Bachelor of Power Engineering Examination, 2017 (4th Year, 1st Semester, Supplementary) Industrial Administration & Management Science

Time: Three Hours Full Marks: 100

1.	Fill in t	the blanks (write only applicable word(s) or number(s), but not the whole sentence) 1 x 16 =	16							
	(a)	' Method' results in a straight line that minimizes sum of squares of vertical differences or deviations from the line to each of the actual observations.								
	(b)	MAD is a measurement of forecasting error, where MAD stands for Mean Absolute								
	(c)	A dummy activity does not consume resource. True or false?								
		≤ Co-efficient of Determination ≤ +1.								
	(d)	'' - charts calculate the percent defectives in a sample.								
	(e)	As per Vogel's approximation method, an allocation is made on the basis of the cost that								
	(f)	would have been incurred if the allocation in certain cells with minimum unit transportation cost were missed.)							
	(g)	(Lead time of inventory replenishment) x (usage rate of inventory) =								
	(h)	Planned Order Release is an output of Material Requirements Planning? True or false?								
	(i)									
	(j)	Cost of Quality = Cost of Conformance +								
	(k)	Thermography is a method which is used for maintenance.								
	(1)	Biscuit production follows production system.								
	(m) Exponential smoothing model becomes identical to naive model of forecasting when the									
		smoothing constant equals								
	(n)									
	(o)	An event that represents the end of more than one activity is known as a event.								
	(p)	, is regarded as the 'Father of Scientific Management'.								
2.	Answe	er any three questions. 10 x 3 =	30							
	(i)	ite short notes on any two of the following: Steps in forecasting system, (II) Features of management; (III) Types of failure in the context of lacement decisions	+ 5							
		ate the merits and demerits of scientific management theory. Explain contingency approach of inagement.	+ 4							
	Cor and on and									

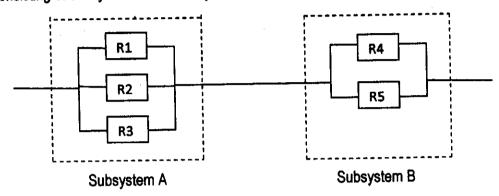
- (i) What do you understand by condition based monitoring maintenance? Describe the methodologies of this maintenance strategy. List any four distress-based metrics used to ascertain means and needs for such maintenance tasks.

 2 + 6 +
- 3. Answer any three questions.

 $18 \times 3 = 5$

(a) What do you understand by reliability? Provide a brief discussion on 'cost of unreliability'. What is 'maintainability'? How 'maintainability' is measured? Compute the reliability of the following system consisting of subsystem A and subsystem B:

2 + 5 + 2 + 3 +



Reliability of component 1 (R1) = 90%; likewise, R2 = 85%, R3 = 99%, R4 = 85%, and R5 = 90%

- (b) Describe the procedure of graphical method of solving a linear programming problem.

 What is a control chart? What are the causes of variation in a control chart? List the steps for constructing a control chart.

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- (c) The following table shows the activities of a network optimistic (a), most likely (m), and pessimistic (b) time estimates in number of weeks. Draw the project network and find the probability of the project completion in 1 weeks. A table of 'Standard Normal Probabilities for Z-scores' has been provided in Appendix 1.

Job	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
a	3	2	2	2	1	4	1
m	6	5	4	3	3	6	5
h	9	8	6	10	11	8	15
Predecessor	None	None	A	В	В	C, D	E

(d) Viswakarma Construction Company renovates old houses in Kolkata metropolitan area. Over time the company has found that its rupee volume of renovation work is dependent on the Kolkata metropolitan are payroll. Vishwakarma's VP (operations) has prepared the following table which lists company revenues a the amount of money earned by the wage earners in Kolkata metropolitan area during the past 6 years:

Vishwakarma's Sales i	2	3	2.5	2	2	3.5
Million Rupees						
Local Payroll in	1	3	4	2	1	7
Billion Rupees]					

If the local chamber of commerce predicts next year's total payroll of Kolkata metropolitan area to be Rs. billion, forecast Vishwakarma's sales for next year using regression analysis technique.

(e) Discuss in detail 'Management by Objectives'.

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m, + 2 + 3 +

= 90%

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rea to be Rs.

Table of Standard Normal Probabilities for Positive Z-scores

