

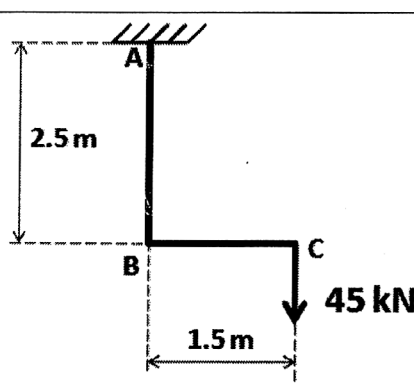
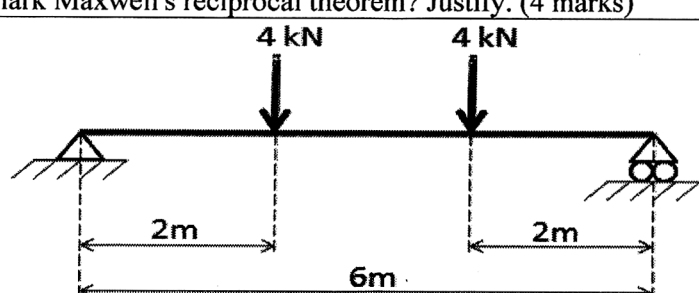
Name of the Examination: BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING (CIVIL ENGINEERING)

Subject : STRUCTURAL MECHANICS- II

Full Marks: 100

Instructions:

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| I | All notations represent their standard relevant meaning. |
| II | If you feel that any data or condition is/are missing in any question, please assume relevant inputs and mention the same. |

Sl No	Question	Marks
1	<div style="text-align: center;">  <p style="text-align: center;">Figure: 01 (No Scale)</p> </div> <p>Consider the system from <u>Figure: 01</u> and determine the vertical deflection (in mm) in the direction of loading at C using Elastic Strain Energy. The flexural rigidity (EI) of member AB and BC are respectively 3.6×10^{13} N-mm² and 1.8×10^{13} N-mm². (15 marks) For a system like above, how the complementary elastic strain energy relates to slope/deflection at any point? Explain by Castigliano's theorem. (5 marks)</p>	20
2	<p>Consider a cantilever beam of length L and flexural rigidity EI where a concentrated load P is acting vertically at free end. Find the slope and vertical deflection at mid-point of the beam using Double Integration Method. (8 marks) If load P is applied vertically at mid-point instead of free end, determine the slope and vertical deflection at free end of the beam using Moment area method. (8 marks) Can the relationships of force and displacement of the above two cases together be justified by Clark Maxwell's reciprocal theorem? Justify. (4 marks)</p>	20
3	<div style="text-align: center;">  <p style="text-align: center;">Figure: 02 (No Scale)</p> </div> <p>Consider the simply supported beam subjected to concentrated loads from <u>Figure:02</u> and determine slopes at supports and vertical deflection at mid point of the beam using Conjugate Beam Method. Consider the flexural rigidity (EI) of the member as 1.8×10^{13} N-mm².</p>	20

