

B.E. CIVIL ENGINEERING SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAM 2024**SUBJECT: SURVEYING I****Time : Three Hours****Full Marks : 100****Use Separate Answer scripts for each Part****Part - I (Marks : 50)**

Sl. No.	Question	CO	Marks																					
1	<p>The angles at the stations of a closed traverse ABCDEFA were observed as given below:</p> <table><tr><th>Internal Angle</th><th>Lengths (m)</th><th>Whole Circle Bearing</th></tr><tr><td>$\angle A = 130^{\circ}18'45''$</td><td>AB = 17.098</td><td>AF = $136^{\circ}25'12''$</td></tr><tr><td>$\angle B = 110^{\circ}18'23''$</td><td>BC = 102.925</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>$\angle C = 99^{\circ}32'35''$</td><td>CD = 92.782</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>$\angle D = 116^{\circ}18'02''$</td><td>DE = 33.866</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>$\angle E = 119^{\circ}46'07''$</td><td>EF = 63.719</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>$\angle F = 143^{\circ}46'20''$</td><td>FA = 79.087</td><td></td></tr></table> <p>(a) Adjust the angular error in the observations, if any. (b) Calculate the bearings of the traverse lines in the following systems: i) Whole circle bearing in the sexagesimal system & ii) Quadrantal bearing in the sexagesimal system. (c) Calculate latitudes, departures, and closing error for the above-mentioned traverse, and adjust using transit rule.</p>	Internal Angle	Lengths (m)	Whole Circle Bearing	$\angle A = 130^{\circ}18'45''$	AB = 17.098	AF = $136^{\circ}25'12''$	$\angle B = 110^{\circ}18'23''$	BC = 102.925		$\angle C = 99^{\circ}32'35''$	CD = 92.782		$\angle D = 116^{\circ}18'02''$	DE = 33.866		$\angle E = 119^{\circ}46'07''$	EF = 63.719		$\angle F = 143^{\circ}46'20''$	FA = 79.087		[CO6]	[3+(2+2) +(3+3+4)] = 17
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2	An embankment of 10 m wide with a side slope of 2:1. Assuming the ground to be level in a direction transverse to the center line, calculate the volume in cubic meter, contained in a length of 300m. The central heights at every 50m intervals are 1, 1.5, 1.33, 1.67, 2.00, 1.20, 0.5m.	[CO4]	[5]																					
3	Write down the characteristics of contours.	[CO2]	[5]																					
4	State the fundamental lines of a theodolite. State the direct relationship between them.	[CO1]	[3]																					
5	<p>A closed traverse was conducted round an obstacle and the following observations were made. Work out the missing quantities:</p> <table><tr><th>Side</th><th>Length (m)</th><th>Azimuth</th></tr><tr><td>AB</td><td>160</td><td>Missing</td></tr><tr><td>BC</td><td>250</td><td>$102^{\circ}36'$</td></tr><tr><td>CD</td><td>125</td><td>Missing</td></tr><tr><td>DE</td><td>300</td><td>$270^{\circ}00'$</td></tr></table>	Side	Length (m)	Azimuth	AB	160	Missing	BC	250	$102^{\circ}36'$	CD	125	Missing	DE	300	$270^{\circ}00'$	[CO3]	[9]						
Side	Length (m)	Azimuth																						
AB	160	Missing																						
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[Turn over

6	The horizontal angle subtended at a theodolite by a subtense bar with vanes 2.5 m apart is $10'30''$. (a) Calculate the horizontal distance between the instrument and the bar. (b) Also find the error of horizontal distance if the bar was 3° from being normal to the line joining the instrument and bar stations.	[CO2]	[5]
7	The vertical angles to vanes fixed at 1 m and 3 m above the foot of the staff held vertically at a station A were $+4^\circ30'$ and $+7^\circ58'$ respectively. Find the horizontal distance and the reduced level of A if the height of the instrument, determined from observation on to a bench mark is 438.556 metres above datum.	[CO2]	[6]

B.E. CIVIL ENGINEERING SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAM 2024**SUBJECT: SURVEYING I****Time : Three Hours****Full Marks : 100****Use a separate Answer-Script for each part****Part - II (Marks : 50)**

No.	Answer all the questions.	Marks																																
1 (a)	A 30m long tape was standardized at 25°C and under a pull of 110N. A horizontal distance was measured with a pull of 120N applied to the tape at a temperature of 35°C. The tape was supported at the ends. Find the measured horizontal distance. Given, the cross-sectional area of the tape=6mm ² ; total weight of the tape=10.5N; α for steel=12x10 ⁻⁶ /°C; E for steel= 2.1x10 ⁵ N/mm ² .	[10]																																
(b)	Explain the two principles of Surveying with neat sketches. [CO1]	[6]																																
2 (a)	The bearings of a closed traverse are given. Check whether the bearings are correct. If not, correct the bearings by <i>Method of internal angles</i> .	[10]																																
	<table><tr><th>Line</th><th>AB</th><th>BC</th><th>CD</th><th>DA</th></tr><tr><td>FB</td><td>74° 15'</td><td>107° 15'</td><td>224° 45'</td><td>307° 45'</td></tr><tr><td>BB</td><td>256° 00'</td><td>286° 15'</td><td>44° 45'</td><td>127° 00'</td></tr></table>	Line	AB	BC	CD	DA	FB	74° 15'	107° 15'	224° 45'	307° 45'	BB	256° 00'	286° 15'	44° 45'	127° 00'																		
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(b)	Explain <i>Local Attraction</i> in details.	[4]																																
(c)	Explain the two types of <i>Traverse</i> with a neat sketch. [CO2]	[4]																																
3 (a)	Readings taken in order during a levelling work are given below. Find the RL of all points by <i>Height of Instrument Method</i> assuming the RL of the Benchmark to be 100 m.	[10]																																
	<table><tr><th>Staff Station</th><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th><th>D</th><th>E</th><th>F</th><th>G</th></tr><tr><td>BS</td><td>0.535</td><td></td><td>1.268</td><td></td><td></td><td>2.035</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>IS</td><td></td><td>0.924</td><td></td><td>1.745</td><td>0.848</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>FS</td><td></td><td></td><td>1.001</td><td></td><td></td><td>2.223</td><td>1.376</td></tr></table>	Staff Station	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	BS	0.535		1.268			2.035		IS		0.924		1.745	0.848			FS			1.001			2.223	1.376	
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(b)	With a neat sketch describe the <i>Method of Traversing</i> in plane table surveying. [CO3]	[6]																																