

**Masters of Mechanical & Automobile Engineering 1st Year 2nd
Semester Examination**

Subject: Control of Mechatronic Systems

Time : Three hours

Full Marks: 100

*Answer any **FOUR** questions.*

1. Why is a mechatronic system so called? Explain the role of its different subsystems including a controller with the help of a block diagram. Explain the term disturbance with reference to governing the turbine speed of a power plant and the control of temperature and pressure in a furnace. **4+15+6**
2. How does a servovalve differ from a proportional valve? Draw an EHAS with a dual-tandem cylinder. Why is it preferred in an aircraft? **5+15+5**
3. What is the basis of evolving a fuzzy control and what kind of uncertainty is dealt with by it? The Gaussian membership functions of the sum x of the nondimensional error e and its rate de/dt involve three sets, namely 1, 2 and 3, which have membership value of 1.0 respectively at -2.0, 0 and 2.0 and acquire membership value of 0.5 respectively at -3.0, 1.0 and 3.0. For the output variable u , the fuzzy sets are singleton membership value of 1.0 at -2, 0 and 2 for the subsets 1, 2, and 3 respectively. The rule base is: if x is i then u is i for $i=1$ to 3. Determine the output for e and de/dt respectively equal to 0.5 and -1.8. **5+20**
4. a) What are the roles of feedforward, P and I controls in a combined feedforward-PI controller design for a nonlinear system? **6**
 b) Find an expression for the feedforward command and the corresponding minimum recommended P and D gains for the nonlinear system

$$\ddot{x} + \alpha x = \alpha \dot{x} + k u^2 / (x_0 - x)^2$$
 with output $y = x$ and the command u . **9+10**
5. a) What are meant by 1-SMC and 2-SMC? What is the role of Routh coefficients in defining the sliding variable? **4+3**
 b) Consider a first order dynamic system $\dot{x} = u + d$, $u = \alpha \operatorname{sgn}(x)$, $|d| < C$ and $\alpha > C$ where x , u and d are the output error, input signal and the disturbance respectively. For an initial point on the positive side of the x -axis in the x - \dot{x} phase-plane, draw the system trajectory with proper explanations. Also determine the time to reach the sliding surface. **12+6**
6. With the help of an example, explain the method of selection of candidates in a subsequent generation during execution of genetic algorithm. What are the roles of crossover and mutation in such an algorithm? **17+8**