## BACHELOR OF METALLURGICAL AND MATERIALS ENGG. EXAMINATION, 2023

(2nd Year, 1st Semester, Supplementary)

#### **CHEMISTRY II**

Time: 3 Hours

Ful Marks: 100

(Use separate answer script for each Part)

### PART I (40 Marks)

# Attempt any Four Questions

1. Tick  $(\sqrt{})$  the correct answer(s):

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

- (i) The magnetic properties of  $[NiCl_4]^{2-}$  show 2 unpaired electrons and  $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$  is diamagnetic. Identify the hybridization of the central metal ion:
- (a) sp<sup>3</sup> and sp<sup>2</sup> respectively
- (b) sp<sup>2</sup>d and sp<sup>3</sup>d<sup>2</sup> respectively
- (c) sp<sup>3</sup> and dsp<sup>2</sup> respectively
- (d) sp<sup>3</sup>d<sup>2</sup> and dsp<sup>2</sup> respectively
- (ii) In the formation of ML<sub>6</sub> complex of transition metal ions the valence d orbitals of M split, which orbitals appear in lower energy?
- (a)  $d_{xy}$  and  $d_x 2_{-y} 2$
- (b)  $d_{xy}$ ,  $d_{xz}$  and  $d_{yz}$
- (c)  $d_{xz}$  and  $d_{yz}$
- (d)  $d_x 2_{-y} 2$  and  $d_z 2$
- (iii) What is the reason behind the yellow colour of smog?
- (a) Nitrogen dioxide
- (b) Sulphur dioxide
- (c) Sulphate ions
- (d) Nitrate ions
- (iv) Which is correct to the temperature profile of Atmosphere
- (a) Upper troposphere and lower Mesosphere are hot
- (b) Upper troposphere and lower Mesosphere are hot
- (c) Lower stratosphere and lower Troposphere are cold
- (d) Upper troposphere and lower Stratosphere are cold
- (v) Who is paramagnetic in the following compounds?

- (a)  $[CoF_6]^{3}$
- (b)  $[MnO_4]^-$
- (c) [TiCl<sub>4</sub>(Py)]
- (d)  $[Cu(bpy)_2]^+$
- 2. (a) Write down all possible isomers of  $[M(LL)_2X_2]$  (where LL= symmetric bidentate ligand; X = monodentate ligand). If you use unsymmetric LL' ligand then identify the number of isomers.
  - (b) Write four Principles of Green Chemistry and give short explanation to each point.

6+4=10

- 3. Write a Note on Quality of Drinking Water. How do you measure DO (Dissolved Oxygen) in water? Write chemical reactions. 4+4+2=10
- 4. Explain the followings:

2.5 x4 = 10

- (a) Increase in atmospheric temperature with increasing CO<sub>2</sub> Concentration.
- (b) Ozone layer depletion is related to radical concentration in upper atmosphere.
- (c) What are the effects of Arsenic (As) toxicity? Out of As(III) and As(V) who is more Toxic and why?
- (d) Explain the mechanism of Pb pollution.
- 5. Answer the following questions:

2x5 = 10

- a) What are the effects of halo compounds to the environment?
- b) What are the reasons for toxicity of F in water?
- c) Why [CoCl<sub>4</sub>]<sup>2-</sup> is intensely blue?
- d) What is the effect of increase in SO<sub>2</sub> concentration in air to the plant health?
- e) Write IUPAC name of [CoCl(NO<sub>2</sub>)(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>.

Ex/Met/BS/B/Chem/T/212/2023(S)

# BACHELOR OF METALLURGICAL AND MATERIALS ENGG. EXAMINATION, 2023

(2nd Year, 1st Semester, Supplementary)

### **CHEMISTRY II**

Time: 3 Hours

Ful Marks: 100

(Use separate answer script for each Part)

### PART II (60 Marks)

### 1. Answer any ten questions from the following.

10 x1

- (a) What is the unit of pre-exponential factor in Arrhenius equation for a second order chemical reaction?
- (b) What is the relation between  $K_P$  and  $K_C$ ?
- (c) In which direction does a reversible reaction move when the magnitude of reaction quotient is lower than that of equilibrium constant?
- (d) The rate constant of a certain chemical reaction is 13.6 L³mol⁻³s⁻¹. What is the order of the reaction?
- (e) What do you mean by molecularity of a chemical reaction?
- (f) For the adsorption of the gas on a solid surface, what should be the sign of entropy change?
- (g) What is the relation between rate constant and half-life of a first order chemical reaction?
- (h) What is the nature of the curve of  $\ln k$  vs 1/T?
- (i) At which temperature condition chemisorption is favoured?
- (i) Which kind of reaction does not undergo completion?
- (k) What is the unit of activation energy  $(E_a)$  of a chemical reaction?
- (1) For the adsorption of HI on gold surface, state the name of adsorbate and adsorbent.
- (m) Give an example of fraction order chemical reaction.

#### Answer any five questions from the following.

5 x 10

- 2. (a) Establish the relation between  $K_P$  and  $K_X$ .
- (b) Consider the following reactions

 $H_2(g) + I_2(g) = 2HI(g)$ ; Equilibrium constant =  $K_1$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$  H<sub>2</sub> (g) +  $\frac{1}{2}$ I<sub>2</sub> (g) = HI (g); Equilibrium constant = K<sub>2</sub>

Establish the relation between  $K_1$  and  $K_2$ .

(c) Consider the following reaction,

$$SO_{2}(g) + NO_{2}(g) = SO_{3}(g) + NO(g)$$

The equilibrium constant, Kc is found to be 16 at a particular temperature. If we take two moles of each species at the beginning in a 1 Litre container, what would be the concentration of the reactants and products at equilibrium?

3+3+4

- 3. (a) "Chemical equilibrium is dynamic in nature" explain.
- (b) Consider the following dissociation reaction of PCl<sub>5</sub> -

[ Turn over

$$PCl_5(g) = PCl_3(g) + Cl_2(g)$$

Initially, 3 moles of PCl<sub>5</sub> (g) are kept in a 1L closed reaction vessel and allowed to attain equilibrium at 380 K. The equilibrium constant,  $K_C$  is found to be 1.8. Calculate the number of moles of each species at equilibrium.

- (c) For a certain chemical reaction, the magnitude of equilibrium constant,  $K_P$  is found to be 1.64 x10<sup>4</sup> and 1.44 x 10<sup>-5</sup> at 673K and 773K temperature respectively. Calculate the value of standard molar enthalpy change of the reaction.
- 4. (a) Derive the expression for equilibrium constant,  $K_P$  for the following dissociation reaction of  $N_2O_4$  in terms of the degree of dissociation and total pressure

$$N_2O_4(g) = 2 NO_2(g)$$

- (b) Deduce the expression of integrated form of rate equation for second order chemical reaction.
- (c) Show that for a first order chemical reaction, the time required for the 99 % completion is almost 6.64 times of the half-life of the reaction.

  4+3+3
- 5. (a) Consider the following reaction

$$C_2H_5I(g) = C_2H_4(g) + HI(g)$$

Express the rate of the reaction in terms of rate of change of concentrations of each species (reactant and products).

- (b) Show that for a second order chemical reaction, the half-life of the reaction is inversely proportional to the initial concentration of the reactant.
- (c) Rate constants of the decomposition of certain hydrocarbon is 2.41 x 10<sup>-5</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> at 546 K. If the activation energy of the reaction is 179.9 KJ mol<sup>-1</sup>, what will be the value of pre-exponential factor?

3+3+4

- 6. (a) 'Adsorption is generally an exothermic process'- explain.
- (b) Derive the expression for fraction of surface covered ( $\theta$ ) for the adsorption of a gas on solid surface according to Langmuir isotherm.
- (c) How can you determine the value of K and n graphically for Freundlich adsorption isotherm.

3+4+3

- 7. (a) Write down the differences between physisorption and chemisorption.
- (b) At 273 K and 1atm pressure, only 0.2 fraction of the solid surface is covered by the CO gas. Calculate the equilibrium constant for the adsorption process according to Langmuir adsorption isotherm.
- (c) How can you obtain Freundlich isotherm starting from expression of Langmuir adsorption isotherm applying high-pressure and low-pressure condition. 3+3+4