

**BACHELOR OF CIVIL ENGINEERING EXAMINATION, 2019
(1st Year, 1st Semester, Old Syllabus)**

Mathematics - I C

Time : Three hour

Full Marks : 100

Answer any *five* questions.

1. (a) State Leibnitz theorem. Using this theorem find y_n where $y = e^x \log x$. 5
- (b) If $y = \cos(m \sin^{-1}x)$, then prove that $(1-x^2)y_{n+2} - (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (m^2-n^2)y_n = 0$. Find y_n at $x = 0$. 10
- (c) Find y_n where $y = \sin 3x \cos 2x$. 5

2. (a) State and prove Rolle's theorem. Verify Rolle's theorem for the function $f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6$ in $[1,3]$. 2+5+5
- (b) Examine the validity of Lagrange's Mean-Value theorem for $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 2$ in $[1,2]$. 5

(Turn over)

(2)

(c) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(1-x^2)}{\log \cos x} \quad 3$$

3. (a) Using Maclaurin's theorem, expand $f(x) = \sin x$ in a series in powers of x with remainder in Lagrange's form. 10

(b) Find the maximum and minimum values of $f(x) = 2x^3 - 21x^2 + 36x - 20$. 6

(c) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ from the following relation :

$$e^{xy} - x^2 + y^3 = 0. \quad 4$$

4. (a) Find the limit :

$$\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 1 \\ y \rightarrow 2}} \frac{3x^2y}{2x^2 + 2y^2 + 1} \quad 3$$

(b) Discuss the continuity of the function

$$f(x, y) = \frac{xy}{x^2 + y^2}, (x, y) \neq 0 \\ = 0, (x, y) = 0$$

at $(0,0)$. 4

(5)

8. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^{12} \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ using Simpson's rule with $h=2$. 8

(b) Using Trapezoidal rule, evaluate $\int_0^1 \sqrt{x^2+1} dx$, with 5 subintervals, correct upto 3 decimal places. 12

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(Turn over)

(4)

6. (a) Discuss the convergence of

$$\int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1+x} - \frac{1}{e^x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} dx \quad 4$$

(b) Prove that $\frac{\pi^2}{9} < \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} \frac{x}{\sin x} dx < \frac{2\pi^2}{9}$. 4

(c) Express the integral $\int_0^1 x^m (1-x^w)^p dx$ in terms of Gamma functions and evaluate $\int_0^1 x^2 (1-x^2)^4 dx$.

12

7. (a) Find the volume of the solid formed by the rotation of an ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ about the major axis and rotating about ox. 10

(b) Evaluate $\iint_R (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ over R where R is bounded by $y = x^2$, $x = 2$, $y = 1$. 10

(3)

(c) Find f_x and f_y where $f(x, y) = \frac{xy}{y-x}$. 4

(d) If $u = \tan^{-1} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{1+x^2+y^2}}$ show that $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = (1+x^2+y^2)^{-3/2}$. 4

(e) If $z = f(x-ct) + g(x+ct)$ then show that

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2}$$

where c is a constant. 5

5. (a) State and prove Euler's theorem on homogeneous function. 7

(b) If $u = \sin^{-1} \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}$ show that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \tan u$. 5

(c) Find the dimensions of rectangular box without top with a given volume so that the material used is least. 8

(Turn over)