

.....**M.E Civil Engineering 1st Year**... EXAMINATION, 2018
(1st/ 2nd Semester / Repeat / Supplementary / Annual / Bi Annual)

SUBJECT ...**Structural Optimization**
(Name in full)

PAPER**XX**.....

Full Marks 100
(60 marks for part I)

Time: ~~Two hours~~/Three hours/~~Four hours~~/Six hours

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

No. of Questions	PART I	Marks
Answer any four questions		
1.	Find a suitable scaling of variables to reduce the condition number of the Hessian matrix of the following function to 1. $f(x, y) = 6x_1^2 - 6x_1x_2 + 2x_2^2 - x_1 - 2x_2$	15
2.	Minimize $f(x_1, x_2) = 2x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2 + x_2^2 + x_1 - x_2$ from the starting point $X = \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$. Use Powell's method . Given, probe length is 0.01.	15
3.	Minimize $f(x, y) = 2x^2 + 2xy + y^2 + x - y$. Take the points defining the initial simplex as $X_1 = \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ y \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 4.0 \\ 4.0 \end{Bmatrix}$, $X_2 = \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ y \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 5.0 \\ 4.0 \end{Bmatrix}$ and $X_3 = \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ y \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 4.0 \\ 5.0 \end{Bmatrix}$ And $\alpha = 1.0$, $\beta = 0.5$ and $\gamma = 2.0$. For convergence, take ϵ as 0.2	15
4.	Minimize $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 - x_2 + 2x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2 + x_2^2$. Starting from $X_1 = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$. Use Conjugate gradient method .	15
5.	Find the minimum of $f = x^2 - 1.5x$ in the interval (0.0, 1.0) to within 10% of the exact value. Use Dichotomous search method .	15

M.E.CIVIL ENGINEERING FIRST YEAR SECOND SEM. EXAM. -2018

Subject: STRUCTURAL OPTIMIZATION

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks 100

PART-II (Marks-40)

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

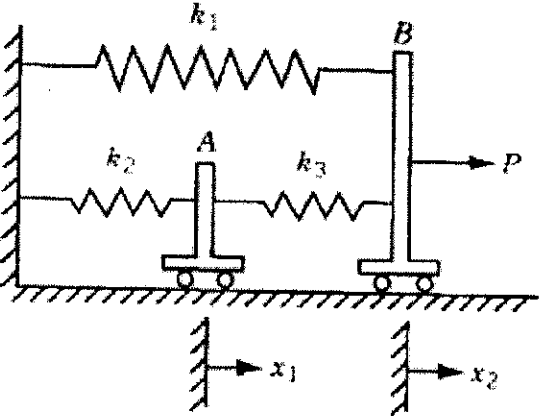
No. of questions	Answer question no.1 and any three from question no. 2	Marks (4+12x3)=40
1.	How can you test positive definiteness of a matrix	4
2. a)	<p>Answer any three.</p> <p>Figure 1. Shows two frictionless rigid bodies A and B connected by three linear elastic spring constants k_1, k_2, and k_3. The springs are at their natural positions when the applied force P is zero. Find the displacements x_1 and x_2 under the force P by using the principle of minimum potential energy.</p>  <p>The diagram shows a horizontal surface with a fixed wall on the left. Two rigid bodies, A and B, are placed on rollers on this surface. Body A is connected to the wall by a spring with constant k_2. Body B is connected to the wall by a spring with constant k_1. A spring with constant k_3 connects body A and body B. A horizontal force P is applied to body B, pointing to the right. Displacements x_1 and x_2 are indicated by arrows pointing to the right from the initial positions of bodies A and B, respectively.</p>	12 x 3 =36

Fig. 1.

b)	A beam of uniform rectangular cross-section is to be cut from a log having a circular cross-section of diameter $2a$. The beam has to be used as a cantilever beam (the length is constant) to carry a concentrated load at the free end. Find the dimensions of the beam that correspond to the maximum (bending) stress carrying capacity.	
c)	Prove that for multivariable optimization with no constraints a sufficient condition for a stationary point X^* to be an extreme point if the matrix of second partial derivatives (Hessian matrix) of $f(X)$ evaluated at X^* is (i) Positive definite when X^* is a relative minimum point and (ii) Negative definite when X^* is a relative maximum point	
d)	Using Simplex method Maximize $Z=3X_1+2X_2$ Subjected to $X_1 + X_2 \leq 4$ $X_1 - X_2 \leq 2$ $X_1, X_2 \geq 0$.	