

## B. CHEM. ENGG. 2ND YR 1ST. SEM. SUPPL. EXAM.-2018(OLD)

Subject : PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Time : Three hours

Full Marks : 100

## Part - I

Use Separate Answer scripts for each Part

1. (a) State briefly the properties of a typical black-body along with a suitable example. Using the Planck's result of black-body radiation density with frequency between  $\nu$  and  $\nu + d\nu$ ,

$$u(\nu) d\nu = (8\pi h/c^3) \cdot [\nu^3 / \{\exp(h\nu/kT) - 1\}] \cdot d\nu,$$

elaborate on its high and low frequency limiting values and show how the classical prediction of ultraviolet catastrophe is proved to be wrong.

- (b) Describe briefly the Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. When a metal with work function 2.32 eV is irradiated with electromagnetic radiation of wavelength 308nm, estimate the maximum possible speed of the ejected electron.

(2+6)+(3+3)

2. (a) Describe briefly two of the postulates of quantum mechanics. Calculate the de-Broglie wavelength of an electron traveling at 1.5.0% of the speed of light.

- (b) Define hermitian operators and show that the eigen values of such operators are real.

(3+3)+(2+4)

3. (a) Evaluate the following commutators,

$$[p_x, x] \text{ and } [p_x^2, x] \text{ (} x \text{ \& } p_x \text{ are position and momentum operators in one dimension).}$$

- (b) Describe the Beer-Lambert law and state the reasons for which a photochemical system may show deviation from it.

2X3+(2+4)

4. (a) For a free particle in a one-dimensional box of length 'a', the eigen functions are,

$$\Psi_n(x) = (2/a)^{1/2} \sin(n\pi x/a), \quad n=1,2,3, \dots$$

Evaluate the possible energy values for such a particle and give an estimate of the minimum frequency of radiation that can be absorbed by the particle.

- (b) State what is the full form of LASER. Evaluate the most probable radial distance associated with the electron in the 1s orbital of a hydrogen atom. The 1s orbital wave function of the hydrogen atom is given as,

$$\Psi_{1s}(r) = (1/\sqrt{\pi}) \cdot (1/a_0)^{3/2} \cdot \exp(-r/a_0). \quad (a_0 \text{ is Bohr radius}).$$

6+(1+5)

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B. E. CHEMICAL ENGINEERING SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER (OLD)  
SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION - 2018

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

Part - II

- 1 (a) Show the steps followed to transform Weiss indices into Miller indices.  
(b) If the Miller indices of a plane be 120, what are its Weiss indices?  
(d) Among SCC, BCC and FCC which one is closest packed? Show its % occupancy.
- 3 + 2 + (1 + 4)
- 2 (a) Predict with logic whether an aqueous solution of sodium acetate will be acidic, neutral or basic.  
(b) Calculate the pH of  $10^{-8}$  (N) HCl solution.  
(c) How would you prepare  $10^{-8}$  (N) HCl solution from a given HCl solution which is 10 (N)?
- 4 + 3 + 3
- 3 (a) Describe an absolute method of determination of surface tension of a liquid.  
(b) On what factors and how does the surface tension of a liquid depend?
- 6 + 4
- 4 (a) How does the coefficient of viscosity of a liquid vary with an increase in temperature?  
(b) Describe a relative method of determination of the coefficient of viscosity of a liquid.
- 5 + 5
- 5 (a) With logic predict the curve for the conductometric titration of  $\text{AgNO}_3$  solution with KCl solution, the latter being added from the burette.  
(b) Predict with logic the nature of variation of conductance when HCl solution is titrated with  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  solution the latter being added from the burette.
- 5 + 5