

BACHELOR OF INST. & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING EXAMINATION – 2019 (OLD)

(1ST YEAR 1ST SEMESTER)

MATHEMATICS – II

FULL MARKS : 100

TIME : 3 HOURS

ANSWER ANY 10 QUESTIONS:

1. (a) Find $y = x^{2n}$, where n is a positive integer. Show that

$$y_n = 2^n \{1.3.5\dots(2n-1)\}x^n.$$

- (b) If $y = \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$, then show that

$$(x^2 + 1)y_{n+2} - (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + n^2 y_n = 0.$$

4+6

2. (a) In the Mean Value Theorem $f(h) = f(0) + hf'(\theta h)$, $0 < \theta < 1$, if $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$
and $h = 3$, then find the value of θ .

- (b) State Rolle's theorem. Verify Rolle's theorem for the following function

$$f(x) = |x-1| \text{ in } [0,2].$$

5+5

3. (a) Show that $\log(1+x) > x - \frac{1}{2}x^2$, if $x > 0$.

- (b) Expand the function $\sin^3 x$ in power of x in a finite form with Lagrange's form of remainder.

5+5

4. (a) Expand $\cos ax$ in an infinite series in powers of x.

- (b) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$.

5+5

5. (a) Show that $x^2 \log(1/x)$ is a maximum for $x = 1/\sqrt{e}$.

- (b) If $u = e^{xyz}$, then show that $\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x \partial y \partial z} = (1 + 3xyz + x^2 y^2 z^2)e^{xyz}$.

5+5

6. (a) If $u = \cos^{-1}\{(x+y)/(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y})\}$, show that

$$x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{1}{2} \cot u = 0.$$

- (b) Find the maximum and minimum values of $x^2 y^2 - 5x^2 - 8xy - 5y^2$.

5+5

7. (a) If $u = f(y-z, z-x, x-y)$, prove that

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0.$$

(b) If u be a homogeneous function of x and y of degree n prove that

$$\left(x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right)^2 u = n(n-1)u.$$

5+5

8. (a) If $\cos \alpha + \cos \beta + \cos \gamma = 0 = \sin \alpha + \sin \beta + \sin \gamma$, then show that

$$\cos 3\alpha + \cos 3\beta + \cos 3\gamma = 3 \cos(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$$

(b) Expand $\sin 7\theta$ in powers of $\sin \theta$.

5+5

9. (a) If $\tan(\alpha + i\beta) = x + iy$, show that

$$x^2 + y^2 + 2x \cot 2\alpha = 1.$$

(b) Find the general value of i^i .

5+5

10. (a) Show that $\int_{\pi/4}^{3\pi/4} \frac{dx}{1+\cos x} = 2$

(b) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/4} \log(1 + \tan x) dx$

5+5

11. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\tan \theta} d\theta$

(b) Show that $\int_0^1 x^m (1-x)^p dx = \frac{1}{n} B\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, p+1\right)$.

5+5

12. (a) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sqrt{\tan x}}{1+\sqrt{\tan x}} dx$.

(b) Show that $\beta(m+1, n) = \frac{m}{m+n} \beta(m, n)$.

5+5

— X —