

## Fracture Mechanics

FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAM 2018

M.E. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING, MASTER OF NUCLEAR ENGINEERING

Time : 3 hrs

full Marks : 100

Group – 'A'

Answer any four questions

1. Answer any four questions (4 X5)
  - a) What is the significance of fracture mechanics in Design.
  - b) Compare the fracture stress from atomic model and stress concentration?
  - c) Compare ductile and brittle fracture ?
  - d) Explain Griffith's criteria for crack growth.
  - e) Show that the energy release rate in load control & displacement control are same.
  
2. Answer any four questions (4 X5)
  - a) Explain different modes of fracture ?
  - b) Explain conditions for stable and unstable crack growth ?
  - c) Explain thickness dependence of fracture toughness ?
  - d) Derive size of plastic zone for plane stress and plane strain situations ?
  - e) Explain Irwin's correction for  $K_I$  for SSY situation
  
3. Answer any four questions (4 X5)
  - a) How J Integral is measured from multiple specimen method ?
  - b) How CTOD can be a fracture parameter for EPFM ?
  - c) Why pre-cracking is required for measurement of fracture toughness ?
  - d) How J Integral can be measured for a growing crack ?
  - e) Describe any method for measurement of crack growth.
  
4. Answer any four questions (4 X5)
  - a) Discuss constraint dependence of  $J_{IC}$  ?
  - b) Describe different zone for crack tip surrounding & corresponding fracture parameters ?
  - c) Explain temperature dependence of fracture toughness ?
  - d) How fracture toughness can be described in ductile to brittle transition zone ?
  - e) Discuss the metallographic parameters influencing fracture.
  
5. Answer any four questions (4 X5)
  - a) Explain the scope of the transferability of  $J_{IC}$  from specimen to component?
  - b) How constraint level depends on loading type, specimen type, thickness, a/w ratio?
  - c) What is meant by T stress & Bi-axiality ratio?
  - d) How the contribution of T stress is considered to nullify the effect of constraint?
  - e) How J-R curve is applied considering 'Q'?

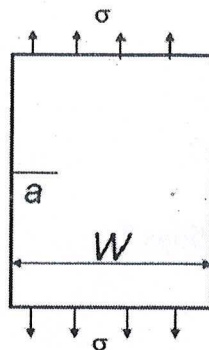
6. Answer any four questions (4 X5)

- What aspects are significant in case of dynamic fracture ?
- How fracture toughness is measured for high loading rate based on response time ?
- Explain crack arrest phenomenon and its significance ?
- Describe the effect of strain rate on ductile fracture and brittle fracture ?
- What is dynamic fracture toughness and how it depends on crack speed ?
- How Stress Intensity factor is modified to include the effect of crack speed?

Group – 'B'

Answer any two questions (2 X 10)

- A large plate having a central crack of 30mm long fractures at stress of 7MPa. Calculate strain energy release rate using i) Griffith theory and ii) LEFM.
- containing an edge crack of 20 mm and determine the plastic zone size and effective crack length and effective stress intensity factor. The plate is loaded in Mode I with a far field stress of 150MPa and the yield strength of the material is 350MPa. The stress intensity factor (SIF) is indicated in the sketch.



$$K_I = \sigma \sqrt{\pi a} f(\alpha) ; \alpha = a/W ; 0 < \alpha < 0.6$$

$$f(\alpha) = 1.12 - 0.23 \alpha + 10.55 \alpha^2 - 21.72 \alpha^3 + 30.39 \alpha^4$$

- A 3 mm thick tension panel 10 cm wide containing an edge crack of 1 mm yielded at a load of 150 kN. However, at a load of 120kN, another panel of same material cracked into two pieces when the crack was 5 mm long. With this information, calculate the yield stress and fracture toughness of the material.
- A plate having a central crack of 10 mm long and inclined at  $20^\circ$  is subjected to a stress of 200 MPa. Fracture toughness of the material is  $30 \text{ MPa m}^{1/2}$ . Check whether crack growth will be there or not ?