

B.CIVIL ENGG. (EVENING). 1st YEAR 2nd SEMESTER EXAM 2018(2ND Semester / Repeat / Supplementary / Annual / Bianaual)

SUBJECT: COMPUTER PROGRAMMING-I

(Name in full)

Time: ~~Two hours~~/~~Three hours~~/~~Four hours~~/~~Six hours~~

Full Marks 100

(50 marks for each part)

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

| No. of question | PART – I | |
|-----------------|--|---|
| 1.(a) | Write the equivalent FORTRAN expression for the following arithmetic statement: $Y = \text{Log}_e(x^{(p+q)^2})$ | 2 |
| (b) | Write the equivalent arithmetic expression for the following FORTRAN statement: $X = a * b / c + d ** k / m + k$ | 2 |
| (c) | Find the value of the following FORTRAN expression using I=2, J=5, K=-2, $m = J ** I / J * K$ | 2 |
| (d) | What will be the value of the variable X, at the end of the following program segment? <pre> X=5.0 DO I=1,7,3 Do J=2,3 X=X+I END DO END DO WRITE (*,*) X END </pre> | 2 |
| (e) | What will be the printed output, at the end of the following program segment? <pre> i= 12 x=-12.2 y= 2.44E-02 WRITE(*,8) i,x,y 8 FORMAT(2X,I8,2X,F8.2,2X,E12.4) END </pre> | 2 |

| No. of Question | | |
|-----------------|--|----------------------------------|
| 2. | <p>Answer any two Questions</p> <p>a) Write step-wise Algorithm and draw the flow chart to find big number from given series of Integer number.</p> <p>b) Distinguish between function subprogram and subroutine subprogram</p> <p>c) Write short notes on different type of do-Loop & Rules to be followed in written do-Loop</p> | 6x |
| 3. | <p>Answer any two Questions.</p> <p>a) i) Write a FORTRAN program to find out roots of given a quadratic equation.</p> <p>ii) i) Write a FORTRAN program, to add two square Matrices [A] and [B], both of size (nxn), and store the result in a separate matrix [C]. Nested do loop use for input and output matrices.</p> <p>b) i) Write a FORTRAN program, to product of two Matrices [A] and [B], both of size (2 x 3) and (3 x 2) respectively and store the result in a separate matrix [C]. Implied do loop use for output matrices and format it.</p> <p>ii) Given four-digit integer number, write a FORTRAN program to print it in reverse and also find sum of the digits</p> <p>c) i) Write a FORTRAN program to find the value of ${}^n C_r$, using function subprogram.</p> <p>ii) Write a FORTRAN program to print ascending order form given input as N number Integer</p> | 14 7 7 7 7 7 7 |

BACHELOR OF CIVIL ENGINEERING (EVENING) EXAMINATION 2018
 (First Year, Second Semester)

SUBJECT : COMPUTER PROGRAMMING - I

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks 100
 (50 marks for each part)

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

| No. of questions | Part II | Marks | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|-------|--------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|--------|
| Answer Question No.1 and any Two from the rest. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Answer any one question | | | | | | | | | | |
| | a) Write a computer program in FORTRAN 77 using False Position method that finds a root of the equation $x^2 + x - 2 = 0$ between 1.50 and 2.00, using tolerance of 0.001. | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| | b) Write a FORTRAN 77 program to estimate a value y at a point x from a given table of values of x and y by using n^{th} order Lagrange interpolation polynomial. | 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | a) Using Newton-Raphson method, using two iterations, determine the roots of the following non-linear simultaneous equations, close approximation to start with $x = 1.00$ and $y = 1.00$ $x^3 - y^2 = -1$ $x^2 - 2x + y^3 = 2$ | 12 | | | | | | | | | |
| | b) Solve the following system of equations by simple Gauss elimination method. $2x - y + z = 9$ $x + 3y + 2z = -1$ $4x + 4y + z = 5$ | 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | a) What is an initial-value problem? How is it different from a boundary value problem? | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | b) State the formula of Euler's method. Illustrate its concept graphically. | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | c) Explain Predictor – Corrector method for solving initial-value problem for the type $\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x,y)$ with initial condition $y = y_i$ at $x = x_i$. | 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| | d) Using Runge-Kutta method of order four find y at $x = 0.50$ and 1.00 by solving $y' = y(x^2 - 1)$, $y(0) = 1.0$. Assume step size $(h) = 0.50$. | 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | a) Explain the principle of Secant method. What is the difference between false position method and Secant method? | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | b) Using Newton-Raphson method, using two iterations, find a root of the function $f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 10 = 0$, in the vicinity of $x = 4.00$. | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | c) What is interpolation? Given a set of $n+1$ points, state the general form of n^{th} degree Lagrange interpolation polynomial.. | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| | d) For the following table of values: <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">x</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">2.00</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">3.00</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">4.00</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">5.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">f(x)</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">7.00</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">26.00</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">63.00</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">124.00</td> </tr> </table> find $f(x)$ for $x = 3.5$ using Lagrange interpolation. What order of polynomial would you use in the above problem? | x | 2.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 5.00 | f(x) | 7.00 | 26.00 | 63.00 | 124.00 |
| x | 2.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 5.00 | | | | | | | |
| f(x) | 7.00 | 26.00 | 63.00 | 124.00 | | | | | | | |