time: 3 hr

# Master of Science (Instrumentation) Examination, 2017 2<sup>nd</sup> year, 1<sup>st</sup> Semester SUBJECT :DATA ACQUISITION & INTERFACING

PAPER : XI (T-301)

Total Marks 100

## Group A

## Q1. Answer any four questions, each question carries 10 Marks

- I. What is electrical noise. Describe the function of a lockin Amplifier with circuit diagram [2+8]
- II. Mention at least 4 applications of PLL. How phase angle between two sinusoidal signal of same frequency can be detected by using analog multiplier [2+8]
- III. Show that with it's all sections Phase Locked Loop is a second order system and also find out the expression for natural frequency of this second order system.[10]
  - a. What are the basic assumptions for electrical circuit analysis and why these assumptions are not workable so far as EMI is concerned?
  - b. What is ground loop in an electronic circuit, show with diagram.
  - c. Show with block diagram, single point grounding scheme of a hybrid circuit containing analog digital and power circuit. [4+2+4]
- IV. a, A capacitor in the output low pass filter circuit of a AC to DC converter type power supply produces pulsating current. Explain this with circuit and showing nature of current in time domain.
- b, How isolation transformer protects sensitive electronic circuit from transient surge voltages appearing in the mains input [6+4].

[ Turn over

## Group B

#### 2. Answer any five questions:

2x5=10

- I. What is the difference between maskable and non-maskable interrupt?
- II. What do you mean by sampling and anti-aliasing filter?
- III. Write the difference between grounded and floating type signal source.
- IV. What is the difference between single-ended and double ended signals?
- V. What is the function of INT and INTA pin in 8259?
- VI. Write down the functions of the two control signals in DMA transfer.
- VII. What do you mean guard band?

## 3. Answer any five questions:

I. What is the use of the Sample and hold circuit? Discuss briefly about the different performance parameter of the S/H circuit. Write the purpose of sample and hold circuit. Discuss about the operating modes of sample and hold circuit.

1+5+2+2=10

II. What is multiplexing? What do you mean by multiplexer and de-multiplexer? Explain the working of Frequency Division Multiplexing with a proper diagram.

1+2+7=10

III. Distinguish between FDM and TDM. Explain the working of Time Division Multiplexing with a proper diagram. Distinguish between synchronous and asynchronous TDM.

2+6+2=10

IV. Draw the pin configuration of 8259 and explain the functions of each part with a suitable block diagram. Explain the sequence of events for 8259.

7+3=10

- V. Write short-notes on the following: (any one)
  - a) Mode control register for 8253 and different modes with suitable figure
  - b) Modes of operation of 8279

10

- VI. Explain the working of a 3-bit flash type ADC with suitable diagrams and mathematical expression.

  Discuss the advantages and disadvantages and mention few applications.

  10
- VII. Explain the working of counter type ADC with suitable diagram and mathematical expression. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages. Compare the maximum conversion periods of an 8-bit digital ramp ADC and an 8-bit successive approximation ADC if both utilize a 1 MHz clock frequency.

  8+2=10
- VIII. Explain the working of instrumentation amplifier with suitable mathematical expression. Discuss briefly about Data Acquisition System.

  6+4=10