BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING EXAMINATION, 2017

(2nd Year, 2nd Semester, Old)

MATHEMATICS IVB

Time : Three hours

Full Marks : 100

12

Answer any *five* questions

- 1. a) If a function f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y) is differentiable at a point z = x + iy prove that it satisfies Cauchy-Riemann equations. 10
 - b) Determine the analytic function f(z) = u + iv where

$$u(x,y) = x^{3} - 3xy^{2} + 3x^{2} - 3y^{2} + 1$$
10

2. a) If f(z) is a regular function of z, prove that

$$\left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}\right) |\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{z})|^2 = 4 |\mathbf{f}'(\mathbf{z})|^2$$
8

- b) State and prove Cauchy's integral formula.
- 3. a) Determine the residue at the singularities of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 2z}{(z+1)^2(z^2+1)}$$
8

b) Evaluate
$$\int_{C} \frac{zdz}{(z-1)(z-2)^2}$$
 where C is the circle 12

4. a) Evaluate the surface integral $\int_{C} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds$ where $\vec{F} = 2x^2z\vec{i} + y^2\vec{j} - 2yz\vec{k}$ and S is given by the surface of the unit cube x = 0, x = 1; y = 0, y = 1; z = 0, z = 1; also \vec{n} is the otward drawn unit normal.

b) If
$$\vec{F} = \text{grad} (x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$$
, then show that the vector is irrotational. 8

[Turn over

- 5. a) If f(t) of exponential order γ as $t \to \infty$ and is piecewise continuous over every finite interval $t \ge 0$, of then show that Laplace transform of f(t) exists for $s > \gamma$. 10
 - b) Solve by Laplace transform method :

$$f(t) = t + 2 \int_{0}^{t} f(u) \cos(t - u) du$$
 10

6. a) Find Fourier transform of f(x) defined by

$$f(x) \begin{cases} 1, & |x| \le a \\ 0, & |x| > a \end{cases}$$

and hence evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$$
 10

b) Using z-transform, solve

$$u_{n+2} + 4u_{n+1} + 3u_n = 3^n$$

with $u_0 = 0$, $u_1 = 1$. 10

- 7. a) Define covarient and contravarient tensors of order two. A covarient tensor has components xy, $2y z^2$, xz in rectangular co-ordinates. Find its covarient components is spherical co-ordinates. 12
 - b) Show that the Kronecker delta is a mixed tensor of order two. 8