Disturbing questions on demolitions law



ith the notification of the Delhi Laws (Special Provisions) Bill, 2006, an immediate stop has been put to the vigorous and unprecedented court-ordered demolition and sealing drive in

the Capital. Over the last six months, the Municipal Corporation of Delhi - which was acting on the orders of the Delhi High Court and the Supreme Court - had conducted a massive operation that involved demolishing unauthorised constructions and sealing shops functioning in strictly residential areas. The Bill, which was passed unanimously by Parliament, raises many disturbing questions. Why should those who violate the law be granted such a reprieve? What signal does it send out about the Government's commitment to stand up to the powerful commercial interests that routinely flout building norms? What purpose is served by maintaining the status quo for a year? There are no easy or convincing answers to these questions and it is no surprise that the legislation has been greeted with widespread public cynicism. Over the years, those responsible for planning in the country's urban areas have systematically allowed rules to be bent, turning a blind eye to building violations and encroachments of publicly owned land. The courts, which goaded the MCD into proceeding against over 18,000 buildings in the Capital that were listed for various irregularities, were keen on taking action - particularly against corrupt officials, deceitful builders, and influential people ("the big fish) who have "permitted or have indulged in unauthorised constructions."

But there was another dimension to the exercise. The demolition and sealing drive may have targeted the powerful but it also rendered many poor people homeless and out of work. In many cases, these people had been living or working out of the demolished or sealed buildings for decades paying property taxes and that for water and sewerage. The Government's defence of the new law is hinged on the fact that illegal and unauthorised constructions have been around for decades and the problem is much too vast, complex, and sensitive to be dealt solely by demolition and sealing orders. It is said the one-year moratorium will be used to take stock of the situation, enumerate "pardonable" violations, and decide on the implementation of the Tejin $der\,Khanna\,Committee\,report-which\,was\,set\,up\,to\,suggest$ a broad-based strategy to deal with the unauthorised construction issue. If the moratorium is used to chalk out a plan that is rational, comprehensive, humanitarian, and in consonance with the spirit of Delhi's master plan, then the Act would have served an extremely useful purpose. If it becomes a mere excuse to let the real estate dealers, the construction lobby, and the rich traders off the hook, then the worst fears about the extraordinary piece of legislation - passed in great haste and specifically to circumvent the court-ordered drive against illegal constructions - would have come true.

'Anti-Naxal force spreading anarchy in Chhattisgarh'

Outfit violating human rights, say intellectuals

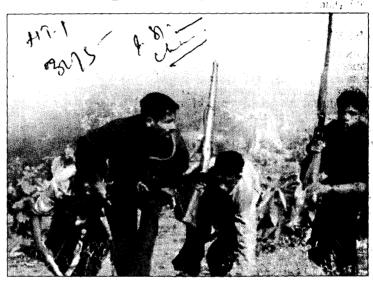
HT Correspondent New Delhi, May 29

A TEAM of eminent citizens, who visited the Dantewada district of Chhattisgarh this month, has recommended that the Salva Judum (SJ) movement against the Naxalites be immediately withdrawn as it was fuelling anarchy in the region.

The team, comprising professors, journalists, sociologists and historians, said the conflict between the Naxals and the state government had intensified with introduction of the SJ in June last year. "The civil administration has collapsed and it seems that law and order has been outsourced to SJ members, who have been hired as special police officers (SPO) and armed by the government", historian and team member Ramachandra Guha said at a press conference on Monday.

The team, which included EAS Sarma, a former senior bureaucrat at the Centre, was attacked at least thrice by "SJ goondas". Guha claimed that cameras and discs were snatched from the team at knife-point while police and paramilitary personnel were watching.

Sociology professor at Delhi University, Nandini Sundar, said more than 46,000 tribals had to vacate their villages and forced to stay in government-run relief



A file photograph of an armed exercise by Maoists in a Chhattisgarh forest.

camps. "The SJ could have been a spontaneous movement initially, but now it has been taken over by the government forces and is being led by Congress MLA Mahendar Karma", Sundar said.

"Karma is not interested in the development of the tribals. The government would have to withdraw the movement, disband the armed SPOs and initiate confidence-building measures. An unconditional ceasefire with the Naxals could then be declared followed by a national dialogue and

collective initiative by all affected states", Sarma said.

Guha said the situation was unique as chief minister Raman Singh and Leader of Opposition Karma were collaborating on the issue. The state is complying with Karma in giving out only one side of the story — killings carried out by Maoists. The killings carried out by SJ were being quietly ignored, Guha said. Other members of the team were senior journalists, Harivansh and B.G. Verghese and social activist Farah Naqvi.

ASSACRE TOLL TOUCHES 21 IN 15 DAYS

ight Dalits kille

treman News Service

and May 21: Tension
reaching at Manipur village under Kasar police
station of the Sheikhpura
district where eight persons were gunned down
in fresh bout of caste violence late last night while
the villagers were preparing for the third round of
polling for the panchayat
election now underway.
This is the third massacre

gang of criminals, reportedly hailing from the Ashok Mahato gang, swooped down at the vilway to hospital. According to police the incident appears to have been carcriminate firing, killing Another victim died on ried out in retaliation to lage and resorted to indisseven of them on the spot. interrogation mark over the NDA government's much-publicised claim to in the past 15 days which lives in Bihar and put a big establish a "rule of law" in the state infamous for "lawlessness". All the victims in the caste violence belong to the backward claimed as many as 21

most of them poor farmers, were sleeping when a Police said the villagers,

ers by his rival gang at the Mahato's alleged support-

the killing of four of

Mahato gang. Soon after the massacre, the CM had killed by the Ashok rushed to the village and Singh or Sonia Mukhia gang in the massacre same village on 5 May. Police believe the hands of either the Akhilesh Sheikhpura and adjoining districts such as Nalanda panic and Nawada. causing

Akhilesh Singh gang had nals hailing from the shot dead nine villagers at Gowachak village under On 18 May, the crimi-Sarmera police station of

tral Bihar districts during the past few years. Nalanda district, home t district of chief minister Mr Nitish Kumar, hours after one of the gang member was allegedly

"It's a transition period which we will overcome very soon," said a senior targeting of the backward en bloc-for the NDA, has the NDA that promised to caste members who voted put the the government in a difficult situation. They admit in private that it JD-U leader. The frequent was not a healthy sign for assured the masses to stern deal action against the criminal gangs. The ongoing rivalry between the gangs has claimed over 100 lives in the cen-

establish "rule of law"

within 90 days of coming to power.

regime come either from the backward caste, Dalits Incidentally, all the vic-tims killed in some six months under the NDA massacres that rocked the state during the last six ty. Police have failed to deliver the results despite full freedom given to them by the Nitish Kumar govor the minority communi

THE STATE SHAPA

One-year moratorium on Delhi demolitions; Bill passed

Delhi Laws (Special Provisions) Bill introduced and passed in Lok Sabha in just an hour

Special Correspondent

NEW DELHI: The Lok Sabha on Friday unanimously passed the Delhi Laws (Special Provisions) Bill, 2006, which seeks to put a yearlong moratorium on the ongoing demolitions and sealing of illegal buildings in the capital. In a rare departure from procedure, which Speaker Somnath Chatterjee said should not be treated as a precedent, the Bill was introduced, considered and passed in just over an hour in view of the urgency of the matter. Lakhs of residents faced displacement following Supreme Court orders.

Special provisions

Introducing the Bill, Urban Development Minister S. Jaipal Reddy said the Government needed at least a year to finalise the norms, policy guidelines and feasible strategies to deal with the problems of unauthorised development vis-à-vis mixed land use, construction beyond sanctioned plans, and encroachment by slum dwellers, hawkers



Union Urban Development Minister S. Jaipal Reddy arrives at Parliament House on Friday to present the

and street vendors. Hence the Government decided to make special provisions to maintain status quo as on January 1, 2006, for a year from the date of notification of the Bill to protect un-

- Government needs at least one year to finalise policy guidelines
- It will not stand judicial scrutiny: Vijay Kumar Malhotra
- Government seeks time to finalise norms, policy guidelines

authorised development from punitive action.

Later, responding to the short discussion, Mr. Reddy said the Government would earnestly work towards providing at least a lakh dwelling units over the next couple of years to ensure in situ location for at least some of the slum dwellers.

"Criminal negligence"

Initiating the discussion, Vijay Kumar Malhotra (Bharatiya Janata Party) said the Bill was a case of "too little, too late." Accusing the Government of criminal negligence, he said the Bill would not stand judicial scrutiny. Instead, it should bring introduce an amnesty plan, on the lines of the Voluntary Disclosure of Income Scheme, to regularise illegal structures.

Sajjan Kumar (Congress) said the BJP had no right to accuse the Congress-led Government of delaying action as it had dragged its feet on the matter when in it was in power. He, however, did concede that successive governments failed to meet the growing demand for space, resulting in the prevailing situation.

Others who spoke included Hannan Mollah (Communist Party of India-Marxist), Devendra Prasad Yadav (Rashtriya Janata Dal), B.K. Tripathi (Biju Janata Dal) and Prabhunath Singh (Janata Dal-United). While making out a case for protecting the interests of slumdwellers, they said the current stalemate was the result of lopdevelopment, sided which forced villagers to migrate to cities in search of greener pastures.

1 3 MAY 2008

THE HINDL

More Delhi shops sealed amid traders' protests

Municipal squads stoned; buses damaged; protestors lathi-charged by police

Staff Reporter

NEW DELHI: Traders in the Capital's Rohini zone hurled stones at municipal squads and security personnel and damaged some city buses on Tuesday when the civic body's teams tried to seal illegal shops on the sixth day of the ongoing sealing exercise in Delhi's residential areas. Elsewhere in the city the drive was peaceful with the municipal squads sealing a total of 726 commercial establishments running illegally from residential premises.

As the sealing teams of the Municipal Corporation of Delhi accompanied by a large number of security personnel and paramilitary reinforcements descended on Rohini to begin the sealing exercise, traders led by the local Bharatiya Janata Party councillor Vijender Gupta tried to offer resistance. As soon as the sealing action began, the traders went about hurling

stones at the squad and damaged the windowpanes of at least four city buses and two MCD vans. They even tried to set vehicles on fire.

As all attempts to pacify the protestors proved futile, the security personnel chased the traders and resorted to lathicharge to bring the situation under control. The police detained over two-dozen protestors, including Mr. Gupta. Later Mr. Gupta and some others were sent to judicial custody.

In the meantime, the MCD squads abandoned the sealing drive and moved to other places. However, when the situation improved, the MCD officials returned and began sealing the illegal shops.

Similarly, some traders protested on Jail Road in West Delhi and at Mukherjee Nagar shouting slogans against the Delhi Government and the MCD for having failed to safeguards their interests and rendering

them and their workers jobless. While Councillor Onkar Singh Thapar was arrested and sent to judicial custody for opposing the sealing exercise on Jail Road, the Leader of the Opposition in the Delhi Assembly, Jagdish Mukhi, and the Leader of the Opposition in the MCD, Subhash Arya, also courted arrest in protest against the drive.

During the daylong exercise, sealing was carried out in 11 civic zones. A total of 177 illegal shops were sealed in Rohini on Awantika Road (between Polestar School and Rajiv Gandhi Cancer Hospital in Sector-5), while 145 establishments were sealed on Arya Samaj Road and Patel Road in Karol Bagh Zone and 105 establishments at Kingsway Camp and G.T. Road in Civil Lines Zone.

Other places where the sealing exercise took place included Sadar Thana Road, Idgah Road, Lala Lajpat Rai Marg, Defence Colony, Rohtak Road, Peeragar-

hi to Tikri, Desh Bandhu Gupta Road, Wazirabad Road, Road No. 57 from Jagatpuri to Gagan Vihar, Hansraj Gupta Marg, Aurobindo Marg and Raja Garden (Ring Road).

Meanwhile, a huge rush of traders was seen at the Deputy Commissioners' offices in the 11 zones to deposit affidavits to avoid sealing. A day after the Supreme Court extended the date for filing affidavits to April 7, more than 4,000 traders submitted their pledges to shut their illegal shops by June 30.

However, traders at some places like Defence Colony and Greater Kailash alleged that the MCD officials sealed their establishments despite their having submitted affidavits. Traders also alleged shortage and blackmarketing of stamp papers in different parts of the Capital, causing them a great deal of inconvenience as they were not able to file affidavits.

THE HILLON

O - MEL June

lam's mission map for Bil

K. Balchand

Kalam on Tuesday outlined 10 missions to make Bihar a devel-PATNA: President A.P.J. Abdul oped State by 2015.

Call to legislators

form of "Missions for Bihar's Addressing a joint session of the Legislature here, he presented his 70-page blueprint in the Prosperity".

was something of a crash visual depictions, he stressed that it was possible to put the course for the members. With It was more than an address. State back on the rails and devel-

and safe.

op it so that the nation achieved South Korea and was confident its mission 2020. bowl of the country in the near future.

His objective was to raise the per capita income from Rs. 6,500 to Rs. 35,000 a year by 2010 and to Rs. 1 lakh by 2015 and to into 100 per cent in a decade. The emphasis should be on reducing the poverty line from 42 to 20 by 2019 and to zero by 2015. crease literacy from 45 to 75 per cent by the end of the decade and the percentage of people below Mr. Kalam's thrust was on giving an impetus to agriculture and the agro food-processing sector. He lined up help from (500 BC), Mr. Kalam urged the members to ask themselves: "What will I be remembered for?" His answer was they nomically prosperous, happy should make themselves partners in making the State eco-Quoting Maharshi Patanjali

Mr. Kalam called upon the legislators to make the environ-

ment conducive to the impleof the State. Artificial barriers such as politics, religion, region mentation of his mission and contribute to the development and caste should not come in the empowerment of women, a proper health care system and a flood control system, the Presiagement structure in place for way of the mission. Emphasising dent said the most important thing was to have a good manplanning and accomplishing all missions.

Chief Minister Nitish Kumar assured the President that all

of development and that the State would become developed parties were united on the issue

He also promised to maintain smooth relations with the Cengood working relations between not be possible to implement the tre, acknowledging that without the Centre and the State it would at the end of 2015.

Narain Chaudhary, Legislative Council Chairman Jabir Hus-sain and Leader of the Opposi-Gandhi, Assembly Speaker Udai Governor Gopal Krishna tion Rabri Devi were present. blueprint.

THE HINDU

Protests mark day in Bihar

Demos outside Raj Bhavan despite prohibitory orders

AGENCIES Patna, January 25

THE DEMAND for Buta Singh's ouster following the Governor's severe indictment by the Supreme Court gained momentum with a couple of Independent MLAs and their supporters, besides some advocates, staging a demonstration outside Raj Bhavan on

Nearly 100 people, led by Independent MLAs Kishore Kumar Munna and Haribhushan Thakur, as also a group of around 20 advocates collected outside Raj Bhavan in defiance of the prohibitory orders and chanted slogans demanding the immediate dismissal of the Governor.

Carrying placards that said: 'Buta samvidhan ka hatyara hai' (Buta is the murderer of the Constitution) and shouting slogans like: "Buta Singh wapas jaao', the protesters demonstrated in front of the main entrance of Raj Bhavan in the presence of the police.

'Centre, Prez morally

failing to hold either the

Speaking to reporters, Kishore Kumar Munna, MLA from Sonbarsa, who was one of responsible' the petitioners who challenged the dissolu- HOLDING THAT the majorition of the state Assem- ty judgement on the impobly in the Supreme sition of President's rule in "Buta Bihar is 'binding', noted said, Singh has murdered constitutional lawyer Fali democracy and the Nariman has said Governor Supreme Court verdict Buta Singh "must go" and has proved it. Such a the government must man can't be allowed to "bear the responsibility". hoist the National Flag He criticised the majority at the official Republic of the Supreme Court for Day function".

Demanding dismissal council of ministers or the of the Governor if he President morally responsidid not step down imme- ble for the dissolution. diately, Munna said the Chief Justice of Patna

High Court should be made the acting Governor and could hoist the Tricolour at the official Republic Day ceremony at Gandhi Maidan on Thursday.

While refusing to resign following the Supreme Court indictment, Buta Singh had told reporters in Delhi on Tuesday that he would be taking the salute on Republic Day at Patna

'Lakhs of patriots laid down their lives for the freedom of the country. A tainted man like Buta Singh, who has violated the Constitution, mustn't be allowed to hoist the National Flag", Munna said.

He asked the people to burn effigies of Buta Singh, Congress president Sonia Gandhi and Prime Minister Manmohan Singh across the state if the Governor was not dismissed and was allowed to hoist the Tricolour.

A group of lawyers, led by an advocate of Patna High Court, Ashutosh Ranjan Pandey, who were the first to arrive at the scene, said the Governor's continuance had become untenable after the apex court passed strictures against him.



L.K. Advani speaks to mediapersons as other NDA leaders look outside Rastrapati Bhavan in New Delhi on Wednesday.

CPI(M) demands Buta scalp

HT Correspondent New Delhi, January 25

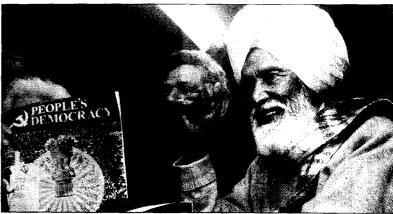
CPI(M) VETERAN Harkishen Singh Surject said on Wednesday that Bihar Governor Buta Singh should go for the "wrong" advice he gave the Centre for dissolution of the state Assembly.

Speaking after releasing the Republic Day issues of party organ's "People's Democracy" and "Lok Lahar", Surject said the Governor was claiming he had done "good work". But it was all exposed now.

CPI(M) politburo member and People's Democracy editor Sitaram Yechury said the Governor could not continue after the Supreme Court's comments on his work. "Morality demands he shouldn't stay", he said.

Asked about the responsibility of the Centre in the dissolution of the Assembly, Yechury said the government had taken the decision on the Governor's report. Even if it wanted the report to be verified, it could do it only through the Governor.

The CPI (M) leader said federalism was one of the pillars of India's secular democracy and the Bihar episode had shown how important it was to maintain the country's integrity.



Harkishan Singh Surjeet and Sitaram Yechuri in New Delhi on Wednesday.

The judgment had raised the issues of the Governor's role and Centrestate relations. A mere rethink on appointing political personalities to Governors' posts would not resolve the problem, he said. There was a need to define the rules. Yechury said it was immaterial whether the Governor was a political appointee or not. "The issue that needs to be addressed is to what extent he can go. Where's the border, which he cannot cross?"

Several committee reports, including the Indrajit Gupta report, were available on the issue. Now, the situation warrants a general debate and enactment of a law in this regard.

Yechury said, other than federalm, secular democracy, economic independence and social justice were pillars of Indian democracy, too. Although the communal forces were out of power, the danger could not be ruled out, he said.

HE HIDUSTAN TIMES

CENTRE STILL STUDYING JUDGMENT, DECISION BY FRIDAY: PATIL

Buta on his way out

Shahid Pervez in New Delhi

Jan. 25. — Mr Buta Singh is on his way out of Patna's Raj Bhavan, although the ruling Congress leadership has granted him a reprieve at least for tomorrow, Republic Day, to ensure an "honourable exit."

A day after the Supreme Court's criticism of Mr Buta Singh's "perverse" role in getting the previous Bihar assembly dis-"unconstitutionally", solved senior Congress leaders conceded that his continuance as Bihar governor had become "totally untenable".

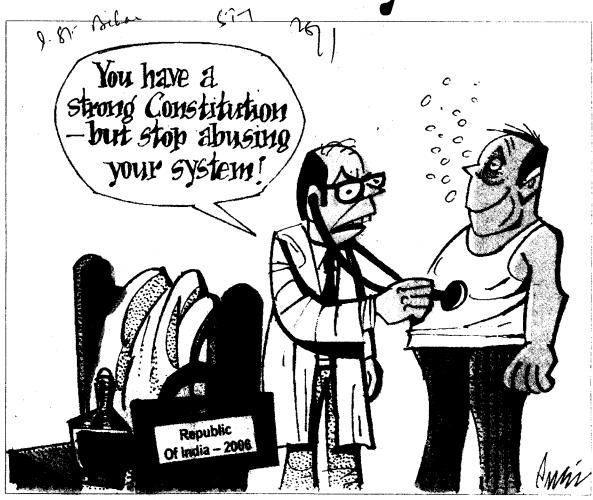
One of them told The Statesman that "Buta Singh will have to go," adding that his exit might take place on 27 January. "He will be allowed to unfurl the Tricolour tomorrow".

Mr Singh has now clearly become a "huge political liability." The apex court also censured the Dr Manmohan Singhheaded Union Cabinet for hurriedly taking Mr Buta Singh's "mala fide" recommendation as the "gospel truth" without ascertaining its veracity.

Acting on Mr Singh's report based on "fanciful assumptions", the Union Cabinet held a meeting in the distribution that in May last year and sent its recommendation for dissolution of the Bihar assembly to Moscow for the President, Dr A P J Abdul Kalam's assent.

Opposition parties have since trained their guns on the Prime Minister also, demanding his Cabinet's resignation.

It has, therefore, become imperative for the Congress leadership to get rid of Mr Buta Singh to take the sting out of the anti-PM campaign.



The Congress leadership, said a senior AICC leader. which has held a series of another ings on the matter, does not have any option other than asking Mr Buta Singh to step down on his own because even its major UPA allies, the Left parties, have been stridently demanding his resignation.

Displaying his reluctance, Mr Singh has already declared that he will take the Republic Day salute in Patna tomorrow.

"Even after that, if he remains unwilling, he will be categorically asked to put in his papers,'

He said it was unlikely that Mr Singh would be given the option of a "transfer" to some other state, given the furore such a move might trigger. The Centre which had yesterday said it would spell out its stand in a day, deferred its decision by another two days.

The Union home minister, Mr Shivraj Patil, said the government was still studying the apex court's judgment and could arrive at a decision by Friday.

In Patna, NDA leaders sat on

a dharna outside Raj Bhavan demanding the Governor's resignation. The Forward Bloc has threatened to prevent Mr Buta Singh from unfurling the Tricolour temorrow.

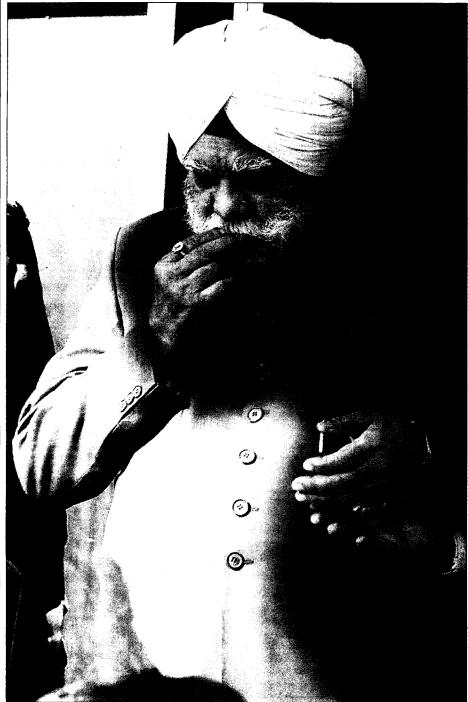
Accusing Prime Minister Dr Manmohan Singh of feigning ignorance, the Samajwadi Party today demanded his resignation in the wake of the court strictures against Mr Buta Singh.

> More reports on page 5 **Editorial: Mysteries** explained, page 8

THE STATESMAN

2 6 JAN 2006

বিহার নিয়ে বিড়ম্বনা বিজেপির সঙ্গে বামেরাও চান



প্রকাস্ম্যে মাই বক্ষা ব্যাস্থ্র কিন্তু উদ্ভেগ্যের ছায়া। রায় শোনার পরে দিল্লির বিহারনিবাসে বুটা সিংহ ⊢ পিটিআই

ANADADA, AL PARTIKA

বুটার বিদায়, সঙ্কটে কংগ্রেস

জানুয়ারি: কর্নাটকের ধাক্কা সামলানোর আগেই বিহারের ভূত চেপে বসল মনমোহন সিংহ-সনিয়া গাঁধীর কাঁধে।

বিহার বিধানসভা ভেঙে দেওয়া যে 'অসাংবিধানিক কাজ', অন্তর্বর্তী রায়ে সুপ্রিম কোর্ট সে কথা আগেই বলেছিল। পরে বিস্তারিত রায়ে যে আর এক বার ধাকা আসবে, সেটা প্রত্যাশিতই ছিল। সেই রায়ে বুটা সিংহের কাজকর্ম সম্পর্কে এতটাই সমালোচনা করেছে সর্বোচ্চ আদালত যে, এর পর তাঁর পদ আঁকড়ে থাকাটাই বিস্ময়কর। বিরোধীরা তো বটেই, সরকারের সমর্থক বাম শিবিরও এখন তাঁর পদত্যাগ চেয়ে সরব। কিন্তু বুটা থেকে যেতেই অনড়।

এখানেই যন্ত্রণার শেষ নয়। কারণ. ধাকাটা এ বার শুধু রাজ্যপালেই সীমিত থাকেনি যে, বুটা সিংহ পদত্যাগ করলেই সমস্যা মিটবে। রাজ্যপালের রিপোর্ট 'বেদবাক্য' হিসাবে মেনে নেওয়ার জন্য কেন্দ্রকে কটাক্ষ করেছে সর্বোচ্চ আদালত। প্রশ্ন তোলা হয়েছে, কেন্দ্রীয় মন্ত্রিসভাই বা কেন চোখ বুজে মেনে নিয়েছে রাজ্যপালের কথা? বলা হয়েছে, এখন রাজ্যপালের পদে নিয়োগ সংক্রান্ত নীতি-পদ্ধতি রচনার সময় এসে গিয়েছে। ফলে কেন্দ্রকে এখন সেই বিষয়টি নিয়েও মাথা ঘামাতে হবে।

এই অবস্থায় বিরোধীদের সুযোগ নেওয়া আটকাতেই তাঁর বাসভবনে এক অনুষ্ঠানে প্রধানমন্ত্রী মনমোহন সিংহ আজ বলেন, "সুপ্রিম কোটের নির্দেশ গোটা দেশ স্বীকার করতে বাধ্য।" কিন্তু বুটাকে সরানো নিয়ে সরাসরি কিছু বলেননি তিনি। তাঁর বাড়িতে বৈঠকের পরে শিবরাজ পাটিল এবং মন্ত্রিসভার বৈঠকের পরে প্রিয়রঞ্জন দাশমুন্দিও জানিয়েছেন, রায়টি খতিয়ে দেখতে এক দিন সময় নেবেন তাঁরা। তার পরে জানাবেন সিদ্ধাস্ত। তবে এখনও পর্যন্ত যা ইঙ্গিত তাতে যতই অন্ড মনোভাব দেখান বুটা; তাঁকে যেতে **হল্ছেই**†

রায় বেরনোর পরেই শুরু হয়েছে বিরোধীদের সন্মিলিত আক্রমণ। লালকৃষ্ণ আডবাণী থেকে জর্জ ফার্নান্ডেজ, সকলেই বুটার পাশাপাশি নৈতিক দায়িত্ব নিয়ে প্রধানমন্ত্রী মনমোহন সিংহের পদত্যাগের দাবিও তুলেছেন। স্পষ্টতই তাঁদের উদ্দেশ্য, ভোলকার রিপোট ও কুত্রোচ্চির ব্যাঙ্ক আাকাউন্টের পর নতুন করে সরকারকে তিনি নিজেই এখন কংগ্রেসের কাঁটা কোণঠাসা করা। সরকারের পক্ষে সব থেকে খারাপ খবর, এই বিপদে পাশে নেই বামেরাও। প্রকাশ কারাট-এ বি বর্ধনেরাও জানিয়ে দিয়েছেন, বুটাকে সরানো ছাড়া গতি নেই।

আজ বিস্তারিত রায়ে শীর্ষ আদালত বলেছে, রাজ্যপাল বুটা সিংহ কেন্দ্রকে

ওই ডিভিশন বেঞ্চ আরও বলেছে, সমস্ত দলের কাছে গ্রহণযোগ্য সাধারণ নীতির ভিত্তিতে রাজ্যপাল নিয়োগ নিয়ে বিচার বিবেচনা করার সময় এসেছে। অ-রাজনৈতিক ব্যক্তিদের রাজ্যপাল নিয়োগের ব্যাপারে সরকারিয়া কমিশনের সুপারিশ পর্যালোচনার করার পরামর্শও দেয় শীর্ষ আদালত।

রায় শোনার পরে কী ভাবে পরিস্থিতির মোকাবিলা করা হবে, তাই নিয়েই ব্যতিব্যস্ত ছিল কংগ্রেস। সনিয়ার সঙ্গে দেখা করেন প্রধানমন্ত্রী। স্বরাষ্ট্রমন্ত্রী

২৬ তারিখে অভিবাদন নিতে অনড়

নিজস্ব সংবাদাদাতা, নয়াদিল্লি, ২৪ জানুয়ারি: রিমোট কন্ট্রোলে যাঁকে দিয়ে বিহারে রাষ্ট্রপতির শাসন পরিচালনা করবে ভেবেছিল কেন্দ্র, সেই বুটা সিংহকে নিয়েই এখন সমস্যা জটিল। সুপ্রিম কোর্টের রায়ের পর রাজ্যপালকে দ্রুত সরানো প্রয়োজন, তাতে দ্বিমত নেই। কিন্তু তাতে বাদ সেধেছেন বুটা নিজেই। পদত্যাগের প্রশ্ন নেই বলে জানিয়ে দিয়ে তিনি বলেছেন, প্রজাতম দিবসের কুচকাওয়াজে তিনি হাজির থাকবেন!

বুটাকে নিয়ে এ বার রীতিমতো হিমশিম খাচ্ছেন কংগ্রেস শীর্ষ নেভৃত্বও। চকিবশ ঘণ্টাও হয়নি হায়দরাবাদে দলের দর্নীতি এবং দষণ দূরীকরণ নিয়ে দীর্ঘ বক্তৃতা দিয়ে ফিরেছেন কংগ্রেস নেত্রী সনিয়া গাঁধী। **मरल** मरनावल उँठू जारत (वैरथ দেওয়ার কাজ সেরেছেন তিনি। এর সুপ্রিম কোর্টের রায়ের পরিপ্রেক্ষিতে বুটাকে বহাল তবিয়তে রাখা কংগ্রেসের পক্ষে কার্যত অসম্ভব।

বুটাকে বিহার পাঠানোর সময় কংগ্রেস নেতৃত্ব বুঝতে পারেননি এমন ঘটতে পারে। বিহারে যাঁকে পাঠানো হয়েছিল সমস্যায় হাল ধরার জন্য, হয়ে দাঁড়িয়েছেন।

সুপ্রিম কোর্টের এই নির্দেশের প্রেক্ষিতে তার ইস্তফা দেওয়াটা বাধ্যতামূলক কি না, তা নিয়ে আইনগত জটিলতার দিক তৈরি হয়েছে। কিন্তু আইনগত দিক যাই এর পর সাতের পাতায়

নিজস্ব সংবাদদাতা, নয়াদিল্লি, ২৪ বিপথে চালিত করেছেন। পাঁচ সদস্যের শিবরাজ পাটিল মুম্বই থেকে ফিরেই মন্ত্রকের অফিসারদের নিয়ে বৈঠকে বসেন। আলোচনার শেষে সোজা চলে যান মন্ত্রিসভার বৈঠকে। সেখানেও আলোচনার অন্যতম বিষয় ছিল বিহারই। বুটাকে পদত্যাগ করতে বলার পাশাপাশি রাজনৈতিক ভাবে আর কী কী করা যায়, তাও খতিয়ে দেখা হচ্ছে। কংগ্রেসের সামনে বড সমস্যা হল. প্রধানমন্ত্রীর পদত্যাগ দাবি না করলেও বুটাকে পত্রপাঠ গদিচ্যুত করার দাবি তুলেছেন বামপন্থীরাও। সিপিআই অবশ্য আগেই বুটার বিরুদ্ধে সরব ছিল। কাজেই দলের সাধারণ সম্পাদক এ বি বর্ধনের দাবি ততটা বিশ্ময়কর নয়। বরং সিপিএমের সাধারণ সম্পাদক প্রকাশ কারাটের মন্তব্য সরকারের কাছে অনেক

বেশি বেসুরো ঠেকছে। গত বছর খব নাটকীয় ভাবে বিহারে বিধানসভা ভাঙা হয়। ত্রিশক্ষ্ বিধানসভায় রামবিলাস পাসোয়ানেব দল ভেঙে বিজেপি যখন সরকার গড়ার দোরগোড়ায়, তখনই রাজ্যপাল বিধায়ক কেনাবেচার আশঙ্কা প্রকাশ করেন। ২৫ এপ্রিল তিনি রাষ্ট্রপতি এ পি জে আব্ল কালামের কাছে প্রথমবার বিধানসভা ভাঙার সুপারিশ করেন। ২১ মে ব্টা আরও একটি রিপোর্ট পাঠান। পর দিন রাতে দিল্লিতে দুটি সিনেমা হলে বিস্ফোরণ হয়। শিবরাজ পাটিল ঘটনাস্থল ঘুরে এলে বিষয়টি নিয়ে আলোচনা করতে প্রধানমন্ত্রী মন্ত্রিসভার বৈঠক ডাকেন। সেই বৈঠকেই রাজ্যপালের রিপোর্ট নিয়ে আলোচনা হয় ও ২০ মিনিটের মধ্যে বিহার বিধানসভা ভাঙার ব্যাপারে সিদ্ধান্ত নেওয়া হয়। রাষ্ট্রপতি তখন মস্কোয়। রাত দুটোতেই মস্কোতে ফ্যাক্স করে রাষ্ট্রপতির সম্মতি আদায় করে কেন্দ্র।

আডবাণী আজ বলেন, বুটা যদি কেন্দ্রীয় মন্ত্রিসভাকে বিভ্রান্ত করেন, তঃ হলে ওই 'অসাংবিধানিক' কাজ করতে একই ভাবে প্রধানমন্ত্রীও রাষ্ট্রপতিকে বিভ্রাপ্ত করেছেন। মন্ত্রিসভার প্রধান হিসাবে প্রধানমন্ত্রী এই দায় এডাতে পারেন না। তাই তাঁর পদত্যাগ করা উচিত। বিজেপি ইউপিএ চেয়ারপার্সন সনিয়া গাঁধীর বিরুদ্ধেও একই অভিযোগ এনে জাতীয় উপদেষ্টা পরিষদ থেকে তাঁর পদত্যাগ দাবি করেছে। ক্ষমতায় থাকাকালীন বুটার পক্ষে কথা বললেও লালুপ্রসাদ আজ সাফ জানিয়ে দেন সপ্রিম কোর্টের রায়ের পর কেন্দ্র যা ব্যবস্থা নেওয়ার নেবে। পাসোয়ানও এই নিয়ে মুখে কুলুপ এঁটেছেন।

চার দিকের এই সাঁডাশি চাপের মধ্যেও পদ আঁকডে থাকা বটা সিংহই মাথাব্যথা বাড়াচ্ছেন কংগ্রেস নেতৃত্বের।

● ফের ধাকা লালুকে...পুঃ ৫

SC raps Buta on Bihar House dissolution Says Centre Should Have Verified Report, Calls For Norms For Governors' Posting

New Delhi: In a severe indictment of Bihar governor Buta Singh, the supreme court on Tuesday held that he misled the Centre in recommending the dissolution of the state assembly and said the Union council of ministers should have verified before accepting it as gospel truth.

The supreme court, which in its October 7 interim order had opined that the dissolution was unconstitutional, said that the governor acted in "undue haste" in sending his report and his full motive was to prevent JD(U) from staking claim to form a government after a fractured assembly polls verdict.

Giving detailed reasons why the dissolution was unconstitutional, a fivejudge bench in a 3-2 judgement, said the governor misled the council of ministers by sending a report containing "unascertained facts." The apex court in its interim order had opined that the dissolution was unconstitutional but the polls were unavoidable due to changed circumstances. The court verdict had come on a batch of petitions by a group of legislators of the dissolved assembly and a PIL by a supreme court advocate.

The bench said that the governor's report contained "fanciful assumptions," which could be destructive to democracy. Terming his action as "drastic and extreme," the bench said the court cannot be a silent spectator to such "subversion of the constitution.'

It said that the time has come to consider a National Policy outlining common norms for appointment of governors which would be acceptable to all political parties. It held that the governor enjoyed complete immunity and is not answerable in exercise of constitutional power but Article 361 does not take away from the court the power to deal with the validity of his action. The majority judgement was passed by Chief Minister Y K Sabharwal, Justice B N Agarwal and Justice Ashok Bhan. The minority view was taken by Justice K G Balakrishnan and Justice Arijit Passayat.

The governor had recommended dissolution amid allegation that he prevented the National Democratic Alliance, which was on the verge of cobbling up a majority with breakaway

We will abide by SC ruling, says PM

New Delhi: PM Manmohan Singh said the



country has to accept what the supreme court has said on the imposition of the President's rule in Bihar but declined to comment on the continuance of governor Buta Singh indicted by the court.

"Whatever the supreme court says the country has to accept it," Singh told reporters at his Race Course Road residence on the sidelines of a function where he gave away the national awards for bravery to children. "The supreme court has got authority. We have to respect it," he said.

group of Loktantrik Janata Party of Ram Vilas Paswan and few independants from forming the government.

The court reiterated the recomendation of the Sarkaria Commission report regarding the appointment of governors according to which only an eminent person free from political affiliation should be appointed to the constitutional post.

The UPA government found itself on the defensive with both the opposition and its own Left allies demanding Buta Singh's resignation. Leader of opposition LK Advani charged PM with misleading the president on the state assembly dissolution and demanded his resignation along with that of Buta Singh.

Holding UPA chairperson Sonia Gandhi also "accountable" for the government's decision, he announced that an NDA delegation would meet President A P J Abdul Kalam and submit a memorandum to him. "In the light of this judgment, it will be appropriate for Buta Singh to step down from the post of governor," said CPM in a statement issued by the politburo. Agencies



DOWN BUT WON'T GO OL Buta Singh coming out of Bihar Niwas in

Defiant Buta says he will take R-Day salute

New Delhi: Adopting a defiant posture, Bihar governor Buta Singh on Tuesday virtually ruled out his resignation in the wake of the supreme court indictment of his role in last year's state assembly dissolution.

'Who told you that," Singh shot back at a press conference at Delhi's Bihar Niwas when asked whether he would quit his post over the court strictures against him. "I have not said anything on it. I am going to take salute in Patna on January 26 (Republic Day)," he asserted.

Refusing any further comment on the SC judgment, he claimed the Bihar administration had "fully implemented" the October 7 verdict by conducting Bihar elections in a "remarkable" manner.

"But I am happy that elections were held in Bihar in a remarkable manner. Such elections were never held in any state. I am happy I have fully implemented the supreme court verdict.

On the charge that his recommendation to dissolve the Bihar assembly was aimed at favouring a particular political party, he declined to comment.

Singh abruptly ended his press conference, saying he would study the full judgment. Agencies

25 JAN 2006

THE TIMES OF INDIA

After SC verdict, Left changes tune, joins BJP in seeking Buta ouster

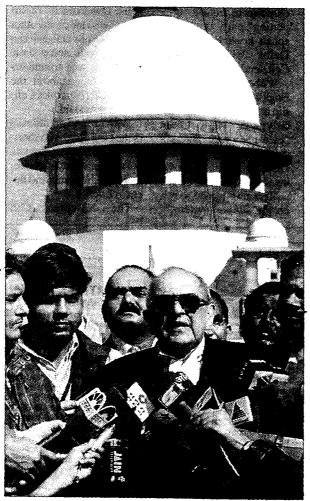
EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE NEW DELHI/JAIPUR, JANUARY 24

LREADY on a high over the Quattrocchi and Karnataka developments, the BJP today seized on the Supreme Court verdict on the dissolution of the Bihar assembly to not just demand the resignation of Governor Buta Singh, but Prime Minister Manmohan Singh as well.

Addressing a Press conference at his residence this afternoon, Leader of Opposition LK Advani said if the SC verdict is read in its totality, it becomes clear that while the Governor misled the council of ministers, "the Prime Minister (as head of the Council of Ministers) misled the President to do an unconstitutional act." To uphold democracy, therefore, "both the Governor and Prime Minister should quit their office immediately."

Advani described the apex court's obervation that "though the Governor is the main player, the Council of Ministers should have verified the report before accepting it as gospel truth" as "understandably polite." But this did not mean that the Centre could escape blame for the unconstitutional act of dissolving the assembly, he insisted.

If the Governor was motivated to prevent the UD(U)led combine from forming the government in Bihar, the Prime Minister's action was equally motivated, "In a way, going through the language and phrases of the Supreme Court, the accusation seems harsher against Governor but the calpability of the Prime Minister is evidently greater,"



Fall S Nariman talking to media after SC verdict on Tuesday.

convened a meeting of the cabinet "at the dead of the night" and he misled the President, who was in Moscow at the time. While speaking in Ranthambore around that time, the Prime Minister had also alleged that "horse-trading of the highest order" was taking place in Bihar - an allegation that the apex court did not accept.

Advani said he had already spoken to NDA convenor George Fernandes and on behalf of the NDA, he was seeking time from the President to

two-day RSS-sponsored brainstorming session.

Speaking to the press, BJP spokesperson Arun Jaitley said the PM should immediately step down as the UPA Government had lost the moral authority to stay in power after the judgment. He also pressed for the immediate recall of Governor Buta Singh.

He said the Centre should have given its opinion to the President only after factually examining the Bihar Governors report.

Quoting examples of Goa, present a memorandum on Jharkhand and Bihar, Jaitely ethical and unconstitutional. upheld by the BJP leadership taken by the Manmohan said, is a "moral histo-The Prime Minister had which is in Jaipur to attend a Singh Government were un-rysheeter".

Should Buta step down? Bihar leaders keep mum

EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE PATNA, JANUARY 24

THE Supreme Court judgment indicting Bihar Governor Buta Singh for the dissolution of the state assembly has left all the three top Bihar leaders-Nitish Kumar, Laloo Prasad Yadav and Ram Vilas Paswan-at a loss. Each for various reason, shied away from reacting directly about it. Chief Minister Nitish Kumar took refuge in his position as the Chief Minister, saying it will not be proper to pass remarks against another constitutional post.

"Constitutional propriety does not permit me to react against another Constitutional post," he said. He, however, ventured to add that the stand his party had taken before the election had been vindicated by both the poll result and the Supreme Court judgment. His partymen, however, made up for the Chief Minister's reticence, Janata Dal (United) general secretary Upendra Kushwaha clearly said it was time for the Governor to step down.

The Rashtriya Janata Dal chief and railway minister Laloo Prasad Yaday. who was accused of coercing with the Governor and the Centre to dissolve the

The Buta Singh Regime In Bihar ■ November 5, 2004: Buta Singh appointed Governor by the UPA government February 27, 2005: Assembly poll throws up a hung house. March 7, 2005: President's Rule imposed in Bihar. May 21, 2005: LIP rebels congregate in Jharkhand in support of Nitish Ku-May 23, 2005: Assembly is dissolved and President's Rule imposed in Bihar based on Governor Buta Singh's report. ■ September 23, 2005: EC notifies Assembly polls. ■ October 7, 2005: Supreme Court term

the dissolution as unconstitutiona, but does not stop the poll process. ■ November 22, 2005: NDA gets a thumping majority in the polls. ■ November 24, 2005: Nitish sworn in as Chief Minister by Buta

■ January 24, 2005: Supreme Court indicts Buta in detailed judg-

assembly, also washed his hand off the judgment. "It is up to the Governor's conscience. How can I say whether he should resign or not?" was all Laloo said when pressed to comment. He said the apex court judgment should be acceptable to all and he had nothing more to add.

The Lok Janshakti Party chief Ramvilaas Paswan, who had vehemently supported President's Rule in the state, said he would react only after reading the

full text of the judgment.

But apart from the Constitutional propriety cited by Nitish Kumar, the fact is that the NDA government has developed a good rapport with the Governor.

In the two months Kumar has been in office. there has never been a disagreement between the government and the Raj Bhavan. Neither JD(U) nor BJP have reiterated the demand for the Governor's resignation, which they made before the polls.

Launching a scathing attack ners DMK and the Left paralso exhorted its alliance part-

the issue. Advani's stand was argued that all the decisions The UPA Government, he on the Congress and its president ties to debate the misuse of dent Sonia Gandhi, Jaitley Article 356 by the Manmohan Singh Government

নকশাল অধ্যুষিত এলাকার জন্য উন্নয়ন-কর্মসূচি ঘোষণা নীতীশের

পটনা, ১৫ জানুয়ারি: নকশাল অধ্যুষিত এলাকাগুলিতে উন্নয়নের জোয়ার বইয়ে দিতে চান নীতীশ কুমার। লক্ষ্য, উন্নয়নের হাত ধরে নকশালদের পালের বাতাস কেড়েনেওয়া। বিহারের বেশির ভাগ জায়গাতেই 'উন্নয়ন' শব্দটা এক রকম অচেনা। সেই ছবি পালেট দেওয়ার লক্ষ্যেই এ বারে বেশ কিছু কর্মসূচি হাতে নিয়েছে নীতীশের সরকার। পুরো পরিকল্পনাটাকে এক কথায় বলা হচ্ছে, ''সরকার আপনার দরজায়" (সরকার আপকে দয়ার)।

দরিদ্রতম অংশের রাজ্যের উন্নয়নের দিকে তাকিয়েই এই কর্মসূচি तिख्या इरस्रष्ट् वरल जानिस्सर्हन সরকারি কর্তারা। লালু যাদবের দীর্ঘ ১৫ বছরের শাসনে, রাজ্যের দরিদ্র জনগোষ্ঠীর উন্নয়নের জন্য বারবার প্রতিশ্রুতি দেওয়া হলেও, কাজের কাজ কিছুই হয়নি। ফলে, সাধারণ মানুষের দুর্দশা বেড়েছে। আর সেই পরিস্থিতিকে কাজে লাগিয়েই বিহারে নকশালদের বাড়বাড়স্ত। নীতীশ সেই প্রবণতায় লাগাম দিতে চান। প্রাথমিক ভাবে স্থির হয়েছে, ২১ জানুয়ারি থেকে প্রকল্পের প্রথম পর্যায়ের কাজ শুরু হবে।

জহানাবাদ, অরওয়াল ও পটনায় প্রথম পর্যায়ে কিছু কাজ করা হবে। এর মধ্যে, জহানাবাদে একটি বাজার চম্বর, একটি কম্পিউটার সেন্টার ও একটি ক্ষুদ্র সেচ প্রকল্পের শিলান্যাস করবেন

নীতীশ। পরবর্তী পর্যায়ে জামুই, বাঁকাসহ অন্য কয়েকটি অনুন্নত ও নকশাল
অধ্যুষিত এলাকায় এই ধরনের বেশ
কিছু কর্মসূচি নেওয়া হবে বলে সরকারি
সূত্রে জানানো হয়েছে। এই কর্মসূচির
প্রথম লক্ষ্য নকশাল অধ্যুষিত
এলাকাগুলির উন্নয়ন। পরবর্তী পর্যায়ে
গোটা রাজ্যেই এ ধরদের উন্নয়নমূলক
কর্মসূচি নেওয়া হবে।

জামুই ও বাঁকা জেলায় এই প্রকল্পে সরকারি উদ্যোগে গড়ে উঠবে 'ডিজেল নগর', এবং 'জ্যাট্রোপা নগর'। সেখানে সরকারি উদ্যোগে ভ্যারেন্ডা চাষের বাণিজ্যিক উৎপাদনে উৎসাহ দেওয়া হবে। ভ্যারেন্ডা থেকেই তৈরি হয় বায়ো-ডিজেল।

ফলে, ভ্যারেন্ডা চাবের মাধ্যমে বছ লোকের কর্মসংস্থান সম্ভব হবে বলে মনে করছেন সরকারি কর্তারা। এই প্রকল্পে প্রত্যেক পরিবারকে ভ্যারেন্ডা চাবের জন্য গড়ে আড়াই থেকে পাঁচ একর পর্যন্ত জমি লিজ দেবে সরকার। এ ছাড়াও, সেচের সুবিধার জন্য ছোট ছোট বাঁধ গড়তে ৫ হাজার টাকা অনুদানও দেওয়া হবে। ফলে, সারা বছরই কাজের সুযোগ পাবেন গ্রামবাসীরা।

এ ছাড়াও, জাতীয় গ্রামীণ কর্মসংস্থান নিশ্চয়তা প্রকল্পের আওতায় বৃক্ষরোপণ, জলাভূমি উন্নয়ন, বাঁধ নির্মাণ কর্মসূচিও নেবে সরকার। এই পরিকল্পনাগুলি ফলপ্রসূ হলে, চাষের

সময় ছাড়া অন্য মরশুমে শ্রমিকদের দেশাস্তরী হওয়ার প্রবণতাও ঠেকানো যাবে বলে জানানো হয়েছে।

লালু যাদবের হাত থেকে রাজ্যপাটের দখল নেওয়ার পরেই নীতীশ কুমার ব্রুতে পেরেছিলেন, রাজ্যের উন্নয়নের ছবিটা মোটেই সুবিধার নয়। তার **উপর রয়েছে** নকশাল সমস্যা। নীতীশের **শপথে**র কয়েক দিনের মধ্যেই জহানাবাদ সাব-জেলে হানা দিয়ে নকশালরাও তাদের শক্তি বুঝিয়ে দেয়। নীতী**শও ত**খন জানিয়ে দেন, উ**ন্নয়নের হাত ধ**রেই নকশালদের মোকাবিলা করবেন তিনি। তারই ফলশ্রুতিতে উন্নয়নের জ্বন্য এই ধরনের একাধিক কর্মসূচি নেওয়া হ্রায়েছ। স্ববাষ্ট্র সচিব এইচ সি সিরোহি কিছু দিন আগেই জহানাবাদ সফরে যান। সেখানে তিনি সরকারের এই পরিকল্পনার কথা তুলে ধরেন এবং এ গুলি সফল করার জন্য আমলাদের উৎসাহিত করেন।

অবশ্য বিহারের আম জনতার কাছে এ ধরনের সরকারি পরিকল্পনা নতুন কিছু নয়। লালু জমানাতেও তাঁরা একাধিক বার উন্নয়নের প্রতিশ্রুতি পেয়েছেন, কিন্তু উন্নয়ন দেখেননি। সরকারি উদাসীনতা ছাড়াও প্রশাসনের একাংশের দ্র্নীতি এর জন্য অনেকটাই দায়ী। নীতীশ পরিকল্পনা নিয়েছেন। কিন্তু তা কত দূর সফল হবে, তা নিয়ে এখনও ধন্দে সাধারণ মানুষ। -পিটিআই

16 JAN 2300

AMARIANA CAMIKA

AP quota: SC for status quo on HC order press trust of india to stay the verdict, the New Delining to Sabharwal, Justice R.V. Raveenderan said in an inturbed," the bench said. | AP quotal On HC order of the verdict, the same should not be displayed by the verdict, the verdict, the bench said.

terim order.

High Court's quashing of an ordinance providing 5 per cent reservation for THE Supreme Court today ordered status quo on the Andhra Pradesh Muslims in government jobs. Refusing a stay, the court referred the issue to a constitution bench

ation of the judgement and make it opa bench comprising Chief Justice Y K "We are not inclined to stay the opererational as it has invalidated the law,

Admitting a bunch of appeals, including from the Andhra Pradesh government, against the High Court judgement, the apex court referred the matter to the constitution bench.

> However, the bench gave relief to those who have already availed of the quotas benefits by directing the authorities to maintain status quo on the issue. "We are of the view that status quo should continue to the extent that such persons who have been granted admission in the educational institution would continue with the course and not be disturbed and that likewise if appointments to public service have been

Senior advocate Fali S Nariman, apsought a stay on the judgement which Salve, who argued for the students on whose petition the high court had pearing for the state government was opposed by senior advocate Harish quashed the ordinance.

Declining to stay the verdict, the bench said that if the operation of the judgement was stayed, it would mean that a law held to be unconstitutional would continue to operate until the

The Andhra Pradesh government had contended that the high court did not consider Article 16(4) of the Constitution while invalidating the act but Salve drew the attention of the court to Clause 3 of the ordinance which refers to the social and educational backwardness of Muslims residing in the state. Supreme Court's decision.

5 JAN 2006

INDIAN FYTTES

TUESDAY, JANUARY 3, 2006

o matter which party or coalition is in power in Bihar, the caste-based feudal hierarchy in the rural areas of the State is a constant. In a chilling reminder of the vulnerability of the oppressed

sections, six members of the extremely backward Kahar caste in Rampur-Shyamchak village of Vaishali district were burnt to death in the early hours of the New Year for refusing to withdraw a complaint of theft against members of a dominant community. Although the massacre was not directly related to the caste-equations in the village, the perpetrators, all Yadavs, apparently thought their dominant status in the social hierarchy gave them immunity from the law. Without a long-established tradition of such an immunity, the attackers would not have dared to commit a mass murder over an issue as trivial as a complaint of theft of a buffalo. While Bijendra Mahto is still battling for life, his pregnant wife and five children died when their house was set on fire. The killers fired in the air pre-empting any rescue effort. Although the police station was only a couple of kilometres away, Mr. Mahto and his family got no help. Evidently, Mr. Mahto was being taught a lesson: to respect the feudal hierarchy, and to not complain against those higher up in the social order.

As the villagers pointed out to Chief Minister Nitish Kumar after the attack, the police appeared to be on the side of the dominant caste group. The Inspector-in-charge of the Raghopur police station, Noorudin Khan, was placed under suspension after the killing, but it will take much more on the part of the State Government to infuse in the villagers a confidence in the law enforcing machinery. The police are yet to apprehend the main suspect in the killing, Jagat Rai. Kahars, who are in a minority in the village, are helpless if the dominant caste group turns against them. According to Mr. Mahto, the police were informed about Mr. Rai issuing threats asking him to withdraw the complaint. Although the police had earlier arrested Mr. Rai, his son and his nephew on the basis of Mr. Mahto's complaint of theft, no action was taken following the threats. Mr. Rai and his supporters must have known that Mr. Mahto and his family could not count on police protection. The killing is certain to have a political fall-out. The village falls within the constituency of former Chief Minister Rabri Devi, whose party, the Rashtriya Janata Dal, counts Yadavs among its support base. Although RJD chief and Railway Minister Lalu Prasad was quick to condemn the killing, his detractors might sense an opportunity to put him on the defensive. But Mr. Nitish Kumar would do well not to politicise the killing. Ending lawlessness in Bihar is his responsibility. Aside from some brownie points, the Nitish Kumar Government will gain little by continuing to blame Mr. Prasad for all the ills of Bihar. The task before the State administration is to demonstrate to the traditionally oppressed sections that they will not be denied fairplay and justice.

বিহার যুখন বিহারেই 🗸

তীশ কুমারের বিহার যে লালুপ্রসাদ যাদবের বিহার অপেক্ষা উৎকৃষ্ট কিছু নয়, অন্তত এখনও নয়, তাহা স্পষ্ট। জাত-পাতের আধিপতাই এখনও সেখানে সমাজজীবনের গতিপ্রকৃতি নির্ধারণ করে। আগে আধিপত্য ছিল কেবল উচ্চবর্ণীয় ব্রাহ্মণ-ভূমিহ র-ঠাকুরদের। লালুপ্রসাদের বিগত পনেরো বছরের শাসনে অনগ্রসর যাদবরাও বিহারের নৃতন প্রভুত্বকামী গোষ্ঠী। দরিদ্র নিম্নবর্ণীয়দের প্রতি তাহারা সেই আচরণই করিয়া থাকে, যাহা পূর্বে ব্রাহ্মণ-ভূমিহাররা তাহাদের প্রতি করিত। প্রায় একই ভাবে অন্তাক্ত কাহার সম্প্রদায়ের এক পরিবারকে উচিত শিক্ষা দিতে যাদবরা তাহার গর্ভবতী স্ত্রী ও আঠারো মাসের শিশু সহ ছয় জনকে জীবন্ত দপ্ধ করিয়াছে। কাহারদের অপরাধ, তাহাদের একটি গৃহপালিত মহিষ এবং ছয় কাঠা জমি গায়ের জোরে যাদবরা দখল করিলে কাহার গৃহস্থ থানায় অভিযোগ জানাইয়াছিল। বিহারে নিম্নশ্রেণির এ ধরনের স্পর্ধা বরদান্ত করার রেওয়াজ নাই। লালুপ্রসাদের বিহারেও ছিল না, নীতীশ কুমারের বিহারেও নাই।

রাজনীতির মণ্ডলায়ন যে সর্বদা নিম্নবর্গীয়ের ক্ষমতায়ন সূচিত করে নাই, বিহার তাহার জ্বলন্ত দৃষ্টান্ত। সত্য, ইহা পশ্চাৎপদ মানুষের একটা অংশকে আগোর তুলনায় বেশি রাজনৈতিক ক্ষমতা দিয়াছে, দিয়াছে সংরক্ষণের মাধ্যমে অর্থাগমের সুযোগও। কিন্তু সেই ক্ষমতা ও সচ্ছলতা আত্মসাৎ করার পর অন্ত্রসর শ্রেণিগুলি তাহাদের তুলনায় নিম্ন শ্রেণির মানুষের সঙ্গে আচরণে সেই অসাম্য, বৈষম্য, পীড়ন ও শোষণ অনুশীলন করিয়াছে, যাহা তাহাদের সহিত উচ্চবর্ণীয়রা বরাবর করিয়া আসিয়াছে। নব্য ক্ষমতায়িত এই অনগ্রসর শ্রেণি যে এই অনুচিত কর্মে আমলাতন্ত্র ও পুলিশ প্রশাসনেরও আনুকৃল্য লাভ করিয়া থাকে, রঘোপুরের আলোচ্য ঘটনায় তাহাও অস্পষ্ট থাকে নাই। প্রতারিত ও নিগৃহীত কাহার গৃহস্থের অভিযোগ কানে তুলিবার পরিবর্তে পুলিশ তাহার কাছ হইতে বিনা পয়সায় দুধ লইয়াছে। আর অভিযুক্তকে গ্রেফতার না-করার বিনিময়ে যাদব অপহারকের কাছ হইতেও নজরানা আদায় করিয়াছে। মুখ্যমন্ত্রী নীতীশ কুমার ঘটনাস্থলে উপস্থিত হইলে গ্রামবাসীরা যাহাদের বিরুদ্ধে তীব্র ক্ষোভে ফাটিয়া পড়েন, ক্ষোভের তীব্রতা নাকি নীতীশ কুমারকে বিশ্বিত করিয়াছে। হয়তো তিনি পাটলিপুত্রের রাজসিংহাসনকে কুসুমাস্তীর্ণ ভাবিয়াছিলেন।

নীতীশ কুমার সবেমাত্র শাসনভার পাইয়াছেন। বিহারের জাতপাতকণ্টকিত সমাজ ও রাজনীতির গোলযোগগুলি মেরামত করার জন্য তাঁহাকে আরও সময় দেওয়া দরকার, এমন কথা কেহ-কেহ বলিতেছেন। কিন্তু লালুপ্রসাদ ও নীতীশ কুমারের রাজনীতির মধ্যে মৌলিক কোনও প্রভেদ নাই। উভয়েই জয়প্রকাশ নারায়ণের মন্ত্রশিষ্য হইলেও নিজ-নিজ জাতের বা সহযোগী জাতগুলির উন্নয়নের বাহিরে তাঁহাদের দৃষ্টি প্রসারিত নয়। লালুপ্রসাদ যদি যাদবদের ক্ষমতায়নে মনোনিবেশ করিয়া থাকেন, নীতীশ কমার তবে অন্য অনগ্রসর জাত কুর্মিদের। তফশিলি জাতি ও উপজাতির মানুষরা উভয় নেতার কাছেই ব্রাত্য। প্রশাসনের দায়ভার পাইয়াও তাঁহারা সমদর্শী হইবেন, সব শ্রেণি ও জাতের মানুষের উন্নয়নের জন্য পক্ষপাতমুক্ত কর্মসূচি রূপায়ণ করিবেন, এ ভরসা নাই। ফলে বিহারে হরিজন-অন্তাজদের জীবন্ত পুড়াইয়া মারা চলিতেই থাকিবে। সেই সঙ্গে এমন বর্বরতা ঘটা মাত্র প্রতিদ্বন্দ্বী রাজনৈতিক দলগুলির মধ্যে তাহার সুযোগ লইয়া নিজেকে অনগ্রসর-দলিতের মসিহা রূপে তুলিয়া ধরিবার প্রতিযোগিতায় নামিবে। এই মুহুর্তে যেমন নীতীশ কুমারের সঙ্গে লালুপ্রসাদের চলিতেছে।

POLICE DEAF TO VICTIM'S APPEAL

Six of family burnt alive

Manoj Chaurasia in Patna

Jan. 1. — Bihar, seldom allowed a respite from convulsive bouts of blood-curdling violence, woke up on New Year's Day to hear of six members of a Yadav family having been burnt alive late last night in Rampur-Jamchand village, in Mrs Rabri Devi's Raghopur electoral constituency, in the latest twist to a chain of events following, apparently, as serious a matter as the theft of a buffalo.

The chief minister, Mr Nitish Kumar, who visited the place subsequently, ordered a high-level probe. The area is tense and, though three people have been arrested, the main culprit has so far proved elusive. The police said that a criminal gang had locked the mud house of Mr Bijendra Mahato on the outside while his family was asleep before sprinkling kerosene over the thatched roof and setting it can fire. Five children, aged between four and 12 years, and their mother were burnt to death in a petrifying incident few people would forget easily. The

marauders, probably feeling that their job was incomplete, threw Mr Mahato into the raging flames.

Afflicted with serious burns, Mr Mahato was later taken to Patna Medical College and Hospital, where his condition was stated to be critical.

Mr Mahato was said to have filed a case in September against some local people after one of his buffaloes had been stolen. Two people were jailed for this but, quite unsurprisingly, Mr Mahato, too, came to be threatened with retribution unless he stopped the legal proceedings. The police were told of it but they chose to be inactive.

The chief minister found himself forced to visit the village of the massacre as angry locals refused to allow the victims' bodies to be removed until he showed up and ordered an investigation.

He duly announced stern steps against the culprits. Former chief ministers Mrs Rabri Devi and Mr Lalu Prasad, too, were characteristically voluble in their condemnation of the incident.