- c) Draw the stereographic projections of the following point groups.
 - i) $\overline{3}$ ii) 3/m iii) $\overline{4}$
- d) Explain with a neat diagram how a third mutually perpendicular 2-fold axis is automatically generated when two 2-fold axes are placed perpendicular to each other. 2+1+4.5+2.5
- 5. a) Explain with a diagram how the operation of a two-fold screw axis (21) produces the invariance of a lattice point.
 - b) Draw the space-group diagrams of P1 and P1.
 Discuss how many inversion centers can exist in P1.
 - c) What is the asymmetric unit of a unit cell? Discuss the advantages with an example? 2+(3+3)+2

Ex/PG/SC/CBS/PHY/TH/403/2022

M. Sc. Physics Examination, 2022

(2nd Year, 2nd Semester)

X-RAYS AND CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (II)

PAPER - 403

Time : Two hours

Full Marks : 40

Answer any four questions.

- 1. a) What is 'phase problem' in crystallography?
 - b) How phase problem can be overcome? 6+4
- 2. a) How the atoms are located in a structure through Patterson method?
 - b) Why this method is not useful for lighter atoms?7+3
- 3. a) What do you mean by 'structure refinement'?
 - b) How the observed and calculated structures are assessed through the residual factors?
 - c) Why the anistropic refinement is needed for nonhydrogen atoms? 4+3+3
- 4. a) Explain what is the point group symmetry for crystals?
 - b) Which crystal system exhibits highest number of point groups?