

M.E. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2017
 MASTER OF NUCLEAR ENGINEERING EXAMINATION, 2017

Two Phase Flow, Boiling and Condensation

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 100

Answer two questions from each part
 Use separate answer script for each part.

Part-I (Answer any two questions from this part)

1. a) Derive the expression for minimum superheat for vapour nucleus formation as a function of relevant thermo-physical parameters. 15
- (b) Explain why superheating requirement is less for heterogeneous nucleation? 10
2. (a) Develop Rohsenow's correlation for nucleate boiling with proper non-dimensionalization. 15
- (b) How the onset of nucleate boiling temperature is determined? 10
- 3.(a) Derive Rayleigh equation of bubble dynamics. 12
- (b) What do you mean by subcooled film boiling? Derive the expression of Nusselt number for 'subcooled film boiling under forced convection' for a heated vertical plate. 13

Part - II

Answer any TWO questions

All parts of the same question must be answered together.

- Q:1(a) Derive Reynolds Transport Theorem for a control volume containing a single fluid. 20
- (b) What is a material volume? What is the velocity of the control surface of a material volume 5
- Q:2(a) Assuming equations for conservation of mass and momentum for single phase fluids and Reynolds Transport Theorem for a control volume containing a discontinuity, derive the expressions for mass and momentum balance across an interface between two dissimilar fluids. Neglect surface tension effects. 20
- (b) Write a short note on multifluid model. 5
- Q:3 a) Assuming the following expression for the pressure gradient of a homogeneous steady one-dimensional two phase flow
- $$\frac{dp}{dz} = \frac{\frac{2C_f}{D} G^2 (v_1 + xv_{12}) + G^2 v_{12} \frac{dx}{dz} - G^2 (v_1 + xv_{12}) \frac{1}{A} \frac{dA}{dz} + \frac{g \sin \theta}{v_1 + xv_{12}}}{1 + G^2 \left[x \frac{dv_2}{dp} + (1-x) \frac{dv_1}{dp} \right]}$$
- where the symbols have usual meaning, deduce the expression for velocity of sound in a two-phase medium in terms of velocities of sound in the components and volume fraction of the components. Show that in the limit of $\rho_1 \gg \rho_2$ and $\rho_1 c_1^2 \gg \rho_2 c_2^2$, the velocity of sound in two phase medium can be expressed as
- $$c^2 = \frac{\rho_2}{\rho_1} \frac{c_2^2}{\alpha(1-\alpha)} \quad 15$$
- b) Define the following terms: (a) volume fraction (b) mass fraction (c) drift flux (d) drift velocity 10