

Master of Engineering Examination 2018

(1st year 1st semester)

Environmental Pollution & Management

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks: 100

Use separate Answer-Scripts for each part (60 marks for Part I and 40 marks for Part II)

Part-1

Answer Question No. 1 and any Two from the rest. Answers Question No. 1 first.

1. Answer briefly:

- a) Draw a *sketch* to show the *hierarchy* of management of environmental pollution.
- b) 'Lapse rate is *favourable* in Troposphere'-explain with a *sketch*.
- c) What are *criteria air pollutants* (CAPs)?
- d) What may be '*primary standard of primary air pollutant*'?
- e) Why is carbon monoxide emission from *industrial sources* comparatively less?
- f) What is *aerodynamic diameter*? Give *examples*.
- g) Name the *four air pollutants* which are generally measured by high volume samplers.
- h) *When* was ammonia included in NAAQS and *why*?
- i) How are the two organic CAPs *related*?
- j) Name the *primary CAPs* to be controlled to control acid rain.
- k) Name the GHG whose *GWP is unity* and why is it unity?
- l) Comment about ODPs of *trichlorofluoromethane and hydrochlorofluorocarbons*.
- m) Write the *catalytic reactions* related with control of photochemical smog.
- n) With a *sketch* define '*NE*' wind.
- o) Name two force field settlers along with *relevant forces*.

2X15=30

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Part-1

2. a) Correlate the terms waste treatment, change of phase, threshold values, carrying capacity and sustainable development with examples from the field of air pollution.
- b) Draw the infrared portion of combined absorption spectra and define natural Greenhouse Effect.
- c) Draw the UV portion of global energy balance sketch and define albedo. Show that the albedo of earth is around one-fifth of the global albedo. Comment about it. 5+5+5=15
3. a) 'Minimizations may be regarded as the only option to manage Ozone Depletion problem'-explain. 'Climate Change and Ozone Depletion problem should be solved in unison.'-explain.
- b) Define Acid Rain with respect to bicarbonate acidity only. Describe its effect on materials, aquatic ecosystem and forest ecosystem very briefly.
- c) Describe NO-NO₂-O₃ cycle. Mention its limitation. 5+5+5=15
4. Define/Describe any five followings with sketches, wherever possible:
 (i) absolutely stable and absolutely unstable (ii) wind rose (iii) separation in high volume sampler
 (iv) fumigating plume (v) ESP (vi) Baghouse (vii) mixing height (viii) Wet Scrubber 3X5= 15

SUBJECT: ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION & MANAGEMENT

(Name in full)

Full Marks: 100

Time: ~~Two hours~~/~~Three hours~~/~~Four hours~~/ **Six hours**

(40 marks for this part)

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

No. of Question	Part-II	Marks
<u>Answer Question-1 and any two from the rest</u>		
Q.1) a)	What are the essential characteristics of an "Eutrophic Lake"?	4
b)	Describe with the help of a neat sketch the effect of "Thermal Stratification" on Dissolved Oxygen level of an oligotrophic and eutrophic lake during different seasons.	6
c)	Establish the relationship between different sound levels (L_I , L_P and L_w) in the context of "Outdoor Noise".	6
d)	Derive the necessary expression for "Addition of Sound Intensity Levels".	4
Q.2) a)	<p>A township discharges 5.65MGD of raw sewage, containing 7.4mg/L of phosphorous and 17 mg/L of nitrogen, into an adjacent river that enters a lake short distance downstream.. For river it is given: i) average flow rate is 5823 l/sec. ii) Mean nitrogen content= 0.21mg/L iii) Mean phosphorous content= 0.03mg/L.</p> <p>The lake is used as a municipal water source and has a surface area of 30,250 acres and a mean depth of 10m. Developments around the lake contribute an estimated 1837 Kg of phosphorous and 11,791Kg of nitrogen annually.</p> <p>Given for 10m depth, permissible loading for nitrogen= 1.5gm/m²/year and permissible loading for phosphorous= 0.1gm/m²/year. Estimate the followings:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Nitrogen and phosphorous loadings from lake, river, sewage and in total. ii. Determine respective % removal of nitrogen and phosphorous in the sewage treatment plant. 	(6+4)

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(40 marks for this part)

No. of Question	Part-II	Marks																																				
Q.3) a)	<p>An electrical saw machine was subjected to a noise monitoring study and the results obtained in terms of sound pressure level (L_p) and sound power level (L_w) at a 30m distance are furnished in the table below. Calculate the total sound pressure level (L_{PT}) and total sound level (L_{PAT}) at a distance of 50m from the unit. Consider the propagation of sound under outdoor condition.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="326 752 1409 909"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="326 752 472 790">Levels</th> <th colspan="8" data-bbox="472 752 1409 790">Octave band centre frequency (in Hertz)</th> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="326 790 472 828"></td> <td data-bbox="472 790 586 828">63</td> <td data-bbox="586 790 688 828">125</td> <td data-bbox="688 790 807 828">250</td> <td data-bbox="807 790 925 828">500</td> <td data-bbox="925 790 1044 828">1000</td> <td data-bbox="1044 790 1162 828">2000</td> <td data-bbox="1162 790 1281 828">4000</td> <td data-bbox="1281 790 1409 828">8000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="326 828 472 866">L_w in dB</td> <td data-bbox="472 828 586 866">97</td> <td data-bbox="586 828 688 866">95</td> <td data-bbox="688 828 807 866">91</td> <td data-bbox="807 828 925 866">92</td> <td data-bbox="925 828 1044 866">89</td> <td data-bbox="1044 828 1162 866">86</td> <td data-bbox="1162 828 1281 866">87</td> <td data-bbox="1281 828 1409 866">78</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="326 866 472 909">L_p in dB</td> <td data-bbox="472 866 586 909">65</td> <td data-bbox="586 866 688 909">63</td> <td data-bbox="688 866 807 909">59</td> <td data-bbox="807 866 925 909">61</td> <td data-bbox="925 866 1044 909">60</td> <td data-bbox="1044 866 1162 909">58</td> <td data-bbox="1162 866 1281 909">58</td> <td data-bbox="1281 866 1409 909">55</td> </tr> </thead></table>	Levels	Octave band centre frequency (in Hertz)									63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	L_w in dB	97	95	91	92	89	86	87	78	L_p in dB	65	63	59	61	60	58	58	55	(5+5)
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Q.4) a) b)	<p>Discuss on the significance of "Frequency Band Analysis".</p> <p>Vehicular Noise Data was collected for an important traffic intersection and are furnished below:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="326 1137 1409 1216"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="326 1137 646 1176">Time (sec)</th> <td data-bbox="646 1137 727 1176">5</td> <td data-bbox="727 1137 808 1176">10</td> <td data-bbox="808 1137 889 1176">30</td> <td data-bbox="889 1137 971 1176">45</td> <td data-bbox="971 1137 1052 1176">55</td> <td data-bbox="1052 1137 1133 1176">70</td> <td data-bbox="1133 1137 1214 1176">80</td> <td data-bbox="1214 1137 1295 1176">95</td> <td data-bbox="1295 1137 1377 1176">105</td> <td data-bbox="1377 1137 1458 1176">120</td> <td data-bbox="1458 1137 1539 1176">130</td> <td data-bbox="1539 1137 1620 1176">150</td> </tr> <tr> <th data-bbox="326 1176 646 1216">Sound Level dB(A)</th> <td data-bbox="646 1176 727 1216">72</td> <td data-bbox="727 1176 808 1216">76</td> <td data-bbox="808 1176 889 1216">75</td> <td data-bbox="889 1176 971 1216">78</td> <td data-bbox="971 1176 1052 1216">81</td> <td data-bbox="1052 1176 1133 1216">82</td> <td data-bbox="1133 1176 1214 1216">77</td> <td data-bbox="1214 1176 1295 1216">79</td> <td data-bbox="1295 1176 1377 1216">74</td> <td data-bbox="1377 1176 1458 1216">80</td> <td data-bbox="1458 1176 1539 1216">71</td> <td data-bbox="1539 1176 1620 1216">73</td> </tr> </thead></table> <p>Compute i) Equivalent Sound Level (L_{eq}) ii) Traffic Noise Index (TNI)</p>	Time (sec)	5	10	30	45	55	70	80	95	105	120	130	150	Sound Level dB(A)	72	76	75	78	81	82	77	79	74	80	71	73	4 (3+3)										
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