

Ex/M.Sc/M/B-1.8/37/2017

MASTER OF SCIENCE EXAMINATION, 2017

(2nd Year, 1st Semester)

MATHEMATICS

Unit - 3.5 (B-1.8)

(Computational Fluid Dynamics - I)

Full Marks : 50

Time : Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part.

(Notations have their usual meanings.)

Part - I

(25 Marks)

Answer Question No. 1 and any *two* from the rest.

1. Explain Crank-Nicolson implicit finite difference scheme for solving one-dimensional heat conduction equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \alpha \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}; \quad a \leq x \leq b, \quad t > 0$$

[Turn over]

[2]

subject to the following initial and boundary conditions :

$$u(x, 0) = f(x); \quad a < x < b$$

$$u(a, t) = \phi(t), \quad u(b, t) = \psi(t); \quad t > 0.$$

If the derivative boundary conditions

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - u = 0 \text{ at } x = a \text{ and } \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + u = 0 \text{ at } x = b \text{ are provided}$$

then give the computational scheme for u at the boundaries.

6+3

2. Establish alternating direction implicit (ADI) method for the solution of partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = k \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \right), \text{ where } k = \text{constant} > 0.$$

Also give a physical sketch of the grid generation of ADI scheme.

6+2

3. Deduce explicit finite difference scheme for the solution of second order wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}; \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1, \quad t > 0$$

[Turn over]

[3]

subject to the following initial and boundary conditions :

$$u(x, 0) = f(x), \quad \left[\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right]_{(x, 0)} = g(x); \quad 0 < x < 1$$

$$u(0, t) = \phi(t), \quad u(1, t) = \psi(t); \quad t > 0.$$

Hence investigate the von-Neumann stability analysis. 4+4

4. Derive finite difference scheme for solving 2-D Poisson's equation of the form

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = f(x, y) \text{ in } \Omega: (x, y) \in [0, 1] \times [0, 1]$$

subject to the homogeneous Dirichlet boundary condition
 $u = 0$ on $\partial\Omega$.

Hence represent the finite difference scheme in block diagonal or sparse matrix form. Also state the iterative procedures for solving above finite difference scheme.

5+1½+1½

[Turn over]

[4]

Part - II

(25 Marks)

Answer Question No. 5 and any *one* from the rest.

5. Give an elaborate account of solving one dimensional unsteady convection diffusion problem using finite volume.

Illustrate your procedure to solve the equation.

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + U \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(k \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right) \right)$$

On the interval $0 < x < 1$ with $U = 0.2$ and $k = 0.5$.

Boundary conditions are $\frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = 0$ at $x = 0$ and $x = 1$.

Initial conditions are $T = 1$ for $0.3 < x < 0.7$ and $T = 0$ for otherwise.

Show the matrix used for solution. 8+7=15

6. What is staggered grid ? How is pressure velocity coupling treated using staggering of grid ? Give elaboration about the assumptions. How are momentum equations treated for such problem ? Briefly account for SIMPLE algorithm.

2+4+2+2=10

[Turn over]

[5]

7. Give an account of quadratic upwind differencing scheme with subsequent modifications and assumptions for higher order differencing scheme for convection diffusion problem. 10
