BACHELOR OF ARTS EXAMINATION 2017

Second Year Third Semester ENGLISH (HONOURS) Comedy

Time: Two hours

Full marks: 30

Answer any three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. What is meant by saying that the history of Athenian comedy can be divided into three periods: 'Old', 'Middle' and 'New'? Examine some of the problems associated with such a tripartite classification.
- 2. Discuss the structural framework of Aristophanic comedy with special emphasis on the 'parabasis'.
- 3. Examine how Dionysus' arrival at Hades after his encounters with Heracles and the Eleusinian Initiates can be used to chart the gradual progression and transformation of his identity in *Frogs*.
- 4. Plautus' skill in *Casina* lay in the violent restructuring of theromantic paradigm of Diphilus' *Klerumenoi* into a farcical aesthetic. Discuss.
- 5. How far is Jonson successful in uniting the separate sub-plots into a unified plot structure in *Bartholomew Fair?*
- 6. What is meant by the term 'revolution comedy'? Do you think Congreve's *TheWay of the World*can be classified as belonging to this category? Justify your answer.
- 7. Despite being bracketed as an anti-sentimental play, Sheridan's *TheSchool for Scandal* represents a sentimental reworking of many typical Restoration comedic traits. Examine the relevance of this statement.
- 8. Discuss how Wilde wishes to draw the attention of the audience towards the distinctions of appearance and reality, shallowness and depth through The *Importance of Being Earnest*.
- 9. Discuss patriarchal systems of control and reward as portrayed in *Arms and the Man*. Is Shaw's satire of them convincing? Give reasons for your answer.
- 10. 'In *The Birthday Party* Pinter arouses the audience's desire for verification and repeatedly disappoints that desire.' Discuss with textual evidence.