## M. E. CIVIL ENGINEERING FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2018

SUBJECT – Analysis and Design of Tall Structures (Name in full)

Time: Three hours

Full Marks 100

40 marks for this part)

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part PART I

(IS 456, IS13920, IS 4998, SP 16 are allowed in the hall)

1.Design and detail a concrete shear wall (4000mm X 300mm) as per IS 13920 with the following data

Factored axial load = 4500 kN, factored shear force = 350 kN, factored bending moment = 2500 kN-m.

Assume M30 concrete and Fe500 steel.

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## OR

1. Calculate the resultant wind shear and moment at the base section of a concrete chimney with the following details considering the simplified approach for both along and across wind effects as per IS 4998 - I:

Chimney height - 20 m

Bottom and top diameters -2 m and 1.6 m respectively.

Wall thickness - 200 mm

Location - Gangtok

Assume M30 concrete and Fe500 steel.

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## ► Civil Engineering Examination , 2018 (1<sup>st</sup> year – 2<sup>nd</sup> semester)

## Analysis and Design of Tall Structures

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks

Full marks: 100

Part II (60)

Assume reasonable value of any data if required Answer any two questions

30

- 1. A 90 m high RCC chimney has to be constructed in Kolkata on medium soil. External diameter of the chimney is 5m and wall thickness is 500mm. Calculate approximate bending moment and shear force at the base level due to earthquake. Apply "Modal analysis technique" considering two lumped mass model. Calculate also base shear using "Response spectrum method" as per IS 1893 and compare with the results using "Modal analysis technique". Make comments.
  - 30
- 2. Estimate the base shear of a G+2 RCC building in Agartala on isolated footing on medium soil . Size of building =  $15m \times 15m$ . Four columns in both the direction. Spacing of columns = 5m. Column dimensions =  $400mm \times 400mm$ . Beam dimensions =  $250mm \times 450mm$ . Grade of concrete M25. Load on each floor =  $7KN/m^2$ . Foundation to first floor = 5.8m. Floor to floor height = 3m.

 $5 \times 6 = 30$ 

- 3(a) Discuss with example the effect of irregularities on base shear and ductility.
- (b) Discuss "Probabilistic Dynamic Analysis"
- (c) What is "Strong column week beam concept" and "Performance Driven design"
- (d) Discuss "Hydro-dynamic effect" in elevated water tank in seismic condition
- (e) Discuss "Push over analysis"