

**B.E. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER
SUPPLEMENTARY EXAM – 2023**

ELECTIVE – II ADVANCED CONTROL THEORY

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks: 100

Answer both parts on the same answer script

Part-I

Answer any three questions from this part (all questions carry equal marks)
Two marks for neat and well-organized answers

1. a) State five common sources and types of nonlinearity in plants and controllers. 5+4+
(2+3)+2
- b) What is static non-linearity? Explain with an example.
- c) (i) What is dead-zone type of nonlinear characteristics? (ii) Why is it called a nonlinearity without memory?
- d) Give two examples of nonlinearity with memory.
2. a) Define equilibrium point of a nonlinear dynamic system. 4+6+6
- b) Obtain the equilibrium points for the following nonlinear system
- $$\dot{x}_1 = -x_1 + x_2$$
- $$\dot{x}_2 = 0.5x_1 - 1.5x_2 + 2x_1^2$$
- c) Obtain the linearized equations about the equilibrium point at the origin for the system given in part (b) above.
3. a) State the advantages and disadvantages of on-off control. 3+5+8
- b) Describe the functioning of an on-off type temperature controller for an electric oven with the help of a schematic diagram. Sketch and explain the necessary controller characteristics.
- c) Assuming that the above on-off temperature control system has a first order plant with a finite delay, obtain approximate expressions for on-time, off-time and duty cycle of the system. Sketch the time response.

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4. a) With suitable phase plane diagram discuss how the stability of standard second order system with different pole locations may be analyzed by their phase portraits. 8+8
- b) A satellite attitude control system has forward-reverse type of thrusters and a controller with proportional plus derivative control with dead zone. With the help of a phase plane plot investigate the stability of the system.

5. a) Define (i) Asymptotic Stability (ii) Global Asymptotic Stability. 4+6+6
- b) A nonlinear system is given by

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_2 + (x_1^2 + 1)x_1 + x_1 \cos x_2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

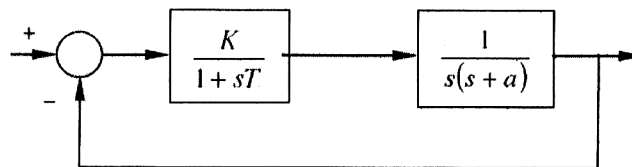
Investigate whether the system is asymptotically stable at $x=0$ using Lyapunov's first theorem or any other suitable method.

- c) State Lyapunov's 2nd theorem. Briefly describe how this theorem may be used to determine the stability of a nonlinear dynamic system. What are its limitations?

Part II

Answer any three questions from this part (all questions carry equal marks)
Two marks for neat and well-organized answers

6. a) Briefly explain the terms *structured uncertainty* and *unstructured uncertainty*. 6+10
- b) In the system shown in Fig 1, the nominal parameters are $a=3$; $T=0.2$; $K=5$. Investigate the stability of the closed-loop system by assuming $\pm 2\%$ uncertainty in each parameter.



7. a) A process plant given by $G_1(s) = \frac{5}{(s+1)(0.05s+1)}$ is modeled by using 4+6+6
the transfer function $G_2(s) = \frac{5}{s+1}$.

For the above plant and its model, compare

- (i) the open loop unit step responses,
- (ii) the closed loop unit step responses,
- (iii) the frequency responses (Bode plot).

8. a) Given a transfer function $G(s) = \frac{10}{(s+2)(s+5)}$. Find $\|G\|_2$. 4+6+6

- b) For the system with transfer function $G(s) = \frac{0.5s+1}{0.2s+1}$, find $\|G\|_\infty$.

- c) Given a system with transfer function $G(s) = \frac{100}{s^2 + 20s + 100}$. Briefly describe the methods which may be used to find $\|G\|_\infty$ for the above system.

9. A ship roll stabilization system has a forward path transfer function 3+3+6+4

$$\frac{\phi_a(s)}{\delta_a(s)} = \frac{K}{(s+1)(s^2 + 0.7s + 2)}$$

- a) For the condition $K=1$, find the state and output equations when

$$x_1 = \phi_a(t), x_2 = \dot{x}_1, x_3 = \dot{x}_2 \text{ and } u = \delta_a(t)$$

- b) Demonstrate that the system is fully observable.
- c) Design a full order state observer such that the closed-loop poles are at $-16; -16.15 \pm j16.5$.
- d) If the output $x_1 = \phi_a(t)$ is measured, design a reduced order state observer with desired closed-loop poles at $-16.15 \pm j16.5$.

10. A regulator contains a plant described by

6+6+4

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u; y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x$$

and has the performance index

$$J = \int_0^{\infty} \left[x^T \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x + 0.1u^2 \right] dt .$$

For the above plant,

- Determine the Riccati matrix P in the steady state
- Design an optimum controller
- Find the closed loop eigenvalues of the controlled system with the controller designed in 10 (b).