

B.CIVIL ENGG. (EVENING) 2nd YEAR 1st SEM. SUPPLEMENTARY EXAM. 2017 (OLD)
SURVEYING – II (OLD)

Full Marks 100
(50 marks for each part)

Time: Three hours

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

Part-I:

Question no. 1 is compulsory
Answer any **two** from the rest
(Assume any data, if required, reasonably)

1. Write short notes on the following (any four): (4×5) = 20
- I. Relations between the fundamental axes to be a proper condition theodolite
 - II. Diaphragm of a theodolite telescope
 - III. Closing error adjustment of a traverse
 - IV. Least count of a theodolite
 - V. Gale's traverse table
 - VI. Measurement of horizontal angle by theodolite
 - VII. Fixed hair method of tacheometric survey

2.

Following are the lengths and bearings of the sides of a traverse ABCDE. The lengths of BC and CD are missing. Compute the lengths of BC and CD.

Line	Length in m	Bearing
AB	217.5	S 59° 45' E
BC	?	N 62° 30' E
CD	?	N 37° 36' W
DE	283.5	S 55° 18' W
EA	173.15	S 02° 40' W

3. Find the Hoz. length and gradient from A to B using the data given in the table.

Instrument at	Staff at	line	Bearing	Vertical angle	Cross hair readings
P	A	PA	85°	$-3^{\circ} 30'$	1.35, 2.10, 2.85
P	B	PB	143°	$2^{\circ} 45'$	1.955, 2.860, 3.765

The staff was held vertical in both cases. The constants of the instruments $K=100$, $C=0.1$.

4. The bearings of PQ and QR are $18^{\circ} 36'$ and $60^{\circ} 24'$, respectively. The coordinates of P and R are as follows (in meters).

Point	Northing	Easting
P	300.0	400.0
R	1432.8	1257.2

Compute the length PQ and QR.

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 (~~1st / 2nd Semester / Repeat /~~ Supplementary / Annual / Biannual)

SUBJECT: SURVEYING-II (OLD)
 (Name in full)

Full Marks: 100
 (50 marks for each part)

Time: ~~Two hours/Three hours/Four hours/Six hours~~

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

No. of Question	Part-II	Marks
	Answer Question-1 and 2 and any <i>Two</i> questions from the rest	
Q.1) A)	<p>Fill in the blanks with appropriate word(s):</p> <p>a) The distance between the mid-point of the long chord and the apex of a simple curve is called -----.</p> <p>b) A vertical curve of -----configuration is not usually considered for complicity of calculation.</p> <p>c) The angle between the original tangent and the tangent common to both transition and circular curve is called -----.</p> <p>d) The sounding stations are located by ----- for deep seas.</p> <p>e) The maximum superelevation recommended under normal condition for narrow gauge railway track is ----- mm.</p> <p>f) In tunnel survey short vertical depths are measured by -----.</p>	6*1=6
Q.1) B)	<p>State whether the under-mentioned statements are True or False with necessary justifications:</p> <p>a) Reverse curve is not suited for meandering path of hilly areas.</p> <p>b) Direct line method is recommended for locating the sounding stations when they are scattered over the water body.</p> <p>c) Weisbach triangle method is followed for transference of levels in the tunnel.</p>	3*2=6
Q.2)	<p>a) Establish the fundamental expression for computing the deflection angle for nth peg on a simple circular curve required for “Double Theodolite Method” of setting out of simple curve.</p>	7

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 (Name in full)

Time: ~~Two hours~~ / ~~Three hours~~ / ~~Four hours~~ / ~~Six hours~~

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 (50 marks for each part)

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No. of Question	Part-II	Marks
	b) Deduce the necessary expression for rear tangent length (T_r) of a reverse curve comprising two simple circular arc bending in opposite direction?	7
	c) What are the conditions to be satisfied by a transition curve when inserted at both ends of a circular curve?	4
Q.3)	Calculate the reduced levels (RLs) of various station pegs on a vertical curve connecting two uniform grades of (0.73%) and (-0.55%). The chainage and the reduced level at the point of intersection are 446m and 313.57m respectively. Consider the rate of change of grade as 0.1% per 30m.	10
Q.4)	An observer taking soundings from a boat (O) wished to locate his position and measured with a sextant the angles subtended at (O) by three points A, B and C on the shore. The length AB and BC were scaled from the map and found to be 227m and 239m respectively and the angle $\angle ABC$ was $122^\circ 36'$. The observed angles $\angle AOB$ and $\angle BOC$ were $38^\circ 45'$ and $39^\circ 25'$ respectively. What are the distances of (O) from A, B and C?	10
Q.5)	a) Describe the "Simm's Method" of transferring the surface centerline underground with the help of pertinent sketch.	5
	b) A vertical shaft was excavated and two plumb wires (A & B) were suspended into it at a distance of 3.693m. A theodolite was set up at C, within the tunnel, slightly off the line AB at a distance of 6.79m from the wire B. The angle ACB was found to be $2^\circ 40'$. Calculate the co-ordinates of the point C with respect to the line AB produced.	5