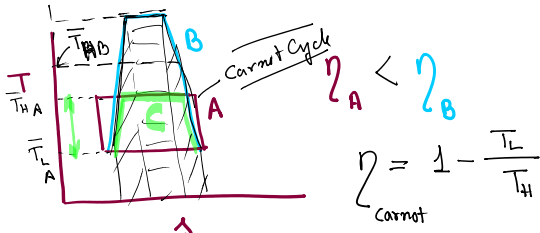


$\bar{T}_{Hb} > \bar{T}_{HA}$
 $\eta_b > \eta_a$



$\eta_c < \eta_a$

For any cycle, $\eta = 1 - \frac{\bar{T}_L}{\bar{T}_H}$

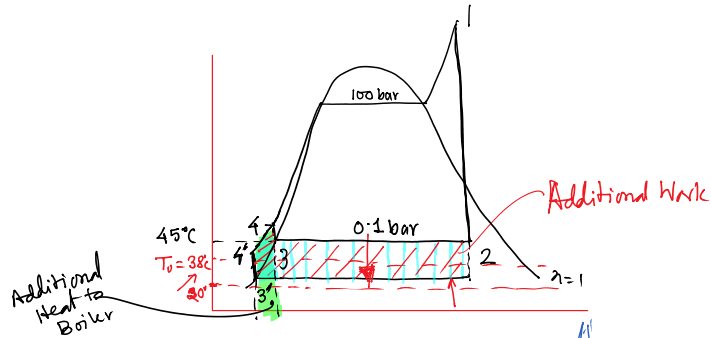
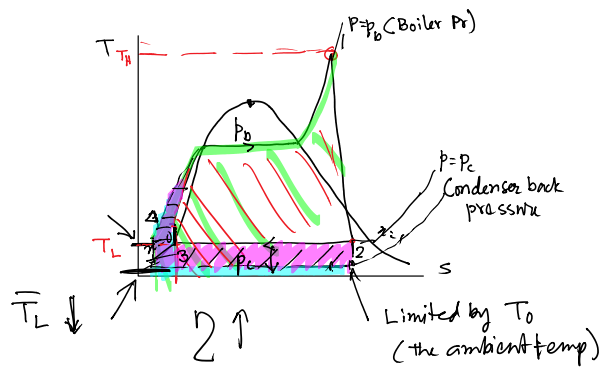
\bar{T}_L = Average temp. of Heat Rejection
 \bar{T}_H = Average temp. of Heat addition

How to increase η_R ?

By increasing \bar{T}_H

By decreasing \bar{T}_L

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{\bar{T}_L}{\bar{T}_H}$$



increase \bar{T}_H

- By increasing T_{max}
- " " P_b

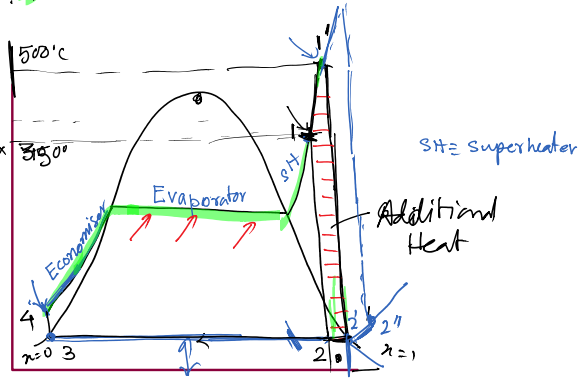
Effect of increased T_{max}

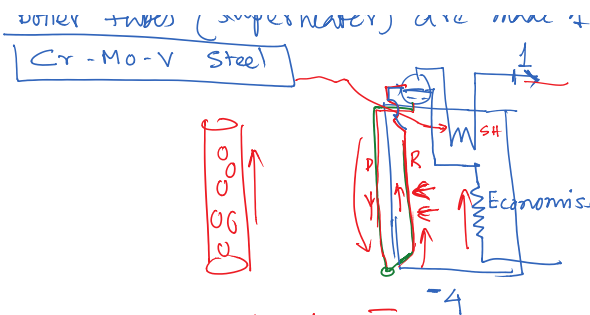
- Heat added increases
- Work done increases
- \bar{T}_H increases
- \bar{T}_L remains the same (as long as point 2' is in the wet region)

$\Rightarrow \eta_R \uparrow$ as T_{max} increases

T_{max} can increase ONLY up to t_{cr}

Boiler tubes (superheater) are made of Cr-Mo-V Steel

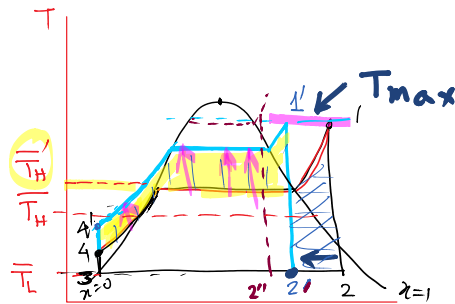




Another way of increasing the \bar{T}_H

To increase the boiler pr.

- if $p_b \uparrow$,
- 1) $\bar{T}_H \uparrow$
 - 2) $\eta \uparrow \leftarrow$
 - 3) $W_{net} = ?$, $Q_{add} =$

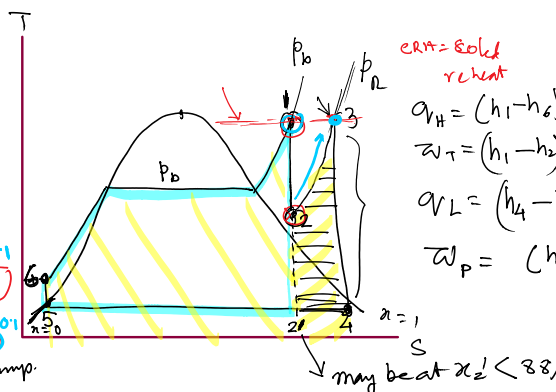
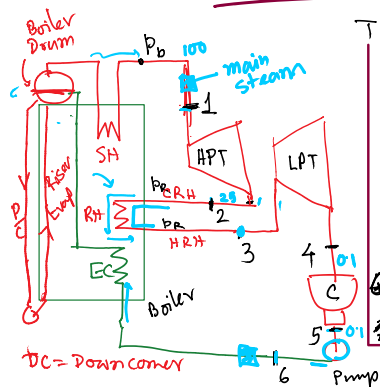


For Rankine Cycles $\eta \uparrow$ is achieved by increasing T_{max} (limited by the metallurgical limit) & increasing the p_b

With increasing p_r , x at turbine exit goes down

To ameliorate (reduce) this problem

Reheating of steam



CRH = Cold reheat

$$Q_H = (h_1 - h_6) + (h_3 - h_6)$$

$$W_T = (h_1 - h_2) + (h_3 - h_4)$$

$$Q_L = (h_4 - h_5)$$

$$W_P = (h_6 - h_5) = v_f (p_b - p_c)$$

Heat added = Heat added in Economiser, Evaporator & Superheater $\{ = (h_1 - h_6) \}$
 + Heat Added in the R/H

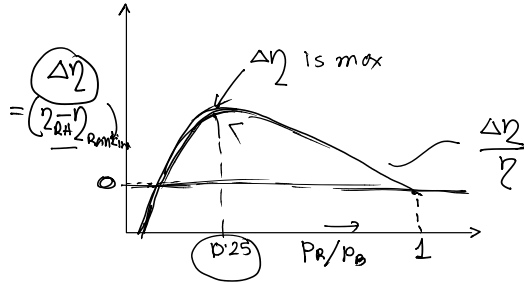
Effect of Reheating: $\{ = (h_3 - h_2) \}$

- 1) Heat Added increases
- 2) Specific work output increases
- 3) $\eta = ?$

$p_b = 100 \text{ bar}$

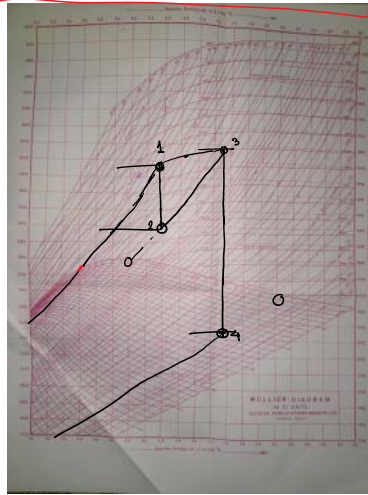
$p_c = 0.1 \text{ bar}$

$p_R \approx 25 \text{ bar}$



HW: Find the η , SSC, r_d & η_{II} of the R/H cycle for $p_b = 100 \text{ bar}$, $T_{max} = 500^\circ\text{C}$ & $p_c = 0.1 \text{ bar}$
 Assume $p_R/p_b = 0.25$

- $h_1 = \checkmark$
- $h_2 =$
- $h_3 =$
- $h_4 =$
- $h_5 = \checkmark$
- $h_6 = \checkmark$



Primary purpose of RH is to improve the dryness fraction of steam at the turbine exit

Supercritical vapor cycle

