Determine which states are recurrent and which are transient.

- 10. a) If A and B are two independent events in a random experiment then show that following are independent.
 - i) A^{C} and B,
 - ii) A^{C} and B^{C} .
 - b) A card is drawn from a full pack and replaced 260 times. Find the probability of obtaining queen of hearts 4 times.
- 11. A point P is taken at random on a line segment AB of length 2a. Find the probability that the area of the rectangle consisting of the sides AP and PB will exceed $\frac{1}{2}a^2$.
- 12. a) Write down Chapman Kolmogorov equation. Hence derive its Forward and Backward equation.
 - b) Find mean and variance of the Binomial (n, p) distribution where n and p respectively denote the number of trials and probability of success.

Ex/ET/MATH/T/123/2019 (Old)

B. E. ELECTRONICS TELE-COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING EXAMINATION, 2019

(1st Year, 2nd Semester, Old)

Mathematics - IIIG

Time: Three hours

Full Marks: 100

(50 marks for each Part)

Use separate Answer - script for each Part Unexplained Notations & Symbols have their usual meanings.

PART - I

Answer any five questions

 $10 \times 5 = 50$

- 1. a) List all the elements of the group $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_3$ and find their order
 - b) Prove that S₃ is not a cyclic group.
 - c) Explain that $2\mathbb{Z} \cup 3\mathbb{Z}$ is not a subgroup of the group $(\mathbb{Z},+)$.
- 2. a) Prove that $P = \{2, 3, 4, ..., 10\}$ with divisibility relation is a poset. Draw its Hasse diagram. Explain that this poset is not a lattice.
 - b) Prove that intersection of two subgroups of a group is a subgroup.
- 3. a) Define two different norms on the vector space \mathbb{R}^2 .
 - b) Give an example (with proper explanation) of a field with 4 elements.

[Turn over

[3]

- 4. a) Give an example (with proper explanation) of a noncyclic abelian group.
 - b) Give an example (with proper explanation) of an infinite group such that each subgroup has finite number of cosets.
- 5. a) Let X be a nonempty set and P(X) be its power set. Prove that (P(X), +, .) is a Boolean only where '+' is symmetric difference and '.' is intersection.
 - b) Find the projection of $(a, b, c) \in \mathbb{R}^3$ onto the subspace spanned by $\{(1, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0)\}$
 - c) Define a Boolean Algebra and give an example.
- 6. a) Draw the Hasse diagram of the subgroup lattice of the group $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$. Explain that it is a nondistributive lattice. Also explain that it is a modular lattice.
 - b) List all the proper subgroups of the group S₃. Identify which of these are normal.

PART - II

Answer any five questions

 $10 \times 5 = 50$

- 7. A die is tossed thrice. A success is getting 1 or 6 on a toss. Find the distribution of the number of success. Also find the mean and the variance of the number of success.
- 8. There are three identical urns containing white and black balls. The first urn contains 2 white and 3 black balls, the second urn 3 white and 5 black balls, and the third urn 5 white and 2 black balls. An urn is chosen at random and a ball is drawn from it. If the ball drawn is white, what is the probability that the second urn is chosen?
- 9. Define Markov chain. Consider a Markov chain having the transition matrix

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{5} & \frac{2}{5} & \frac{1}{5} & 0 & \frac{1}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & \frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

[Turn over