c) What do you mean by denature and renature of DNA? Define melting temperature  $(T_m)$  and how can it be measured? Discuss the effect of (i) ionic strength of the medium and (ii) base composition on the  $T_m$ . 1+1+2

### Ex/CHEM/H/32/XVI/A/77/2018

# FINAL B. Sc. EXAMINATION, 2018

(2nd Semester) CHEMISTRY (HONOURS) PAPER - XVI ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Time : Two hours

Full Marks : 50

Use a separate answerscript for each group.

# **GROUP-A**

 a) Predict and classify (according to Baldwin) the two probable modes of cyclisation in the following amine A. Identify the disfavoured process with proper justification.

3



b) *meso*-3, 4-Dimethyl-1, 5 - hexadiene on heating produces a mixture of isomeric 2, 6 - octadiene containing 99.7% of *cis-trans* isomer and 0.3% of *trans-trans* isomer. Explain the observation.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ 

#### [ Turn over

c) Identify the products **<u>B</u>**, **<u>C</u>**, **<u>D</u>** and **<u>E</u>** of the following reactions with proper mechanistic and stereochemical interpretations on the basis of FMO theory.  $3+2\frac{1}{2}$ 



d) Carry out the retrosynthetic analyses and hence suggest syntheses of the following compounds from readily available starting materials.  $1\frac{1}{2}+2+2\frac{1}{2}$ 



v) Complete the following synthetic sequence with structures of  $\underline{J}$  to  $\underline{L}$ 

D-glyceraldehyde 
$$\xrightarrow{\text{Acetone}} J \xrightarrow{\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHMgCl}} K \xrightarrow{\text{O}_3} L$$

- vi) What is anomeric effect ? Explain with suitable example.
- b) Carry out the following conversion (*any one*) 2×1
  - i) D-Erythrose to the next higher aldose.
  - ii) D-Mannose to the next lower aldose.
- 7. a) Answer the following questions.
  - i) What is coordination polymerization ? Briefly discuss the mechanism of Ziegler-Natta catalysed polymerization.  $1\frac{1}{2}$
  - ii) What do you mean by polydispersity index ? Briefly discuss its physical significance.  $1\frac{1}{2}$
  - b) Write the name of monomer of the following polymers (any two) 1
    - i) Teflon
    - ii) Buna-N-Rubber
    - iii) Viscosreyon

c) Quinoline on treatment with (con.  $HNO_3/con. H_2SO_4/$ 0°C) produces 5-nitro-and 8-nitro-quinolines in the ratio 1 : 1, whereas on reaction with (con.  $HNO_3/Ac_2O/0°C$ ) generates small amount of 3-nitroquinoline as the main product. Account for the formation of product/(s) in each case.

 $\frac{1}{2}$  x2

3. Carry out the following transformations :



4. Depicting the retrosynthetic analysis, outline suitable synthesis of the following compounds (*any two*): 2×2





5. Predict the product/(s) with suitable mechanistic pathway  $1\frac{1}{2}$  x4 (any four) : Me PhCHO Ac<sub>2</sub>O/AcOH a) excess Ne -≡-CN 100<sup>o</sup>C b) Me Me LAH c) OH H MeSOCH2K d) DMSO/70<sup>O</sup>C [ Turn over





### **GROUP - C**

- 6. a) Answer *any four* from the following questions.  $1\frac{1}{2} \times 4$ 
  - i) Aldopentoses are converted to furfural when treated with acid explain mechanistically.
  - ii) How would you prove chemically that fructose has a keto group at C<sub>2</sub> position ?
  - iii) Why does os zone formation stop at  $C_2$  and does not go beyond that when glucose is subjected to os zone formation?
  - iv) Write the structures of all the products (**F** to **I**) with proper stereochemistry in the following synthetic sequence.

Methyl 
$$\alpha$$
 -D-glucopyranoside  $\xrightarrow{\text{Me}_2\text{SO}_4}_{\text{NaOH}}$   $\mathbf{F} \xrightarrow{\text{HCl}} \mathbf{G}$   
 $\downarrow$   $\mathbf{Br}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 $\mathbf{I} \xleftarrow{\text{HNO}_3} \mathbf{H}$ 



# **GROUP - B**

- 2. Answer *any two* questions. 2x2
  - a) Compare or contrast qualitatively the features of dipole moment in pyrrole, furan and thiophene with proper reason.
  - b) With a suitable type of reaction and from the outcome in each case discuss on the relative aromaticity of pyrrole, furan and thiophene.

[ Turn over