M. Sc. Chemistry Examination, 2019

(4th Semester)

ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY SPECIAL

PAPER - XIV-A

Time: Two hours Full Marks: 50

(25 marks for each unit)

Use a separate answerscript for each unit.

UNIT - A - 4141

- 1. Answer *any four* questions:
 - a) What is the effect of pH in the absorption spectra of tyrosine?
 - b) Define intrinsic and extrinsic chromophores. Give examples. 2+1
 - c) Derive Stern-Volmer relationship.

d) Define different types of external quenching. What is the effect of viscosity on external quenching? 1+2

e) What do you mean by resonance energy transfer? Using this concept how will you measure distance in proteins?

2+1

3

2. a) Write a short note on analytical Ultracentrifugation.

[Turn over

[7]

- 7. Describe the principle of hydride generation technique for the estimation of As.
- 8. Describe the principle of ICPAES. What is ICP Torch?
- 9. a) GFAAS method is perferred over Flame AAS in analysis—comment.
- b) Write down the principle of room temperature AAS technique for the estimation of Hg.

b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and Agarose gel electrophoresis?

5

c) The separated DNA species in the gel may be made visible to the human eye by ethidium bromide staining.

141 - A - 4142

Answer any five questions.

 $\varsigma z = \varsigma \times \varsigma$

- 3. Discuss what happens when a liquid sample (MX) is aspirated to the flame in AAS. What are the differences between pre-mix and total consumption type of nebulizers?
 4. Name the various types of interferences in Flame AAS.
- Discuss about any two of the interferences.

 5. Write the principle of hollow cathode lamp (HCL) and electrodeless discharge lamp (EDL). Explain why and when
- 6. Write short note on any one of the following

EDL lamp is used in AAS.

Explain in brief.

- i) Graphite furnace atomic absorption spectroscopy (GF AAS)
- ii) Standard addition method in AAS