>            (b) Implement the expression using 2-input NAND gates.            (c) Convert the following to the other canonical form  <math>F(A,B,C) = \Pi (1,3,7)</math>  <p align="right">[4+3+3=10]</p></p>
CO-3 (40 marks)	<p>Answer any two questions from this group.</p> <p>9. (a) Explain the functioning of a multiplexer and a demultiplexer.            (b) Construct a <math>8 \times 1</math> multiplexer using 2 number of <math>4 \times 1</math> multiplexer and any additional logic gates (if required).            (c) Using a decoder and external gates, design the combinational circuit defined by the following Boolean functions: (i) <math>F1 = x'y'z' + xz</math>                      (ii) <math>F2 = xy'z' + x'y</math>            (d) What is a ripple counter? Draw the circuit and the timing diagram of a 4-bit +ve edge triggered ripple counter.  <p align="right">[4+4+4+8=20]</p></p> <p>10. (a) Write the Boolean expressions for a binary full adder. Draw a full adder circuit using AND, OR and NOT gates.            (b) What is a synchronous counter? Draw the circuit and the timing diagram of a 4-bit -ve edge triggered synchronous counter.            (c) Using D Flip-flops, provide the design of a Parallel In/Serial Out Shift Registers  <p align="right">[7+8+5=20]</p></p>

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	<p>11. (a) Show the logic diagram of an SR latch. Show the changes in the output signals for the following changes in inputs: Initially, R=1 and S=0; then R=0 and S=0; R=0 and S=1; R=1 and S=1; and finally R=0 and S=0. (b) What is a Master-Slave J-K flipflop? (c) Design a synchronous counter for a sequence <math>0 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 0</math>. Use JK Flip-flop for the circuit. 6+4+10=20</p>
CO-4 & 5 (10 marks)	<p>Answer any one questions:</p> <p>12. a. Draw the functional diagram of monostable multivibrator using IC 555 timer and explain their operation. b. Draw and explain the operation of 4 bit successive approximation analog to digital converter. [5+5=10]</p> <p>13. With a neat diagram explain a Binary weighted resistor (1010) configuration for digital to analog conversion. b. Using ECL implement <math>Y = (A+B)'</math> and explain it. [5+5=10]</p>