

B. PRINTING ENGINEERING EXAMINATION, 2017

(2<sup>nd</sup> Year, 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester)

PRINTING MACHINE DESIGN

Time : 3 hrs.

Full marks : 100

( attempt any five questions )

1. (a) What are the important terms used in screw threads? (6)  
(b) What do you understand by the single start and double start threads? (3)  
(c) What is meant by a bolt of sizes **M20 X 1.5** and **M20 X 2.5**? (3)  
(d) Explain the method of determining the size of the bolt when the bracket carries an eccentric load acting parallel to the axis of bolts as shown in **FIGURE -1.** (8)
2. (a) What is a Bearing? How will you classify the Bearings? (4)  
(b) On what factors the selection of a Bearing for a particular application depends? (4)  
(c) What are the four main parts of a Ball Bearing? (4)  
(d) Compare Ball and Roller Bearings. (3)  
(e) For a Radial Ball Bearing, the desired rated life is **10,000 hours** for a speed of **600 r.p.m.** and radial load of **5kN**. Find the **basic dynamic load rating** for the Bearing. (5)
3. (a) Distinguish clearly, giving example between shaft, axle and spindle. (6)  
(b) How the shaft is designed when it is subjected to combined twisting and bending moment only? (8)  
(c) A solid shaft is transmitting **1 MW** at **260 r.p.m.** Determine the diameter of The shaft if the maximum torque transmitted exceeds the mean torque by **20%**. Given maximum allowable shear stress ( $\tau$ ) = **60 N/mm<sup>2</sup>**. (6)

4. (a) Explain the terms with neat sketch :
- (i) **Circular pitch** (ii) **tooth thickness** (iii) **base circle**  
(iv) **pressure angle** (v) **module** (10)
- (b) What condition must be satisfied in order that a pair of spur gears may have a constant velocity ratio ? (10)
5. (a) What is a key ? state its function. (4)
- (b) How are the keys classified ? Draw neat sketches of different types of keys and state their applications. (8)
- (c) What do you mean by factor of safety ?  
List the important factors that influence the magnitude of factor of safety. (8)
6. (a) What are the important terms used in limit system ? Explain with neat Sketches. (7)
- (b) What is meant by 'Hole basis system' and 'Shaft basis system' ? Which one is preferred and why? (6)
- (c) Calculate the fundamental deviation and tolerances and hence obtain the limits of sizes for the hole and shaft in the following fit : **60mm H8/f7**,  
Given :  $i = 0.45 \sqrt[3]{D} + 0.001.D$  microns, where **D = G.M. diameter of 50mm and 80mm** and fundamental deviation for shaft 'f' upper deviation  $es = -5.5 (D)^{0.41}$ . (7)
7. A pulley of **Φ900mm** diameter revolving at **200 r.p.m** is to transmit **7.5 kW**. the tension in the tight side is twice that in the slack side. The maximum tension is not to exceed **145N** in **10mm** width of the leather belt. Maximum shear stress  $(\tau) = 63\text{N/mm}^2$ . Determine : (i) **size of the leather belt** (ii) **diameter of the shaft** (iii) **dimensions of the various parts of the pulley**, assuming pulle have six arms. (5 + 7 + 8)
8. A shaft is supported on bearings **A and B**, **800mm** between centres. A **20°** straight tooth spur gear having **Φ600mm** pitch diameter, is located **200mm**

to the right of the left hand bearing A, and a  $\Phi 700\text{mm}$  diameter pulley is mounted  $250\text{mm}$  towards the left of bearing B. The gear is driven by a pinion with a downward tangential force while the pulley drives a horizontal belt having  $180^\circ$  angle of wrap. The pulley also serve as a flywheel and weight  $2000\text{N}$ . The maximum belt tension is  $3000\text{N}$  and the tension ratio is  $3 : 1$ .

Given allowable shear stress of the material is  $40\text{N/mm}^2$ .

Determine : (i) the space diagrams (ii) torque diagram (iii) load diagrams (iv) determine the size of the shaft.

( 4 + 4 + 4 + 8 )

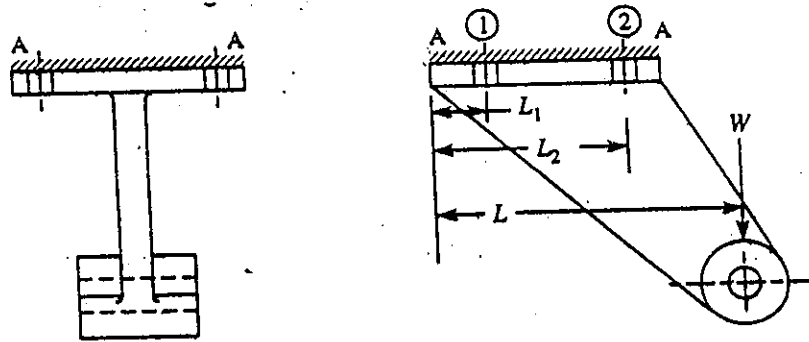


FIGURE-1.