

MASTER OF ARTS EXAMINATION, 2018

(1st Year, 1st Semester, Old Syllabus)

ECONOMICS**MATHEMATICAL ECONOMICS**

Time : Two hours

Full Marks : 30

Answer any three questions

1. Maximize $\int_0^T [K - \alpha K^2 - I^2] dt \quad \alpha > 0$

s.t. $\frac{dK}{dt} = I - \delta K \quad \delta > 0$

$K(0) = K_0$, given

$K(T)$ free.

10

2. What do you mean by transversality condition in the context of optimum control problem? Show that transversality conditions essentially depend on the endpoint conditions on state variable. 2+8

3. The Forster's model on antipollution policy gives us the following optimal control problem:

$$\text{Max} \int_0^T U[C(E), P] dt,$$

Where $U_C > 0, U_P < 0$

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$$U_{CC} < 0, \quad U_{PP} < 0$$

$$C' > 0, C'' < 0$$

S.t. $\dot{P} = \alpha E - \beta A - \delta P$ α, β, δ are all positive.

$$\dot{S} = -A - E$$

Where ,

$$P(0) = P_0 > 0, \quad P(T) \geq 0 \text{ free (T given),}$$

$$S(0) = S_0, \quad S(T) \geq 0 \text{ free}$$

$$\text{and } E \geq 0, \quad 0 \leq A \leq \hat{A}$$

Using the information given, show that while E has an interior solution , A has a boundary solution in the optimum. Discuss the economic meaning of anti-pollution policy in this context. 10

4. We wish to move from the initial point (0,8) in the t-y plane to achieve the terminal state value $y(T)=0$ as soon as possible. Formulate and solve the problem, assuming that $\frac{dy}{dt} = 2u$ and the control set is the closed interval [-1,1]. 10
5. Give the economic meaning of different parts of optimum control problem. 10