- (b) What is disseminated ore? Discuss the steps and types of mining processes to be applied in sequence for a deposit, where a gossan is successively underlain by supergene enrichment and deep seated vein.

 1+4
- (c) What is 'box cut operation'? How does 'stripping ratio' affect the life span of an open cast mine? Discuss in brief.
- (d) What is 'sublevel caving'? Discuss the geological criteria for the 'caving mining method' used for an ore body.

 2+3
- (e) What is overburden ratio? How are the 'total production cost (C_p) ' per unit volume of the pit limit and 'total operation cost (C_o) ' of the pit limit related to one another?
- (f) Explain the importance of 'isocpach map' in underground mining? Discuss the significance of geohydrological information for underground and open pit mining?

 2+3

____X ____

MASTER OF SCIENCE EXAMINATION, 2019 (2nd Year, 1st Semester) APPLIED GEOLOGY

Geochemical Exploration, Drilling Methods, Min. Benefic. & Mining

Paper: - XII

Time: Two hours Full Marks: 50

Use a separate answer script for each group.

GROUP - A (10 marks)

(Geochemical Exploration)

1. Answer any *two* questions :

2x5=10

- (a) What do you understand by dispersion halo? Using necessary sketches briefly discuss the common mechanism of formation of primary dispersion halo in deep-seated environment. What is the significance of dispersion halo in geochemica exploration? 1+3+1
- (b) Briefly discuss the sampling method and sample treatment in stream sediment survey. What are the advantages and disadvantages of stream sediment survey?

(c) What is the fundamental difference between biogeochemical and geobotanical exploration? Discuss the sampling methods for biogeochemical exploration. 2+3

GROUP - B (10 marks)

(Drilling Methods)

2. Answer any *two* questions:

2x5

- (a) Discuss the working principle of 'pneumatic hammer'? What are the prime uses of the major types of percussion drills?
- (b) What are the prime advantages of the wire-line drilling method? Discuss how a deep fault zone may be treated during wire-line rotary drill. 2+3
- (c) Discuss the geological condition, where 'reich drilling' is generally used for tunnelling. Distinguish between 'rachet-pawl motion' and 'reciprocating motion'. 2+3
- (d) What is core loss? Explain how injected bentonite clay circulates through single and double tube core barrel.

(3) **GROUP - C** (10 marks)

(Mineral Beneficiation)

3. Answer any *two* questions :

2x5 = 10

- (a) What is comminution? What are the objectives of comminution? Briefly describe autogenous mill and pebble mill. 1+1+3
- (b) What is the working principle of drum magnetic separator and cross-belt magnetic separator? Using necessary sketch explain how ferromagnetic and diamagnetic materials are separated by front feed, top feed and under feed process in drum magnetic separator.

 2+3
- (c) Describe the mechanism of separating heavier minerals from lighter minerals by 'Chance cone' separator and Jigging. Use necessary sketch. What do you understand by 200 #(mesh) and +200# grain size?

GROUP - D (20 marks)

(Mining)

4. Answer any *four* questions :

4x5 = 20

(a) What are the major disadvantages of open cast mining? Discuss the different major stages of operations for the complete cycle of open cast mining.

2+3

(Turn over)