

B. Civil Engg. 2<sup>nd</sup> Year 1<sup>st</sup> Semester [Supplementary] ..... EXAMINATION, 2017

SUBJECT ..... Computer Programming-I.....

PAPER .....

Full Marks 100  
(50 marks for each part)

Time: Three hours

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

No. of Questions	PART I	Marks
	<b><u>Answer Q.1 and ANY FIVE questions from the rest</u></b>	
1.a)	Write the equivalent FORTRAN statements of the following arithmetic equations $i) Z = \frac{e^{x+yi}}{x+y} - \frac{e^{x-yi}}{x-y} \qquad ii) g = \sin(\log_{10}(p+q)) - \sin 60^\circ$	[4+2x3 = 10]
1.b)	Answer, in brief, the following questions: i) What do you mean by compiler? ii) What are the differences between the executable and non-executable statements? iii) Give examples of 'Arithmetic IF' and 'Computed GO TO' statement.	
2.	Write a FORTRAN programme to find out the real roots of a quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ . It should display the message if the roots are imaginary.	8
3.	Write a FORTRAN program to determine the 'arithmetic mean' and 'geometric mean' of $n$ real numbers $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$ having the frequencies $f_1, f_2, f_3, \dots, f_n$ .	8
4.	Write a FORTRAN programme to check whether a given integer is prime or not.	8
5.	Write a FORTRAN program to determine the 'directions of principal planes' and 'the principal moment of inertia' using the following expressions and find the maximum and minimum principal moment of inertia. $\theta_1 = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2I_{yz}}{I_{zz} - I_{yy}} \right) \text{ and } \theta_2 = \theta_1 + 90^\circ$ $I_{uu} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(I_{zz} + I_{yy}) - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(I_{zz} - I_{yy})\cos(2\theta) - I_{yz}\sin(2\theta)$ $I_{vv} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(I_{zz} + I_{yy}) + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(I_{zz} - I_{yy})\cos(2\theta) + I_{yz}\sin(2\theta)$	8
	<i>(Contd. to page 2)</i>	

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No. of Questions	PART I	M
	<p>(Contd. from page 1)</p> <p>6. Write a FORTRAN program to calculate the harmonic mean of all integers in the range 51 to 80 that are divisible by either 7 or 11.</p> <p>7. Write a sub-programme to calculate the factorial of an integer number. Using this, write a FORTRAN main-programme to calculate <math>nC_r</math> where <math>n</math> and <math>r</math> will be given by the user.</p> ${}^nC_r = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$ <p>8. Write a FORTRAN sub-programme that finds the largest and smallest elements from a one dimensional array. Using this subprogramme, write a FORTRAN programme to find the smallest element from the upper triangular part and largest element from the lower triangular part of a matrix of size 5x5.</p> <p>9. Write a FORTRAN subprogram to calculate the sum <math>S = a_1b_1 + a_2b_2 + \dots + a_nb_n</math>. Using this subprogram, write a FORTRAN programme to calculate the following quantity</p> $R = \frac{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \dots + x_n^2} \times \sqrt{y_1^2 + y_2^2 + \dots + y_n^2}}{\sqrt{x_1y_1 + x_2y_2 + \dots + x_ny_n}}$ <p>where <math>x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n</math> and <math>y_1, y_2, y_3, \dots, y_n</math> will be given by the user.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">=== END ===</p>	

B. C. E. 2<sup>ND</sup> YR 1<sup>ST</sup> SEMESTER SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION, 2017

## COMPUTER PROGRAMMING -I

Time 3 hours

Full marks 100

(50 Marks for each part)

Use separate answer scripts for each part

## Part- II

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

1. Conduct LU decomposition of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 1 \\ 5 & 1 & -3 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .
2. Solve the following equation by Cholesky decomposition

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -3 & 5 \\ -1 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 6 \\ 11 \\ 13 \end{Bmatrix}$$

3. Derive the Newton-Raphson scheme for one and two nonlinear equations.
4. Find a root of the equation  $x^3 + 2x - 2 = 0$  using Regula-Falsi method, correct up to three decimal places.
5. Given  $\dot{y} = y^2 - x^2$ , where  $y(0) = 2$ . Find  $y(0.1)$  and  $y(0.2)$  by second-order Runge-Kutta method.
6. Given  $\dot{y} = y^2 - x^2$ , with  $x = 0, y = 1$ . Find  $y(0.1)$  by fourth-order Runge-Kutta method.