Ex/SC/CHEM/UG/DSE/TH/01/2022(S)

B. Sc. Chemistry Examination, 2022

(3rd Year, 6th Semester, CBCS, Supplementary)

CHEMISTRY

PAPER - DSE/CHEM/TH/01

INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

Time : Two hours

Full Marks : 40

(20 marks for each unit)

Use a separate answer script for each unit.

UNIT – 6012-I

- Tick (✓) the more appropriate answer to the following statements.
- I. The Electromagnetic Radiation that causes deformation of Nucleus is
 - a) Visible radiation
 - b) Microwave radiation
 - c) Infra-Red Radiation
 - d) γ-Ray radiation
- II. Radiation Source in AAS is
 - a) Electrodeless Discharge Lamps
 - b) Tungsten Lamps
 - c) Vapor Discharge Lamps
 - d) Hollow Cathode Lamps

[Turn over

- III. The spectral origin in Atomic Spectra is
 - a) Atomic vibration of the volatile sample.
 - b) Valence electron promotion in molecule or ion
 - c) Dissociation of bonds in molecule
 - d) Electron promotion in the atomic energy states
- 2. Answer *any two* questions : 2×2
 - a) Explain with reasons for the origin of Atomic Absorption Spectra and its broadening.
 - b) Account on the interferences in ICP.
 - c) Discuss McLafferty Rearrangement in Mass Spectrometry.
- Define error in analytical chemistry and classify. How do you quantitatively analyze determinant errors?
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- 4. a) What is the basic principle of ESCA? How is it different from EPMA?
 - b) Derive the required relation involving magnetic flux density and angular momentum of nucleus assuming nucleus being a charge particle in spinning motion.
 - c) What is isotopic dilution method? Give an example. (1+2)+5+2
- 5. a) Mention one major reason why "chromatography" got introduced as an important analytical technique. How did it get its name? $1+\frac{1}{2}$

- b) What is the difference between normal phase and reversed phase liquid chromatography? What led to the development of reversed phase liquid chromatography?
- c) What is the basis for the separation of stereoisomers using chiral chromatography? What is a major drawback of chiral bonded stationary phases in the above chromatography? $1\frac{1}{2}+1$
- d) Discuss the role of the ionization chamber and ion collector in mass spectrometry. 1+1
- e) It is said that mass spectrometry besides having other utilities, establishes relative abundance of different isotopes of an element Explain.
- 6. a) What are the methods to improve signal to noise (S/N) ratio of a UV-V is spectrometer? 2
 - b) Write a short notes (*any one*): 3
 - i) Prism monochromator,
 - ii) Michaelson Interferometer,
 - iii) Photomultiplier tube (PMT) detector
 - c) What are the advantages of FT-IR spectrometer over dispersive IR spectrometer? 2
 - d) Draw a schematic diagram of the double beam UV-V is spectrometer with clear depiction of the optical components.
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