BACHELOR OF CIVIL ENGINEERING EXAMINATION 2018

(Second Year, Second Semester)

IRRIGATION ENGINEERING

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks: 100

Part I: 60 Marks Part II: An Marke

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part Part II: 40					
Question No.		PART I (60 Marks)	Marks		
_		Answer any THREE questions from this PART.			
		Assume suitable values for the parameters if not supplied			
1	(a)	When a land said to be water-logged area? What are the ill effects of water-logging? Explain briefly.	1+3=4		
	(b)	Explain the causes of water-logging.	8		
	(c)	Explain the controlling measures for water-logging.	8		
2	(a)	Discuss the causes of meandering. What are the governing variables of meandering process?	2+3=5		
	(b)	What are meander indices? Explain briefly with neat sketches.	4		
	(c)	What may the reason behind formation of oxbow lake? Explain briefly with neat sketch.	3		
	(d)	What is the objective of river training works?	4		
	(e)	Note down the classification of river training work? Explain briefly.	1+3=4		
3	(a)	Who has given the concept of regime initially? Who has modified the same? Compare those.	1+3=4		
	(b)	Design a regime channel for a discharge of 50 cumecs and silt factor 1.1, using Lacey's theory.	6		
	(c)	Find out the normal water depth and velocity in a channel carrying a discharge of 12 cumecs and having bed width 5m. Assume Manning's n=0.0225, Bed slope = 0.0020, and Side slope 1.5 (H): 1(V).	7		
	(d)	Prove that the shear stress required to move a grain on the bank is less than the shear stress required to move the grain on bed.	3		
4	(a)	What is the importance of rivers and necessities of controlling them?	3		
	(b)	What is the importance of study on sediment transport?	3		
	(c)	How the rivers can be classified on the basis of topography and Flood Hydrograph? Explain briefly.	2+6=8		
	(d)	How the river flood plain can be classified? Explain briefly.	1+3=4		
	(e)	Differentiate between 'bends' and 'meanders' of rivers.	2		

B.E. CIVIL ENGINEERING SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAM 2018

(1st /2nd Semester/Repeat/Supplementary /Spl. Supplementary /Old/Annual/Bi-Annual)

SUBJECT: IRRIGATION ENGINEERING

(Name in full)
PAPER ××××

Time: Two hours/ Three hours/Four hours/Six hours

Full Marks 30/100

(45/40 marks for this part)

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

Page: 1 OF 1 Part -II

Marks

3

6

2

2

3

No. of Question

Maintain neatness

- Assume reasonable data if it is not supplied.
- Answer any two questions

No code etc. will be needed to answer the questions of this part

- (1)(a) Discuss 'check flooding' method of application of irrigation water to the field with the help of a 5 neat sketch.
 - (b) Between the drip irrigation method & sprinkler irrigation method, which one will be preferred by 5 you & why?
 - (c) What is meant by surface & sub surface irrigation? How flow irrigation differs from lift 2+2+3=7 irrigation?
 - (d) Distinguish between Perennial and Flood Irrigation.
- (2)(a) Define "Duty" and "Delta" and derive their relationship.
 - (b) What is Kor watering?
 - (c) When are the conventionally official dates of start & end of rabi & kharif season?
 - (d) What are meant by optimum utilization of water?
 - (e) What is meant by-'consumptive use of water' for a crop?
 - (f) Using Blaney-Criddle formula, estimate the PET of an area for the season June to October in 5 which rice (k for rice = 1.10) is grown. The area is in south India with mean monthly temperature and monthly day time hours percentages (Ph) as follows:

Month	June	July	Aug	Sept.	Oct.
Monthly mean temp. (in °c)	31.5	31.0	30.0	29.0	28. 0
Ph	8.80	9.05	8,83	8.28	8.26

- (3)(a) Briefly explain the advantages of lined channel in comparison with earthen channel.
 - (b) An unlined canal giving a seepage loss of 3.0 cumecs per million square metres of wetted 10 area is proposed to be lined with 10cm thick cement concrete lining, which costs Rs. 240/-per 10 m². Using following data, work out the economics of lining & benefit cost ratio:
 - (i) Life of lining: 45 years
 - (ii) Annual revenue per cumec of water from all crops Rs.3.5 lakhs.
 - (iii) Discharge in the channel: 85 cumecs
 - (iv) Area of the channel: 42m²
 - (v) Wetted perimeter of the channel: 18.3m
 - (vi) Wetted perimeter of the lining: 18.1 m
 - (vii) Annual maintenance cost of unlined channel: Rs. 1.0/per 10 m².
 - (viii) Seepage loss in lined canals; 0.04 cumec per million m² wetted area
 - (ix) Percentage savings of annual maintenance charges in lined canals, out of annual maintenance charges for unlined canal: 37%
 - (x) Rate of interest:6.3%
 - (c) What are the different types of canal linings?