Bachelor of Engineering in Mechanical Engineering Examination, 2019

(2nd Year, 1st Semester)

MATHEMATICS - III

Time: Three hours

Full Marks: 100

(50 marks for each Part)

Use a separate Answer-Script for each Part

Answer any five questions.

 $5 \times 10 = 50$

1. a) Show that the equation:

$$(e^{2y} - y\cos xy)dx + (2xe^{2y} - x\cos xy + 2y)dy = 0$$

is exact and find the general solution.

b) Solve:
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = x \cos x$$
 4+6

2. a) Find the series solution of the equation

$$(x^2+1)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x\frac{dy}{dx} - xy = 0 \text{ about the point } x = 0.$$

- b) Show that Pn(1) = 1.
- 3. a) Show that

$$\frac{d}{dx}[x^nJ_n(x)] = x^nJ_{n-1}(x)$$

[Turn over

- b) Solve: $(1+y^2)dx (\tan^{-1} y x)dy = 0$ 5+5
- 4. a) Solve: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} 5\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 8e^x$
 - b) Show that,

$$nP_n = xP'_n(x) - P_{n-1}(x)$$
 5+5

- 5. a) Solve: $x^3 \frac{d^3 y}{dx^3} + 2x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 2y = 10 \left(x + \frac{1}{x} \right)$ 5
 - b) Solve by method of variation of parameter

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \cos ecx$$

- 6. a) Eliminate arbitary constants from $z = (x a)^2 + (y b)^2$ to form the partial differential equation.
 - b) Solve: $y^2(x-y)p + x^2(y-x)q = z(x^2 + y^2)$ 4+6
- 7. Let u be harmonic function in the interior of a rectangle $0 \le x \le a$, $0 \le y \le b$ in the xy-plane satisfying Laplace's equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$

with u(0, y), u(a, y), u(x, b) = 0 and u(x, 0) = f(x),

Determine u. 10

b) Find the Fourier transform of $e^{-a|x|}$ and evaluate

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{(x^2 + a^2)^2} dx, \ a > 0.$$
 (2+3)+5

- 12. a) Define Laplace transformation and state its existence condition.
 - b) Find Laplace transform of $\int_0^t \frac{e^{-t} \sin t}{t} dt$. 5+5
- 13. a) Find $L^{-1} \left[\ln \frac{(s+1)}{(s-1)} \right]$.
 - b) Using Convolution theorem, find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{s(s^2 a^2)} \right]$. 5+5
- 14. a) Show that $Z[n^p] = -z \frac{d}{dz} \{Z[n^{p-1}]\}$, p being a positive integer.
 - b) If $Z[u_n] = U(z)$, show that

$$Z[u_{n-k}] = z^{-k}U(z), k > 0.$$
 6+4

15. a) Show that

$$Z[\cos n\theta] = \frac{z(z - \cos \theta)}{z^2 - 2z\cos \theta + 1}.$$

b) Find $Z[n \sin n\theta]$. 5+5

PART - II (50 Marks)

Answer any five questions.

9. a) Calculate the Fourier sine series of $f(x) = x(\pi - x)$ on $(0, \pi)$. Hence derive the value of the infinite series

$$1 - \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} - \frac{1}{7^2} + \cdots$$

b) Let h be a given number in the interval $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$. Find the

Fourier cosine series representation of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if} & x = 0, \\ \frac{2h - x}{2h} & \text{if} & 0 < x < 2h, \\ 0 & \text{if} & 2h < x < \pi, \end{cases}$$

where f is of period 2π .

5+5

- 10. a) Find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{x}{x^2 + a^2}$.
 - b) If $F_c[f(x)] = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}$, $\frac{\sin as}{s}$, a > 0, $s \ne 0$, then find f(x).

5+5

11. a) Write down Parseval's Identity for Fourier transforms. Find the Fourier transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2 - x^2, & |x| < a \\ 0, & |x| > a > 0. \end{cases}$$

8. A tightly stretched string with fixed end points x = 0 and x = l is initially at rest in its equilibrium position. If it is set vibrating by giving to each of its points a velocity ux(l-x), find the displacement of the string at any distance x from one end at any time t.