Ex/SC/CHEM/UG/DSE/TH/02/2022(S)

B. Sc. Chemistry Examination, 2022

(3rd Year, 6th Semester, CBCS, Supplementary)

CHEMISTRY

PAPER - DSE/CHEM/TH/02

GREEN CHEMISTRY - I + GREEN CHEMISTRY - II

Time: Two hours Full Marks: 40

(20 marks for each unit)

Use a separate answer script for each unit.

UNIT - 6021-O

Answer must be brief and to-the-point.

- 1. a) Elaborate *any one* of the "Twelve Principles of Green Chemistry" with specific example. 4
 - b) What is meant by Pictogram? Mention its importance. 2+2
 - c) One mole of *p*-phenylenediamine (1, 4-diaminobenzene), on grinding with two moles of *p*-hydroxybenzaldehyde in the absence of any solvent and catalyst, produces *bis*-imine with 95% yield. Calculate the atom economy of this process and comment on its greenness. 2+2
 - d) Draw the phase diagram of carbon dioxide and indicate the region for supercritical carbon dioxide.
 Also highlight the green context of supercritical carbon dioxide.

[Turn over

e) Mention one example of water-soluble radical initiator along with its application in an organic transformation in aqueous medium with mechanistic details.

1+3

UNIT - 6022-O

- 2. a) What is the basic difference between 'on water' and 'in water' organic reactions? Which one is usually faster and why? $1\frac{1}{2}$
 - b) What is antifoulant? Write the structure of a green antifoulant. What was the earlier used organometallic antifoulant? Discuss any two (at least one on risk factor) of each in terms of demerits of the non-green one and the merits of the green one.

c) Outline the biological synthesis of adipic acid from D-glucose. $2\frac{1}{2}$

3

d) Write the structure(s) of the product(s) depicting mechanism and mentioning major/minor in relavant case. $2 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$

- 3. a) Define the following terms associated to the mechanism of MW interaction with the substances:

 i) Subsectors ii) Hot spots 1+1
 - b) Why is microwave-assisted chemical transformation a non-ionizing process?
 - c) Give an example of surfactant for super critical carbon dioxide (scCO₂).
 - d) What do you mean by interesterification of fats or oils? How does interesterification of triglycerides take place in chemical method?
 - e) How does 'cavitation theory' explain the acceleration of metal mediated reaction under the sonochemical reaction condition?
 - f) What do you mean by 'Elutriation'?