

MASTER OF ETCE/EE/BIOMED ENGG/MCSE/ILLUMINATION ENGG FIRST YEAR
FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2018
Artificial Intelligence and Soft Computing

Time: 3 Hours

Full marks: 100

Answer any FOUR questions.

1. Read the following paragraph and hence answer the queries listed below.

“A farmer wants to transfer his three belongings: a wolf, a goat and a cabbage, by a boat from the left to the right bank of a river. The boat can carry at most two items including the farmer. If unattended, the wolf may eat up the goat, and the goat may eat up the cabbage.”

- a) Design the rule-base required to solve the problem of the farmer. [10]
- b) How will you represent the problem states? State the starting and the terminal states. [3 + 3]
- c) Solve the necessary steps of forward/backward reasoning to solve the problem. [9]

- 2. a) State the rule-base for the water-jug problem. [8]
- b) Develop 2 heuristic functions for the problem, and explain which one is better and why? [4 + 3]
- c) Use the better heuristic to solve the problem using A* algorithm. [6]
- d) Explain following the A* algorithm what you had to do when the new-born child node already exists in the tree as a closed node. [4]

- 3. a) Write down the steps of the Wang’s algorithm. [9]
- b) Using Wang’s algorithm prove the following logical statement.
 $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow p) \Leftrightarrow (p \wedge q) \vee (\neg p \wedge \neg q)$. [10]
- c) Prove by syntactic method that $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) \Rightarrow (p \wedge q) \rightarrow r$. [6]

- 4. a) Illustrate the resolution theorem of prepositional logic. [4]

b) Using propositional resolution principle show that the 'r' follows from the following propositional clauses:

i) $p \vee q$

ii) $\neg q \vee r$

iii) $\neg p \vee s$

iv) $\neg s$.

[8]

c) Define and illustrate the resolution principle in predicate logic.

[4]

d) Given the following predicate logic statements:

Biscuit (coconut-crunchy)

Child (mary)

Takes (mary, coconut-crunchy)

$\text{Child}(X) \wedge \text{Biscuit}(Y) \wedge \text{Takes}(X, Y) \rightarrow \text{Loves}(\text{john}, X)$

Prove that John loves Mary.

[9]

5. a) What is gradient descent learning?

[3]

b) Explain how gradient descent learning can be applied to adapt a single weight of a neuron employing Sigmoid function.

[5]

c) Derive the weight adaptation rules in Back-propagation algorithm.

[9]

d) Write down the steps of multi-input, multi-output training of a Neural Net using Back-propagation algorithm.

[8]

6. a) What is a fuzzy set? How is it different from classical sets?

[2 + 3]

b) How do you represent a binary relation by a matrix? How will you represent the distance between two point sets: $X=\{1, 2, 3\}$ and $Y=\{2, 3, 4\}$ by a fuzzy relation?

[5]

c) Represent a 3-point membership function of the fuzzy concepts: height is MEDIUM and speed is HIGH. Then describe the rule: If height is MEDIUM Then speed is HIGH by Lukasiewicz type implication function.

[5]

d) Now, consider a 3-point membership function to represent *height is NOT SO MEDIUM*, and determine the membership function of speed is *NOT SO HIGH*.

[5]

e) De-fuzzify the final membership function.

[5]

7. Write a technical essay on any ONE of the following topics:

[25]

- a) Theorem-proving by forward and backward chaining,
- b) The A* algorithm
- c) EEG-based position control of a robot arm,
- d) Particle Swarm Optimization algorithm.