

[4]

- c) What do you mean by "torqueoselectivity"? Explain with an example.
- 5. a) Draw a scheme with reagents and conditions for the conversion of D-glucose to L-gulose. 3
 - b) Write the structure of nitrogene base-pairing, including hydrogen bonding found in DNA. 2
 - c) Furfural is the main product when the aqueous solution of an aldopentose is heated with acid explain mechanistically.
 2
 - d) Write the name and structure of the sugar obtained from the glucose by Ruff degradation. Mention the reagent condition and mechanism in each step. 3

Ex/SC/CHEM/UG/CORE/TH/12/2023(S)

B. SC. CHEMISTRY (SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTARY) EXAMINATION, 2023 (5th Semester, CBCS, CHEMISTRY (CORE) PAPER: CHEM/TH/12 Time : Two Hours Full Marks : 40

(20 marks for each unit)

Use a separate answer script for each unit.

<u>UNIT - 5121-0</u>

- 1. a) Carry out the following transformation mentioning the reagents used and product formed in each step: Naphthalene \rightarrow Anthracene $1\frac{1}{2}$
 - b) Predict the product(s) with plausible mechanism of the following reactions (any *two*): $1\frac{1}{2} \times 2$

i)
$$H + NH_3 \xrightarrow{NaHSO_3(aq)} ?$$

ii)
$$H \xrightarrow{\text{He}} H \xrightarrow{\text{He}} H \xrightarrow{\text{He}} H \xrightarrow{\text{He}} H \xrightarrow{\text{He}} H \xrightarrow{\text{He}} H$$

iii) $(N) \xrightarrow{1. \text{NaNH}_2, \text{PhNH}_2}{100^{\circ}\text{C}}?$

2. a) Answer any *one* of the following questions: $1\frac{1}{2}$

i) Pyrrole undergoes electrophilic attack at C-2 position whereas indole undergoes electrophilic attack at C-3.

- ii) Pyridine N-oxide undergoes both electrophilic and nucleophilic attacks at the same positions.
- b) Predict the product(s) of the following reactions with plausible mechanism (any *two*): 2×2







- 3. a) What is the preferential orientation (equatorial or axial) of phenyl group in 1-methyl-1-phenylcyclohexane? Give explanation. $2\frac{1}{2}$
 - b) Compare with justification the saponification rates of two diastereoisomeric ethyl 4-*tert*-butylcyclohexanecarboxylates. $2\frac{1}{2}$
 - c) Draw and label all the elements of symmetry present in the boat conformation of cyclohexane and thereby propose its point group.
 - d) Explain the term 'pseudorotation' in connection with 'ring inversion of cyclohexane'. $1\frac{1}{2}$

e) Describe schematically resolution of *racemic* 2hydroxypropanoic acid *via* formation of diastereomeric salts. Give also the chemical reaction(s) involved. $1\frac{1}{2}$

<u>UNIT - 5122-0</u>

- 4. a) With the help of FMO analysis, explain the following observations (any *two*): $1\frac{1}{2} \times 2$
 - i) Ethylene and maleic anhydride do not give a cyclobutane derivative when heated together



- ii) [1,3]-sigmatropic rearrangement occurs suprafacially with inversion of configuration of the migration group.
- iii) [4+2]-cycloaddition is photochemically forbidden.
- b) Predict the product(s) with proper stereochemistry of the following pericyclic reactions. Explain their formation on the basis of FMO approach with mechanism (any *three*): 2×3



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