Ex/M.Sc/CH/3/I3111/12/2019

M. Sc. Chemistry Examination, 2019

(3rd Semester)

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY SPECIAL

PAPER XI - I

Time: Two hours Full Marks: 50

(25 marks for each unit)

Use a separate answerscript for each unit.

UNIT - I - 3111

- 1. Answer *any five* from the following: 1×5
 - i) How DTG of a sample give more information than TG?
 - ii) Why a standard sample is necessary in DTA experiments?
 - iii) What types of furnaces are utilized for the construction of the thermal instruments?
 - iv) How the compositions of the crucibles affect the results of TGA?
 - v) How can you measure the Δ H of TNT by using a simple DTA/DSC instrument?
 - vi) How dynamic thermogravimetric analysis differ from isothermal thermogravimetric analysis?

[Turn over

- 2. How the crystalline water and coordinated water are distinguished from TGA? Give the TGA plot of "Blue vitriol" from ambient to 300°C and comment on the different types of water molecules present in their structure. How DTA can add more information to the same experiment? 1+3+1
- 3. What is the working principle of DTA? Mention how the DTA can be used to measure the Δ H of a reaction? What are the advantages of determining Δ H by DTA over classical calorimetric method? 2+1+2
- 4. What is automatic thermogravimetry? Describe it with the example of CaCO₃ and SrCO₃. Does the mixture of Ca(ClO₄)₂ and Sr(ClO₄)₂ can be estimated by automatic thermogravimetry?

 3+1+1
- 5. What is thermometric titration? How do you estimate Ca(II) in such titration using EDTA? Give a line diagram of the DTA instrument mentioning all the components. 1+2+2

UNIT - I - 3112

- 6. What type of X-ray is needed for single crystal X-ray diffraction studies? Answer with explanation.
- 7. (a) What is meant by a crystallographic point group? 2
 - (b) State the meaning, and draw stereographic projection, of *any three* of the following: $1\frac{1}{2}\times 3$
 - i) 2mm ii) 32 iii) $\frac{1}{4}$ iv) $\frac{1}{62}$ m v) 23

- 8. Write short notes on **any three** of the following:
 - (i) isogonal symmetry group
 - (ii) diagonal glide
 - (iii) Bravais lattice
 - (iv) 2₁ screw axis
- 9. Write are Miller indices? Draw the following planes: 2+2
 - i) (102)
 - b) (211)
- 10. A compound with molecular weight 868 is found to crystallize in monoclinic space group (P2₁/c), which has the following parameters:

$$a = 9.718 \stackrel{0}{A}$$
, $b = 17.469 \stackrel{0}{A}$, $c = 23.109 \stackrel{0}{A}$, $\beta = 91.864^{0}$, and $z = 4$.

Find out the density of the crystal in gm/cm³.