MASTER OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION EXAMINATION, 2022

(2nd Year, 4th Semester)

Psychology and Sociology of Sports Paper - MPCC - 402

Time: Three hours Full Marks: 70

Answer any three questions from the following.

15 X 3=45

- 1. What is meant by Sports Psychology? Explain the importance of Sports Psychology with the example from the situations of Physical Education.

 5+10=15
- 2. What is meant by Motor Learning? Explain the basic considerations of two Motor Learning theories with example. 3+12=15
- 3. Define aggression. Discuss different types of aggression. Explain the influence of aggression on sports performance. 3+6+6=15
- 4. Define Group. Explain the different types of Group. What is meant by Group Cohesion?

2+6+6=15

5. What is meant by Sports Sociology? Explain the scope and importance of Sports Sociology.

5+10=15

Group - B

Explain any two questions from the following.

7.5 X 2=15

- 6. Anxiety and Sports performance.
- 7. Gender inequalities in Sports.
- 8. Sports as a Social Institution.
- 9. Leadership and Sports.

[Turn over

Group - C					
10. Choosing the right option, answer <i>any ten</i> questions from the following. 7.5 X 2=	15				
i) The simplest form of cognition is:					
a) Conception b) Perception c) Sensation d) Affection.					
ii) is an intrinsic motivator.					
a) Pay b) Promotion c) Feedback d) Interest of play.					
iii) Achievement motivation relates to:					
a) Need of the person b) Knowledge of the person					
c) Experience of the person d) Aptitude of the person.					
iv) A person, motivated by the enjoyment of performing a task is high in:					
a) Self-esteem b) Need for achievement c) Extrinsic motivation d) Intrinsic motivation					
v) An internal state or condition that activates and gives direction to thoughts is called:					
a) Motivation b) Emotion c) Aggression d) None					
).					
vi) The underlying motivation for acts of aggression is:					
a) Intent to harm b) Anger c) Retaliation d) Need to exert control					
vii) is regarded as the father of Sociology					
a) Comte b) Durkheim c) Spencer d) Cooley					
viii) 'Man is a social animal', postulated by:					
a) Comte b) Aristotle c) Plato d) Karl Marx					
ix) is a socially defined position in a group and/or society.					
a) Role b) Interaction c) Status d) Deviance					

x) denotes the functional significance of the actor for the social system.				
a) Status	b) Action	c) Mores	d) Role	
xi) A	may be defined as	s a plurality of individuals w	ho are in contact with one another	
a) Group	b) Institution	c) Social structure	d) Society	
xii) A social g	group is	in nature.		
a) Static	b) Dynamic	c) Spontaneous	d) Co-operative	