

**INTER B.SC. EXAMINATION, 2018**

( 1st Semester )

**CHEMISTRY ( SUBSIDIARY )**

**PAPER - VS**

Time : Two hours

Full Marks : 50

Use a separate answerscript for each group.

**GROUP - A**

1. a) Two reversible Carnot heat engines operate with different source temperatures  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  ( $T_1 > T_2$ ), but the same sink temperature  $T$ . Which one is more efficient and why ?
  - b) An adiabatic process must be isoentropic – justify / criticise.
  - c) Three moles of  $N_2(g)$ , originally at 1 atm pressure are mixed isothermally with 5 moles of  $H_2(g)$ , also at 1 atm pressure to yield a mixture whose total pressure is 1 atm. Assuming the gases to be ideal, calculate i) the total entropy of mixing, and ii) the entropy of mixing per mole of gas. 2+2+3
2. a) Prove that  $\Delta A_T = \Delta G_T$  for an isothermal change of an ideal gas, where  $\Delta A$  and  $\Delta G$  represent the changes in Helmholtz and Gibbs free energy, respectively.

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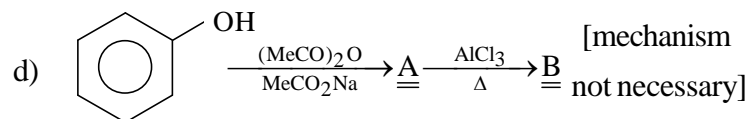
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- b) How does the Gibbs free energy of any pure substance vary with temperature ? 3+2
3. a) What is Trouton's rule ? Under what conditions, is this rule valid ?
- b) Why is the change of boiling point with pressure nearly the same for all liquids of about the same boiling point, but the change of freezing point widely different ?
- c) Define chemical potential. 2+2+1

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- b) i) Explain the non-existence of  $\text{He}_2$  and existence of  $\text{He}_2^+$ . 2
- ii) Why Graphite is conductor and diamond is nonconductor, although chemical analysis shows that they are only C (Carbon) ? 2
- c) Construct Molecular Orbital diagram of CO and explain the coordination of CO through C to Ni(0) in  $[\text{Ni}(\text{CO})_4]$  although O is more electronegative than C. 4
- d) Explain the role of lone electron pair on the structure of molecules. Hence, predict the most stable structure of  $\text{XeF}_2$ ,  $\text{ICl}_2^-$ ,  $\text{SF}_4$ . 4
- e) Using band theory, explain the conductivity, semiconductivity and insulating properties of materials. 4
- f) What is hybridization ? How does hybridization regulate the structure of the molecules ? Explain the acidity order : acetylene > ethylene > ethane. 4

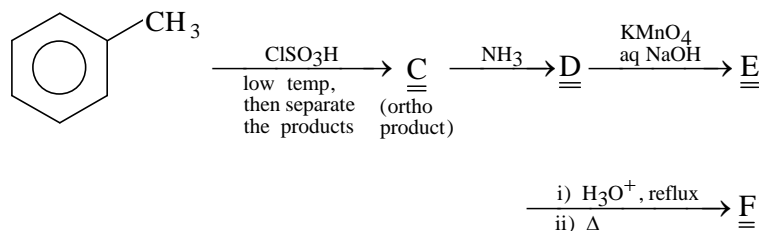
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7. Write short note on **any one** of the following :  $1\frac{1}{2}$

- Reimer-Tiemann reaction.
- Phenol-formaldehyde resin.

8. a) Complete the following sequence of reactions and write the structures C – F  $2$

**GROUP - C**

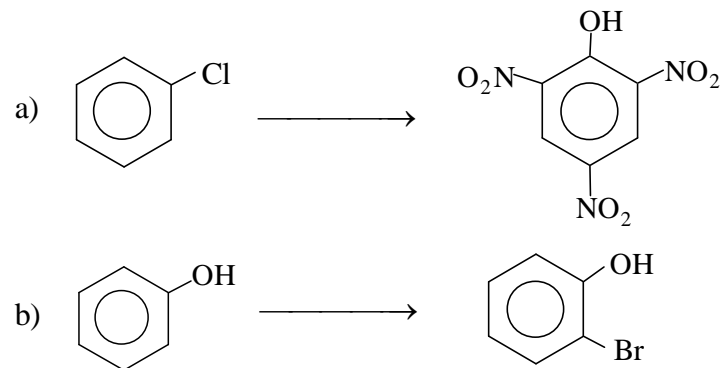
Attempt **any four** Questions.

9. a) Define Molecular Orbital. How it differs from Atomic Orbital ? Using two atomic functions  $\Phi_1$  and  $\Phi_2$  of two H atoms construct MOs of  $H_2$  molecule and determine the electronic configuration of the molecule.  $4$

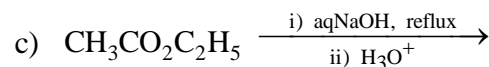
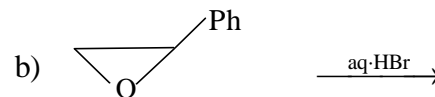
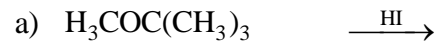
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**GROUP - B**

- Schematically describe one commercial method of preparation of phenol.  $2$
  - Arrange phenol, cyclohexanol and benzoic acid in order of their relative acid strength and account for your answer.  $3$
  - Write one suitable method of preparation of *tert*-butyl acetate.  $1$
- Carry out the following transformation (**any one**) :  $1\frac{1}{2}$



6. Predict the product/(s) with plausible mechanism (**any three**) :  $2 \times 3$



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